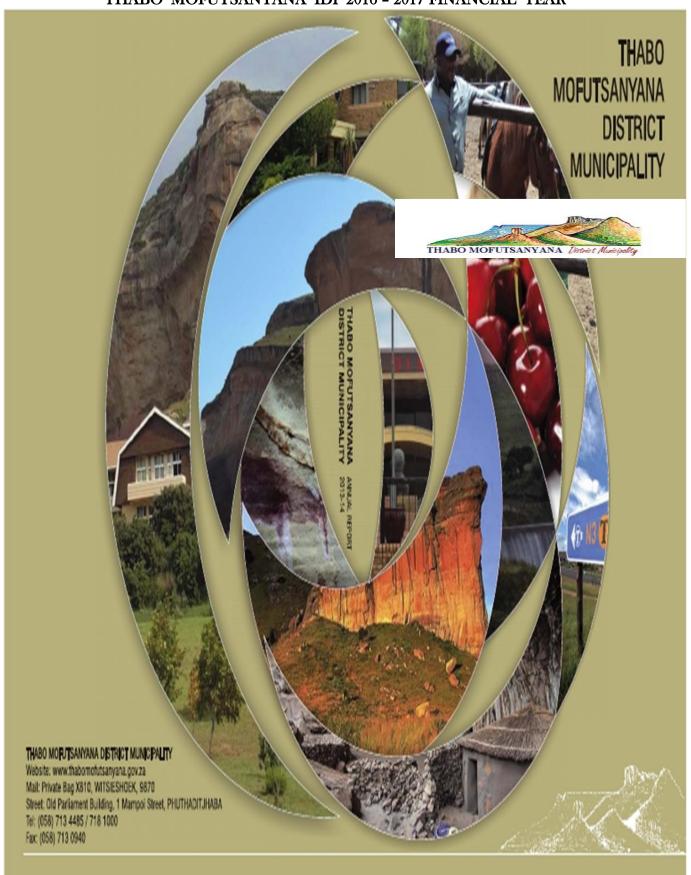
THABO MOFUTSANYANA IDP 2016 - 2017 FINANCIAL YEAR





THABO MOFUTSANANYANA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY OFFICES. OLD PARLIAMENT BUILDING.

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IDP 2016-17

PART ONE

IDP 2016/17

PERIOD: JULY 2016 TO JUNE 2017

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

VISION

To create integrated, self-reliant and sustainable communities throughout the Thabo Mofutsanyana highlands, with financially viable, participative and developmental local municipalities.

MISSION

Continuously improving and developing living conditions of our communities by providing efficient and effective bulk services and create a conducive environment for business opportunities and job creation.

CORE VALUES

- > Transparency
- Commitment
- Cooperation
- Openness and consultation
- Responsiveness
- Effective communication
- Corporate governance
- Social responsibility
- > Service delivery in line with Batho Pele Principles :
- ➤ High level of professionalism , integrity and objectivity

MUNICIPAL PRIORITIES

Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality has adopted Strategic Objectives that will support its programmes to meet the 2012-2016 government priorities. These key priorities are as follow:

- Sustainable infrastructures
- Local Economic Development, Job creation and Tourism
- Agriculture and Rural Development
- Social Development, Sports, Arts and Culture
- Good Governance and Community Participation
- Financial viability

FOREWORD BY THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR

INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2016/2017

It is of great privilege and honour to present the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for the financial year 2016/2017 for Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality. This plan sets out clearly the development direction that the municipality will follow over the next financial year. It is detailed account of what municipality wants to achieve in meeting the needs of the communities and to offer support of the local municipalities within its jurisdiction.

This plan is a collaborative effort with our communities, local municipalities, sector departments and other stakeholders such as non-governmental organisations and other specialised groups such as the youth, women, children and people living with disabilities.

In compiling this document we undertook roadshows and public hearings to solicit inputs and comments from communities and other stakeholders. We were also guided by the Back to Basics approach in putting people first and ensuring constant contact with them through effective public participation platforms.

This district IDP has been designed to meet and carry out the priorities of the Local Government Manifesto by which we have committed ourselves to:

- Build local economy to create more employment and sustainable livelihoods,
- Improve local public services and broaden access to them
- Build more united, non-racial, integrated and safer communities
- Promote more active community participation in local government
- Ensure more effective, accountable and clean local government that works together with national and provincial government.

The priorities of Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality contained in this plan are:

- Sustainable infrastructure
- Local Economic Development, Job Creation and Tourism
- Agriculture and rural development
- Social development, sports, arts and culture
- Good governance and community participation
- Financial viability

In order to meet these priorities the municipality has already embarked on some of the projects while others will be implement at the start of the financial year. The programmes that are already underway include the development of the Rural Road Assets Management Systems (RRAMS). The strategic goal of RRAMS is to ensure efficient and effective investments in rural roads and the collection of associated road and bridge inventory data, condition assessments and traffic information. Improved data on rural roads will guide infrastructure investment, improve accessibility to and mobility of rural communities.

The expanded public works programme is one of our key programmes in addressing the challenge of unemployment and thus remain part of the projects of our municipality.

Other projects that will be undertaken will be in dealing with issues of tourism development, disaster management, improvement of health of all communities, agricultural and rural development, support to the emerging farmers, environmental management and care, development of local economic, support to the SMMEs, funding to the needy students, youth development, and arts and sports development.

Notwithstanding challenges of limited financial resources faced by not only our district municipality but our country and the global world in general, we are determined and committed to intensify our activities, services, projects and programmes in order to meet the needs of our people.

Political & Administrative Governance Introduction to Governance

In line with Chapter 7 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Thabo Mofutsanyana district Municipality's executive and legislative authority is vested in its Municipal Council. In carrying out its mandate, to govern on its own initiative, the municipality must ensure consistent compliance with applicable national and provincial legislations. The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa specifically section 152 (ss. 1) enjoins and vest the following developmental mandates on municipalities. These are;

- To provide democratic and accountable government for the local communities.
- To ensure provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner.
- Promote social and economic development.
- To promote safe and healthy environment for local communities and,
- To encourage public and community participation in matters of local government.

Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality has both political as well as administrative structures. The political structure consists of the entire municipal Council, the Executive Mayor, the Speaker and the Mayco. The administrative structure in turn is embodiment of all municipal employees, with the Municipal Manager serving the Apex of administration. The senior management consists of three section 56 managers appointed on fixed contractual agreement, who also serve as heads of departments in the municipality.

Political Governance

1. Municipal Council

The municipal council of Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality is the highest decision making body in the area of jurisdiction of this municipality. The council consists of 17 councillors affiliated to different political parties. The mayor and the speaker also form part of this council and are full time political office bearers.

2. Mayco

The mayco members are appointed by the council and serve as political heads for some of section 79 committees. Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality has a Plenary Executive System, this means that the executive leadership of the municipality is vested with the council as a collective, and as a result, the executive authority the municipality is exercised through the council. The Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality's Mayco consisted of the following members as at the end of the period under review.

3. Section 79 Committees

The municipality had five section 79 committees during the period under review. These committees are responsible for implementation of specific committee related programmes.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT IS EVERYONE'S BUSINESS...... BE PART OF IT.





Location



Thabo Mofutsanyana District forms the north eastern part of the Free State Province and is one of four district municipalities in the Free State.

It is bordered by all of the other district municipalities of the province namely, Lejweleputswa District in the west, Fezile Dabi District in the north and Xhariep District in the south, as well as the Mangaung Metro in the southwest. Other borders are with the Kingdom of Lesotho in the south east, Kwa-Zulu Natal Province in the east and Mpumalanga Province in the north east.

Topographically the district is bordered for most of its eastern border by the Maluti and Drakensberg mountains. Hydrologically the district is located between the Vaal River to the north, and Orange river to the south, with rivers within the district draining towards these rivers.

Demographic profile of the community

Thabo Mofutsanyana consists of six local municipal areas, with Setsoto forming the south western section, Dihlabeng the south middle section, Nketoana the north middle section, Maluti a Phofung the south eastern section and Phumelela the north eastern section of the district. The district includes the former homelands of QwaQwa.

The table below identifies twenty six urban centres for the Thabo Mofutsanyana District, grouped per its respective local municipality:

Urban centers located within Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality

Mantsopa	Setsoto	Dihlabeng	Nketoana	Maluti A Phofung	Phumelela
Hobhouse	Clocolan	Rosendal	Lindley	Kestel	Vrede
Ladybrand	Ficksburg	Paul Roux	Arlington	Harismith	Warden
Excelsior	Marquard	Fouriesburg	Petrus styn	Qwa-Qwa	Memel
Thaba	Senekal	Clarens	Reitz	Tshiame	
Patchoa		Bethleheme			

Bethlehem, Ficksburg, Harrismith, Vrede, Memel, Phuthaditjhaba, Senekal, Reitz and Ladybrand constitute the main economic centres within the district. The above identified urban centres also serve the surrounding rural areas.

Thabo-Mofutsanyana district municipality enjoys high levels of connectivity to other districts, provinces within South Africa, as well as to airports and harbours.

The N3 that links the Gauteng Province with the Kwazulu Natal Province, passes Warden and Harrismith in the north eastern part of the district. The N1 road borders the west of the district for a small section within Setsoto local municipality. The N5 road traverses the central part of the district from west to east, linking the N1 (at Winburg in Lejwelepurtswa district) with Harrismith via Senekal, Paul Roux, Bethlehem and Kestell. The R26/R711/R712 primary roads also constitute a major roadlink on the eastern border of the district linking Hobhouse, Ladybrand, Clocolan, Ficksburg, Fouriesburg, Clarens, Phuthaditjhaba with Harrismith. Ladybrand links the district with the N8 route, which links Kimberley with Lesotho via Bloemfontein.

Airfields are located in a number of towns throughout the districts, namely Ladybrand, Ficksburg, Bethlehem, Harrismith and Vrede.

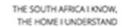
Railway connections within and to the outside of the district are well established. In this regard, Harrismith provides an important link with the rail line between Gauteng and Kwazulu Natal. In this regard, the interprovincial rail freight arterial line (electric single railway track) from Kroonstad to Ladysmith via Betlehem and Harrismith has reference. The Bloemfontein to Bethlehem via Ficksburg secondary main line (single track and diesel operated) is another major rail freight arterial line servicing the district. Branch lines located in the district include Heilbron - Arlington, Standerton (Mphumalanga) - Vrede, Arlington - Marquard, Betlehem - Balfour North (Mphumalanga) via Reitz, Harrismith - Warden.

Border posts at Ladybrand, Ficksburg, Fouriesburg and Phuthadijhaba connects the district with the Kingdom of Lesotho.

Land use in the district is primarily agricultural in nature. The district is also an important tourism destination due to spectacular scenic beauty of the Drakensberg and Maluti mountain ranges, as well as the Golden Gate Highlands National Park. Thabo Mofutsanyana is well known for several tourists' attractions and destinations and also features a variety of annual festivals.

Thabo Mofutsanyana Local Municipality Boundaries







DEMOGRAPHICS

Space-Time Research							
Household Services - Census 1	996-2011						
Table 1 Summation Options (Calculat Boundaries	cions), Census Year	and Type	of main dwel	ling (grouped	l) by South A	frica by 201	1 Municipal
	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Household weighted							
1996							
Formal dwelling	93075	12585	16285	7270	45014	5017	6904
Traditional dwelling	42519	4966	4023	2871	25468	3130	2061
Informal dwelling	31040	8310	4965	4447	9601	1552	2167
Other	764	166	50	14	228	19	287
2001							
Formal dwelling	120085	15321	20955	8586	58928	6875	9420
Traditional dwelling	34186	4023	4007	2400	19301	2788	1667
Informal dwelling	42353	13357	8095	3894	11917	2443	2648
Other	395	45	59	25	203	26	37
2011							
Formal dwelling	168378	23646	29599	12735	80585	9407	12406

Traditional dwelling	14858	911	1897	655	9676	1269	450
Informal dwelling	33258	8954	6904	3879	9159	2136	2226
Other	1390	176	192	50	808	77	87
Total							
Formal dwelling	381538	51552	66839	28590	184526	21299	28731
Traditional dwelling	91564	9900	9927	5926	54445	7186	4179
Informal dwelling	106651	30621	19964	12219	30677	6130	7040
Other	2548	387	301	89	1240	121	411
% of Household weighted							
1996							
Formal dwelling	24.4	24.4	24.4	25.4	24.4	23.6	24.0
Traditional dwelling	46.4	50.2	40.5	48.5	46.8	43.6	49.3
Informal dwelling	29.1	27.1	24.9	36.4	31.3	25.3	30.8
Other	30.0	42.9	16.5	15.9	18.4	15.3	69.8
2001							
Formal dwelling	31.5	29.7	31.4	30.0	31.9	32.3	32.8
Traditional dwelling	37.3	40.6	40.4	40.5	35.5	38.8	39.9
Informal dwelling	39.7	43.6	40.5	31.9	38.8	39.8	37.6
Other	15.5	11.6	19.6	27.9	16.4	21.2	9.0
2011							
Formal dwelling	44.1	45.9	44.3	44.5	43.7	44.2	43.2
Traditional dwelling	16.2	9.2	19.1	11.1	17.8	17.7	10.8
Informal dwelling	31.2	29.2	34.6	31.7	29.9	34.8	31.6
Other	54.6	45.5	63.9	56.2	65.2	63.4	21.2
Total							
Formal dwelling	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Traditional dwelling	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Informal dwelling	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Other	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research

Descriptive - Census 1996-2011

Table 1

Summation Options (Calculations), Census Year and Education level (grouped) by South Africa by 2011 Municipal Boundaries

for 5 + years

	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Person weighted	1		1	I			
1996							
No schooling	142234	20362	18609	14627	69873	10980	7783
Some primary	198903	33662	28065	19822	87009	15408	14937
Complete primary	53812	9525	7576	4537	24468	3179	4527
Some secondary	170780	24082	25578	11475	90203	8063	11380
Grade 12/Std 10	46548	5634	8673	3117	24284	2034	2806
Higher	18687	2846	3968	1470	8364	790	1249
Total	630964	96112	92469	55047	304200	40454	42682
2001							
No schooling	121286	18294	18461	12573	55879	9032	7046
Some primary	245632	39956	39132	20174	109520	18126	18723
Complete primary	53376	10561	9327	4087	21324	3387	4690
Some secondary	188529	29140	31030	13069	91675	10515	13100
Grade 12/Std 10	73036	10140	14242	4447	35704	3858	4645
Higher	23368	3158	4521	1493	11219	1337	1640
Total	705226	111250	116713	55842	325322	46255	49844
2011							
No schooling	45683	7275	8179	5161	18842	3685	2541
Some primary	202449	30945	32169	17819	92626	14875	14015
Complete primary	38135	7022	6337	3175	15572	2786	3244
Some secondary	209236	32731	35384	16628	96940	12946	14607
Grade 12/Std 10	110735	15312	21129	7438	53935	5739	7183
Higher	34402	4461	8192	2310	15101	1805	2533
Total	640639	97745	111390	52532	293016	41835	44122
% of Person weighted	0.0003	377.10	111030	02002	2,0010	.1000	
1996							
No schooling	22.5	21.2	20.1	26.6	23.0	27.1	18.2
Some primary	31.5	35.0	30.4	36.0	28.6	38.1	35.0
Complete primary	8.5	9.9	8.2	8.2	8.0	7.9	10.6
Some secondary	27.1	25.1	27.7	20.8	29.7	19.9	26.7
Grade 12/Std 10	7.4	5.9	9.4	5.7	8.0	5.0	6.6
Higher	3.0	3.0	4.3	2.7	2.7	2.0	2.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0
No schooling	17.2	16.4	15.8	22.5	17.2	19.5	14.1
Some primary	34.8	35.9	33.5	36.1	33.7	39.2	37.6
Complete primary	7.6	9.5	8.0	7.3	6.6	7.3	9.4
Some secondary	7.6 26.7	9.5 26.2	26.6	7.3 23.4	28.2	7.3 22.7	9.4 26.3
Grade 12/Std 10	10.4	20.2 9.1	20.0 12.2	8.0	11.0	8.3	26.3 9.3
Higher	3.3	9.1 2.8	3.9	8.0 2.7	3.4	8.3 2.9	3.3
11191101	ა.ა	4.0	3.9	4.1	J. T	4.9	5.5

2011							
No schooling	7.1	7.4	7.3	9.8	6.4	8.8	5.8
Some primary	31.6	31.7	28.9	33.9	31.6	35.6	31.8
Complete primary	6.0	7.2	5.7	6.0	5.3	6.7	7.4
Some secondary	32.7	33.5	31.8	31.7	33.1	30.9	33.1
Grade 12/Std 10	17.3	15.7	19.0	14.2	18.4	13.7	16.3
Higher	5.4	4.6	7.4	4.4	5.2	4.3	5.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research
Household Services - Census 1996-2011
Table 1
Summation Options (Calculations), Census Year and Energy/fuel for cooking by South Africa by 2011 Municipal Boundaries

	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Iousehold weighted	1		-	•	1	l .	•
1996							
Electricity	45001	9197	11254	4133	14512	1819	4086
Gas	6708	1200	764	476	3463	171	635
Paraffin	58253	8828	4946	3397	37029	846	3207
Wood	26323	5648	5387	3795	6077	2496	2920
Coal	28021	757	2807	2556	18807	2891	204
Animal dung	3459	490	194	269	639	1490	377
Solar	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other	3	_	2	_	1	_	_
None	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	167768	26120	25353	14625	80529	9713	11429
2001	107700	40140	40000	17040	00049	9110	11747
Electricity	69201	10616	12600	F027	20501	2074	E001
Gas	68391	10616	13692	5237	30591	2974	5281
Paraffin	8189	1808	1346	468	3390	261	916
Wood	64550	13244	8352	2747	35571	1005	3631
	28099	5502	6582	3200	6683	3038	3093
Coal	22956	655	2672	2716	12507	4233	174
Animal dung	3800	806	291	456	1103	554	589
Solar	482	43	107	49	228	23	33
Other	551	71	74	32	276	43	55
None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	197018	32746	33116	14904	90349	12131	13772
2011							
Electricity	169669	27469	28945	12831	81220	7176	12028
Gas	8192	1425	1793	466	3233	440	834
Paraffin	15990	2566	2717	611	8743	305	1047
Wood	17840	1901	4413	2817	4418	3192	1099
Coal	4288	59	518	391	1798	1498	25
Animal dung	1207	151	96	153	488	232	87
Solar	233	33	41	16	108	11	24
Other	56	18	10	5	20	1	1
None	410	66	59	28	199	34	24
Total	217884	33687	38593	17318	100228	12888	15170
6 of Household weighted							
1996							
Electricity	26.8	35.2	44.4	28.3	18.0	18.7	35.8
Gas	4.0	4.6	3.0	3.3	4.3	1.8	5.6
Paraffin	34.7	33.8	19.5	23.2	46.0	8.7	28.1
Wood	15.7	21.6	21.2	25.9	7.5	25.7	25.6
Coal	16.7	2.9	11.1	17.5	23.4	29.8	1.8
Animal dung	2.1	1.9	0.8	1.8	0.8	15.3	3.3
=				1.0		-	- -
Solar	_	_	_		_		

None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
001							
Electricity	34.7	32.4	41.3	35.1	33.9	24.5	38.3
Gas	4.2	5.5	4.1	3.1	3.8	2.1	6.6
Paraffin	32.8	40.4	25.2	18.4	39.4	8.3	26.4
Wood	14.3	16.8	19.9	21.5	7.4	25.0	22.5
Coal	11.7	2.0	8.1	18.2	13.8	34.9	1.3
Animal dung	1.9	2.5	0.9	3.1	1.2	4.6	4.3
Solar	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
Other	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
011							
Electricity	77.9	81.5	75.0	74.1	81.0	55.7	79.3
Gas	3.8	4.2	4.6	2.7	3.2	3.4	5.5
Paraffin	7.3	7.6	7.0	3.5	8.7	2.4	6.9
Wood	8.2	5.6	11.4	16.3	4.4	24.8	7.2
Coal	2.0	0.2	1.3	2.3	1.8	11.6	0.2
Animal dung	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.5	1.8	0.6
Solar	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Other	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
None	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research										
Household Services - Cens	sus 1996-2011									
Table 1										
Summation Options (Calculations), Census Year and Energy/fuel for heating by South Africa by 2011 Municipal Boundaries										
DC19: Thabo FS191: FS192: FS193: FS194: FS195: FS196:										
	Mofutsanyane	Setsoto	Dihlabeng	Nketoana	Maluti a Phofung	Phumelela	Mantsopa			
Household weighted	•		•		6					
1996										
Electricity	40975	7874	10321	3609	13879	1702	3591			
Gas	2674	406	416	127	1415	97	211			
Paraffin	35844	5737	3512	1663	22651	654	1627			
Wood	32273	7100	6151	4217	8428	2432	3945			
Coal	49596	4097	4323	4341	32390	3121	1323			
Animal dung	3763	549	163	278	795	1506	473			
Solar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other	21	4	6	2	1	-	7			
None	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
Total	165146	25767	24893	14238	79559	9513	11177			
2001										
Electricity	54891	7488	11598	4232	24392	2819	4362			
Gas	3567	651	870	163	1472	99	312			
Paraffin	42334	10007	6115	1329	21902	674	2306			
Wood	38813	8847	8219	3719	9989	3072	4968			

Coal	49221	4002	5574	4703	29396	4781	764
Animal dung	3809	844	206	470	1159	566	563
Solar	457	83	44	56	222	12	39
Other	3927	821	491	231	1818	107	458
None	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Total	197018	32746	33116	14904	90349	12131	13772
2011							
Electricity	105114	15430	19595	9397	49559	5213	5920
Gas	7825	1062	1802	440	3521	270	730
Paraffin	37974	9320	5965	447	17972	192	4079
Wood	33582	4286	7317	4494	11148	3422	2915
Coal	16486	411	2031	1193	9667	2978	206
Animal dung	1612	215	122	185	646	286	157
Solar	281	45	51	19	136	13	17
Other	11	1	1	2	7	_	_
None	14999	2917	1709	1142	7573	513	1144
Total	217884	33687	38593	17318	100228	12888	15170
of Household weighted							
1996							
Electricity	24.8	30.6	41.5	25.3	17.4	17.9	32.1
Gas	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.9	1.8	1.0	1.9
Paraffin	21.7	22.3	14.1	11.7	28.5	6.9	14.6
Wood	19.5	27.6	24.7	29.6	10.6	25.6	35.3
Coal	30.0	15.9	24.7 17.4	30.5	40.7	32.8	11.8
Animal dung	2.3	2.1	0.7	2.0	1.0	15.8	4.2
Solar	2.3 -	2.1 -	- -	2.0 -	1.0	15.8	4. <i>2</i> -
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	_	0.1
None	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Electricity	27.0	22.0	25.0	20.4	27.0	22.0	21 7
Gas	27.9	22.9 2.0	35.0	28.4		23.2	31.7
Paraffin	1.8		2.6	1.1	1.6	0.8	2.3
Wood	21.5	30.6	18.5	8.9	24.2	5.6	16.7
Coal	19.7	27.0	24.8	25.0	11.1	25.3	36.1
Animal dung	25.0	12.2	16.8	31.6	32.5	39.4	5.5
Solar	1.9	2.6	0.6	3.2	1.3	4.7	4.1
Other	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3
None	2.0	2.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	0.9	3.3
None Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2011							
Electricity	48.2	45.8	50.8	54.3	49.4	40.5	39.0
Gas	3.6	3.2	4.7	2.5	3.5	2.1	4.8
Paraffin	17.4	27.7	15.5	2.6	17.9	1.5	26.9
Wood	15.4	12.7	19.0	25.9	11.1	26.6	19.2
Coal	7.6	1.2	5.3	6.9	9.6	23.1	1.4
Animal dung	0.7	0.6	0.3	1.1	0.6	2.2	1.0
Solar	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-
None	6.9	8.7	4.4	6.6	7.6	4.0	7.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research
Household Services - Census 1996-2011

Summation Options (Calculations), Census Year and Energy/fuel for lighting by South Africa by 2011 Municipal Boundaries

	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Household weighted	·		•				
1996							
Electricity	71299	16664	16397	8070	18388	3928	7853
Gas	325	45	30	27	163	40	19
Paraffin	7403	1289	975	668	3678	366	427
Candles	88523	8119	7870	5857	58185	5362	3129
Solar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
None	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other	2	-	1	-	-	-	1
Total	167552	26118	25273	14621	80414	9696	11429
2001							
Electricity	126421	23767	22133	11350	51119	7745	10307
Gas	258	38	49	16	116	13	26
Paraffin	5063	1096	956	211	2479	65	257
Candles	63870	7595	9676	3160	36203	4162	3075
Solar	835	163	227	100	213	84	47
None	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other	572	87	75	67	219	63	59
Total	197018	32746	33116	14904	90349	12131	13772
2011							
Electricity	189939	29850	32723	14661	89244	9657	13805
Gas	246	31	48	11	113	35	8
Paraffin	2196	374	518	106	1068	60	70
Candles	24625	3292	5155	2459	9427	3064	1228
Solar	452	67	78	50	191	37	29
None	426	75	70	30	185	35	30
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total	217884	33687	38593	17318	100228	12888	15170
% of Household weighted							
1996							
Electricity	42.6	63.8	64.9	55.2	22.9	40.5	68.7
Gas	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2
Paraffin	4.4	4.9	3.9	4.6	4.6	3.8	3.7
Candles	52.8	31.1	31.1	40.1	72.4	55.3	27.4
Solar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
None	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other	0.0	-	0.0	-	_	-	0.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001							
Electricity	64.2	72.6	66.8	76.2	56.6	63.8	74.8
Gas	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2

Paraffin	2.6	3.3	2.9	1.4	2.7	0.5	1.9
Candles	32.4	23.2	29.2	21.2	40.1	34.3	22.3
Solar	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.3
None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2011							
Electricity	87.2	88.6	84.8	84.7	89.0	74.9	91.0
Gas	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0
Paraffin	1.0	1.1	1.3	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.5
Candles	11.3	9.8	13.4	14.2	9.4	23.8	8.1
Solar	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
None	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Household Services_Electoral_Wa	ards						
Table 1							
Summation Options (Calculation	s) and Annual hous	ehold incon	ne by Geograph	у			
		ı			I POLO 4	1	1
	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Household weighted							
No income	24155	4283	2418	1251	13561	1216	1426
R 1 - R 4800	15785	2317	1892	965	9065	650	897
R 4801 - R 9600	24701	3792	3081	1701	13760	1073	1293
R 9601 - R 19 600	52013	8381	8514	4411	23717	3323	3666
R 19 601 - R 38 200	49255	7480	9444	4611	20708	3282	3730
R 38 201 - R 76 400	23439	3285	5440	2105	8994	1765	1849
R 76 401 - R 153 800	13613	1942	3428	1126	5240	814	1063
R 153 801 - R 307 600	9085	1425	2489	697	3272	465	737
R 307 601 - R 614 400	4240	581	1372	290	1451	204	342
R 614 001 - R 1 228 800	958	108	329	92	261	57	111
R 1 228 801 - R 2 457 600	360	51	104	42	106	23	33
R 2 457 601 or more	279	42	82	27	92	15	21
Total	217882	33687	38593	17318	100227	12887	15170
% of Household weighted							
No income	11.1	12.7	6.3	7.2	13.5	9.4	9.4
R 1 - R 4800	7.2	6.9	4.9	5.6	9.0	5.0	5.9
R 4801 - R 9600	11.3	11.3	8.0	9.8	13.7	8.3	8.5
R 9601 - R 19 600	23.9	24.9	22.1	25.5	23.7	25.8	24.2

Statistics South Africa

R 19 601 - R 38 200	22.6	22.2	24.5	26.6	20.7	25.5	24.6
R 38 201 - R 76 400	10.8	9.8	14.1	12.2	9.0	13.7	12.2
R 76 401 - R 153 800	6.2	5.8	8.9	6.5	5.2	6.3	7.0
R 153 801 - R 307 600	4.2	4.2	6.4	4.0	3.3	3.6	4.9
R 307 601 - R 614 400	1.9	1.7	3.6	1.7	1.4	1.6	2.3
R 614 001 - R 1 228 800	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.7
R 1 228 801 - R 2 457 600	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
R 2 457 601 or more	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research							
Household Services - Census 1996-	2011						
Table 1							
Summation Options (Calculations),	Census Year and	Refuse rem	oval by South A	frica by 2011	Municipal Bou	ndaries	
	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantso pa
Household weighted	1	ı	- 1	1	1 0	1	
1996							
Removed by local authority at least once a week	62454	12178	16282	7468	16078	5122	5327
Removed by local authority less often	7891	4631	1005	345	473	57	1380
Communal refuse dump	8536	1588	1253	354	4346	152	843
Own refuse dump	75975	5900	5758	5023	52802	3097	3395
No rubbish disposal	11784	1586	836	1341	6368	1249	405
Other	52	2	11	-	25	2	12
Total	166694	25886	25145	14531	80092	9679	11362
2001							
Removed by local authority at least once a week	83221	17039	20812	9483	20112	7275	8499
Removed by local authority less often	6317	3920	611	239	551	178	818
Communal refuse dump	5696	634	574	369	3829	30	259
Own refuse dump	75231	7756	7182	3261	51045	3274	2712
No rubbish disposal	26554	3395	3936	1552	14812	1374	1484
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	197018	32746	33116	14904	90349	12131	13772
2011							
Removed by local authority at least once a week	107125	18534	30963	12506	24873	8390	11860
Removed by local authority less often	2042	841	395	262	424	58	61
Communal refuse dump		841 808					
Own refuse dump	8245		1031	545	4591	586	683
No rubbish disposal	86680	10961	4965	3225 682	61972	3334	2223 286
Other	12254 1539	2323 220	1088 152	682 97	7414 953	460 60	286 57
Total	1539 217884	33687	38593	97 17318	953 100228	12888	57 15170
% of Household weighted	41/004	33U01	30093	1/318	100448	14000	131/0

Removed by local authority							
at least once a week	37.5	47.0	64.8	51.4	20.1	52.9	46.9
Removed by local authority							
less often	4.7	17.9	4.0	2.4	0.6	0.6	12.1
Communal refuse dump	5.1	6.1	5.0	2.4	5.4	1.6	7.4
Own refuse dump	45.6	22.8	22.9	34.6	65.9	32.0	29.9
No rubbish disposal	7.1	6.1	3.3	9.2	8.0	12.9	3.6
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001							
Removed by local authority at least once a week	42.2	52.0	62.8	63.6	22.3	60.0	61.7
Removed by local authority							
less often	3.2	12.0	1.8	1.6	0.6	1.5	5.9
Communal refuse dump	2.9	1.9	1.7	2.5	4.2	0.2	1.9
Own refuse dump	38.2	23.7	21.7	21.9	56.5	27.0	19.7
No rubbish disposal	13.5	10.4	11.9	10.4	16.4	11.3	10.8
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2011							
Removed by local authority at least once a week	49.2	55.0	80.2	72.2	24.8	65.1	78.2
Removed by local authority							
less often	0.9	2.5	1.0	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
Communal refuse dump	3.8	2.4	2.7	3.1	4.6	4.5	4.5
Own refuse dump	39.8	32.5	12.9	18.6	61.8	25.9	14.7
No rubbish disposal	5.6	6.9	2.8	3.9	7.4	3.6	1.9
Other	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Statistics South Africa Household Services_Electoral_Wards

Table 1

Summation Options (Calculations) and Source of water by Geography

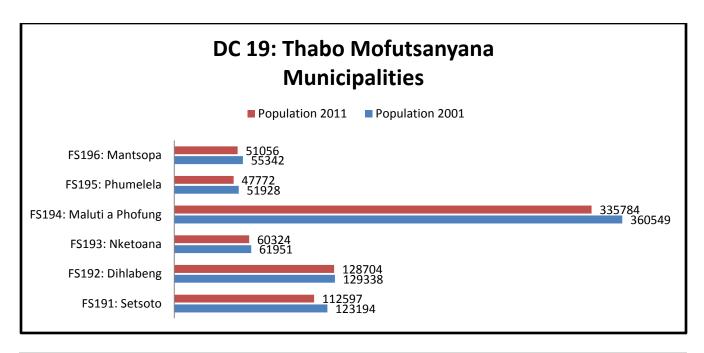
	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Household weighted							
Regional/local water scheme (operated by municipality or other water services provider)	188662	20567	22050	12002	00217	0760	10775
Borehole		29567	33259	13983	89317	9762	12775
	14783	2502	3049	2475	3282	1688	1787
Spring	1317	143	561	33	311	180	90
Rain water tank	724	105	80	52	344	97	46
Dam/pool/stagnant water	1972	153	186	101	1346	130	55
River/stream	566	48	84	22	320	61	30
Water vendor	1458	288	191	104	694	102	78
Water tanker	4549	608	954	440	1609	790	148
Other	3853	274	229	108	3004	78	161
Total	217884	33687	38593	17318	100228	12888	15170
% of Household weighted							
Regional/local water scheme (operated by municipality or other water services provider)							
	86.6	87.8	86.2	80.7	89.1	75.7	84.2
Borehole	6.8	7.4	7.9	14.3	3.3	13.1	11.8
Spring	0.6	0.4	1.5	0.2	0.3	1.4	0.6
Rain water tank	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.3
Dam/pool/stagnant water	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.0	0.4
River/stream	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.2
Water vendor	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5
Water tanker	2.1	1.8	2.5	2.5	1.6	6.1	1.0
Other	1.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	3.0	0.6	1.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research Household Services - Census 1	996-2011										
Table 1											
Summation Options (Calculations), Census Year and Toilet facility (includes 1996) by South Africa by 2011 Municipal Boundaries											
	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa				
Household weighted											
1996											
Flush or chemical toilet	44642	7161	15827	2219	12320	2967	4149				
Pit latrine	77289	3718	3685	2794	62719	2257	2115				
Bucket latrine	30075	11263	3047	7425	3198	1778	3365				
None of the above	15903	4005	2829	2226	2307	2716	1819				
Total	167909	26146	25387	14664	80544	9718	11448				
2001											
Flush or chemical toilet	59379	7806	18891	1986	22017	3931	4746				
Pit latrine	77540	3605	3383	2634	63314	2565	2039				
Bucket latrine	40801	17028	5296	8139	1912	3236	5191				
None of the above	19298	4307	5545	2146	3106	2399	1795				

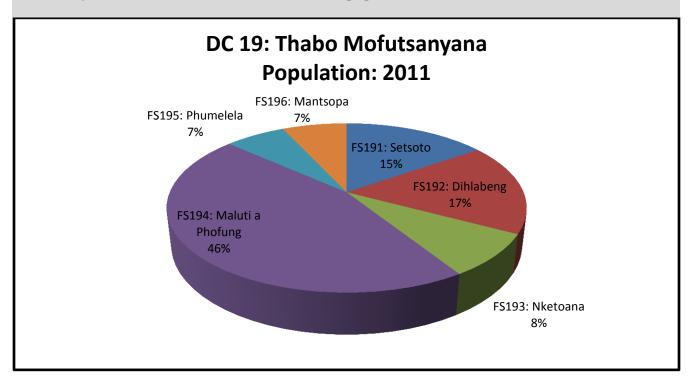
W-4-1							
Total	197018	32746	33116	14904	90349	12131	13772
2011							
Flush or chemical toilet	116298	20743	29890	11217	35636	8136	10677
Pit latrine	77821	3354	6789	3278	59622	3299	1480
Bucket latrine	13877	7841	789	1991	638	88	2530
None of the above	9889	1750	1125	833	4332	1366	483
Total	217884	33687	38593	17318	100228	12888	15170
% of Household weighted							
1996							
Flush or chemical toilet	26.6	27.4	62.3	15.1	15.3	30.5	36.2
Pit latrine	46.0	14.2	14.5	19.1	77.9	23.2	18.5
Bucket latrine	17.9	43.1	12.0	50.6	4.0	18.3	29.4
None of the above	9.5	15.3	11.1	15.2	2.9	28.0	15.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001							
Flush or chemical toilet	30.1	23.8	57.0	13.3	24.4	32.4	34.5
Pit latrine	39.4	11.0	10.2	17.7	70.1	21.1	14.8
Bucket latrine	20.7	52.0	16.0	54.6	2.1	26.7	37.7
None of the above	9.8	13.2	16.7	14.4	3.4	19.8	13.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2011							
Flush or chemical toilet	53.4	61.6	77.4	64.8	35.6	63.1	70.4
Pit latrine	35.7	10.0	17.6	18.9	59.5	25.6	9.8
Bucket latrine	6.4	23.3	2.0	11.5	0.6	0.7	16.7
None of the above	4.5	5.2	2.9	4.8	4.3	10.6	3.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Space-Time Research							
Household Services - Census 1996	5-2011						
Table 1 Summation Options (Calculations Boundaries	s), Access to pi	ped water an	d Census Yea	ar by South	Africa by 201	1 Municipal	
	DC19: Thabo Mofutsanyane	FS191: Setsoto	FS192: Dihlabeng	FS193: Nketoana	FS194: Maluti a Phofung	FS195: Phumelela	FS196: Mantsopa
Household weighted							
Piped water inside the dwelling							
1996	46261	7995	11679	3906	15658	2805	4217
2001	34224	4273	8291	2069	15233	1700	2658
2011	73263	10575	16915	4877	31927	3939	5031
Piped water inside the yard							
1996	48154	9052	9267	6255	15343	3393	4845
2001	87092	11439	16120	9512	35372	7140	7509
2011	117093	20020	17211	9894	53493	7015	9460
Piped water from access point outside the yard							
1996	60322	6985	1920	2290	46579	1147	1401
2001	63748	15468	6724	2920	33335	2256	3046
2011	20477	2462	3613	1602	10881	1417	503
No access to piped water	·	•	•				•
1996	13125	2102	2519	2207	2954	2370	973

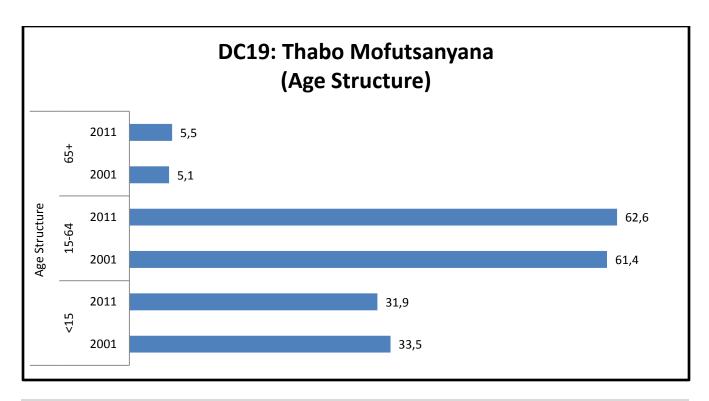
2001	11954	1566	1981	403	6409	1036	559
2011	7051	631	854	946	3927	516	176
Total							
1996	167862	26135	25385	14658	80533	9714	11437
2001	197018	32746	33116	14904	90349	12131	13772
2011	217884	33687	38593	17318	100228	12888	15170
% of Household weighted							
Piped water inside the dwelling							
1996	27.6	30.6	46.0	26.6	19.4	28.9	36.9
2001	17.4	13.0	25.0	13.9	16.9	14.0	19.3
2011	33.6	31.4	43.8	28.2	31.9	30.6	33.2
Piped water inside the yard	·						
1996	28.7	34.6	36.5	42.7	19.1	34.9	42.4
2001	44.2	34.9	48.7	63.8	39.2	58.9	54.5
2011	53.7	59.4	44.6	57.1	53.4	54.4	62.4
Piped water from access point outside the yard							
1996	35.9	26.7	7.6	15.6	57.8	11.8	12.3
2001	32.4	47.2	20.3	19.6	36.9	18.6	22.1
2011	9.4	7.3	9.4	9.2	10.9	11.0	3.3
No access to piped water							
1996	7.8	8.0	9.9	15.1	3.7	24.4	8.5
2001	6.1	4.8	6.0	2.7	7.1	8.5	4.1
2011	3.2	1.9	2.2	5.5	3.9	4.0	1.2
Total							
1996	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2011	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



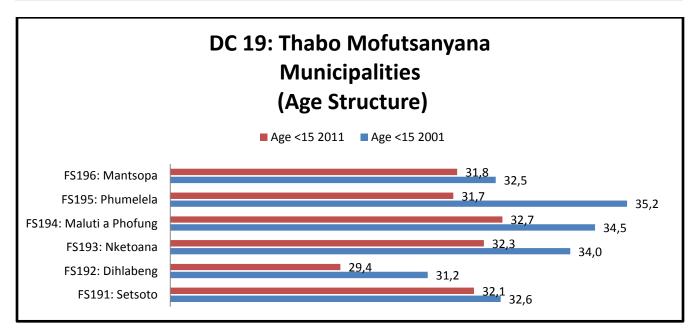
According to Census 2011, Population sizes of local municipalities within Thabo Mofutsanyana district are reduced from their population size as at Census 2001.



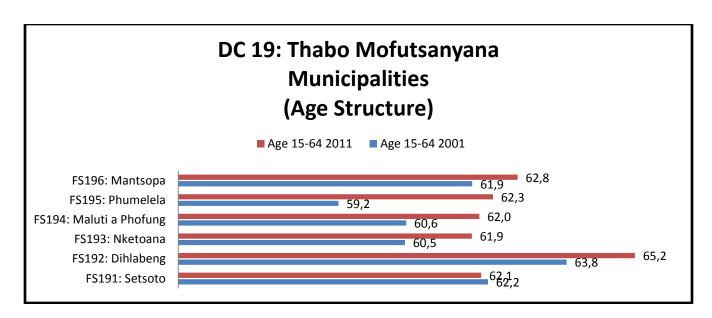
According to Census 2011, Maluti A Phofung constitute 46%,Nketoana, Dihlabeng 17%,,Setsoto 15%, Mantsopa 7% and Phumelela 7% of the population of the entire district.



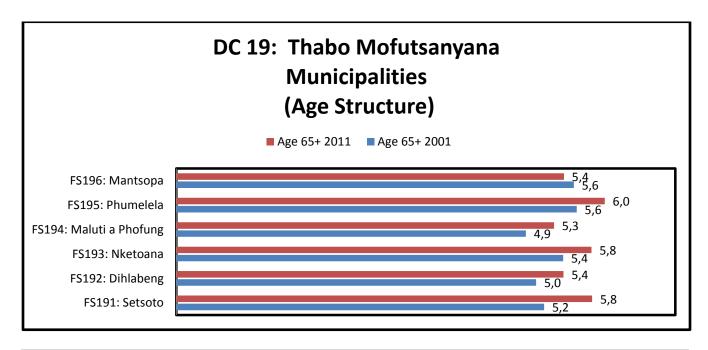
According to census 2011, percentage of population within the district aging from <15 declined from 33.5 (in 2001) to 31.9 (in 2011),that of population aging from 15-64 increased from 61.4 (in 2001) to 62.6 in 2011 and those aging from 65 and above increased from 5.1 (in 2001 to 5.5 (in 2011).



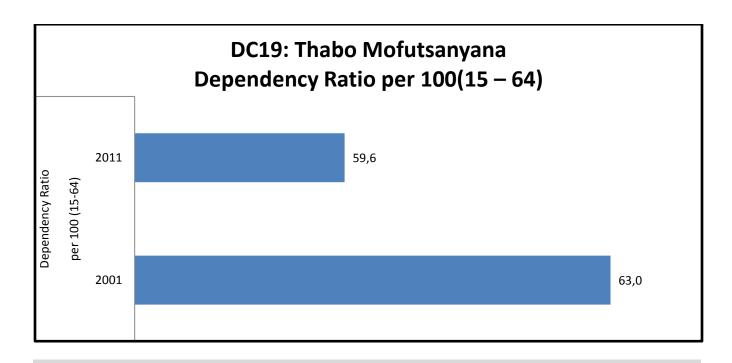
According to Census 2011,Percentage of population aging below 15 in Mantsopa has decreased from 32.5 (in 2001)To 31.8,Phumelela from 35.2 (in 2001) to 31.5 (in 2011), Maluti A Phofung from 34.5 (in 2001) to 32.7 (in 2011) Nketoana from 34.0 (in 2001) to 32.3 (in 2011), Dihlabeng from 31.2(in 2001) to 29.4(in 2011) and lastly Setsoto from 32.6 (in 2001) to 32.1 (in 2011).



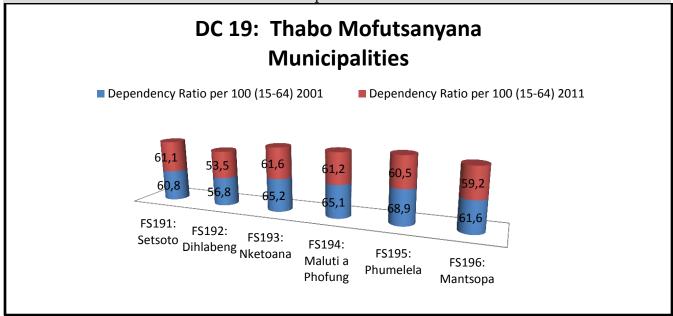
According to Census 2011, Percentage of population aging between 15-64 in Mantsopa has increased from 61.9 (in 2001) to 62.8, Phumelela from 59.2 (in 2001) to 62.3 (in 2011), Maluti A Phofung from 60.6 (in 2001) to 62.2 (in 2011) Nketoana from 60.5 (in 2001) to 61.9 (in 2011), Dihlabeng from 63.8 (in 2001) to 65.2 (in 2011) and Setsoto reduced from 62,2 (in 2001) to 62.1 (in 2011).



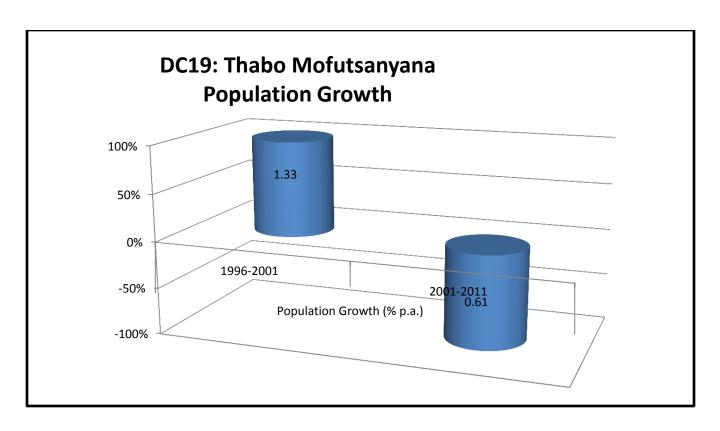
According to Census 2011, Percentage of population aging below 15 years in Mantsopa has reduced from 32.5 (in 2001) To 31.8, Phumelela from 35.2 (in 2001) to 31.5 (in 2011), Maluti A Phofung from 34.5 (in 2001) to 32.7 (in 2011) Nketoana from 34.0 (in 2001) to 32.3 (in 2011), Dihlabeng from 31.2(in 2001) to 29.4(in 2011) and lastly Setsoto from 32.6 (in 2001) to 32.1 (in 2011).

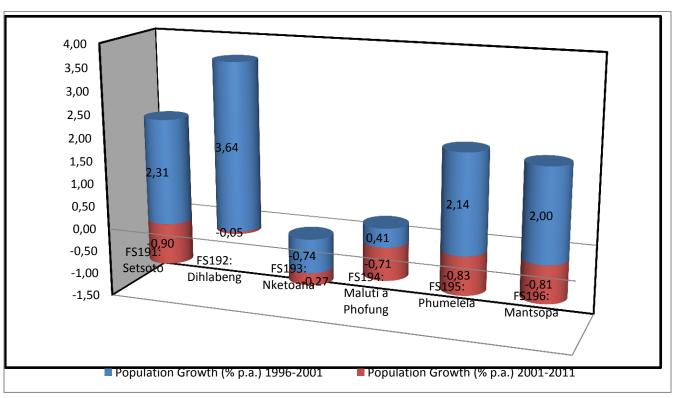


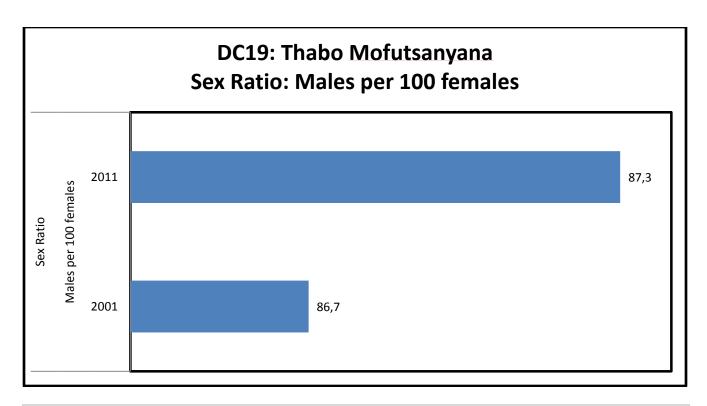
According to Census 2011, In the entire District dependency ratio for population aging 15-64 has reduced from 63.0 in 2001 to 59.6 percent in 2011.



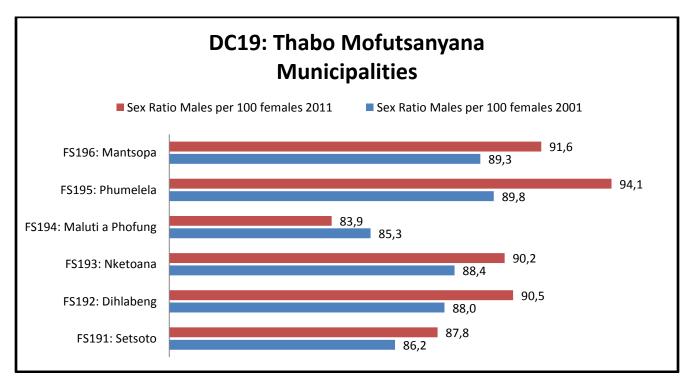
According to Census 2011,In the entire District dependency ratio for population aging 15-64 has reduced in all local municipalities within the ambit of Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality.



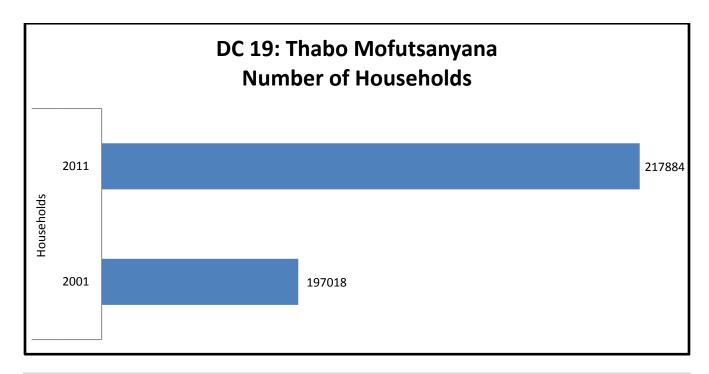




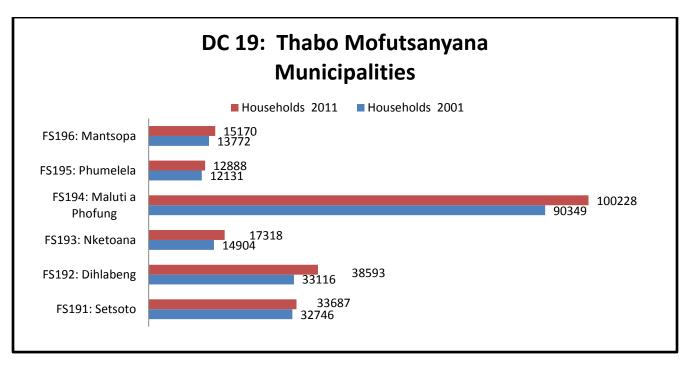
According to Census 2011, In the entire district: Sex ratio for males per 100 Females has increased from 86.7 in 2001 to 87.3 percent in 2011.



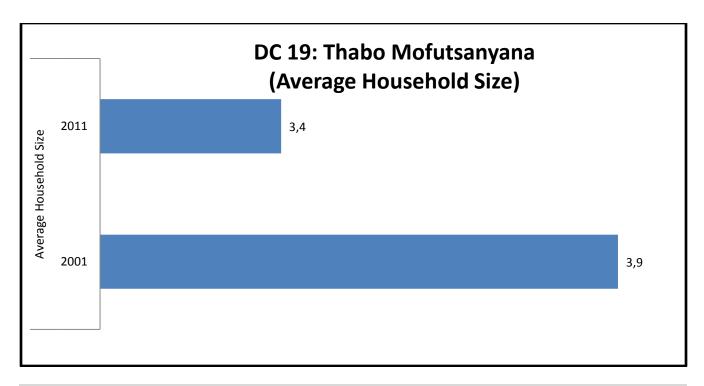
According to Census 2011, In the entire Sex ratio of Males per 100 Females has increased has increased in all local municipalities except in Maluti A Phofung from 2001 to 2011.



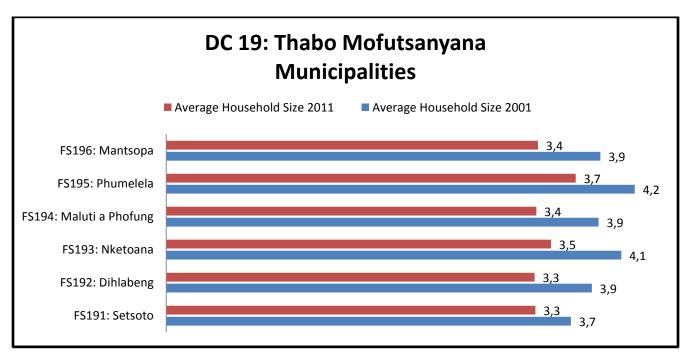
According to Census 2011, Number of Households in Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality increased from 197018 (in 2001) To 216884 (in 2011).



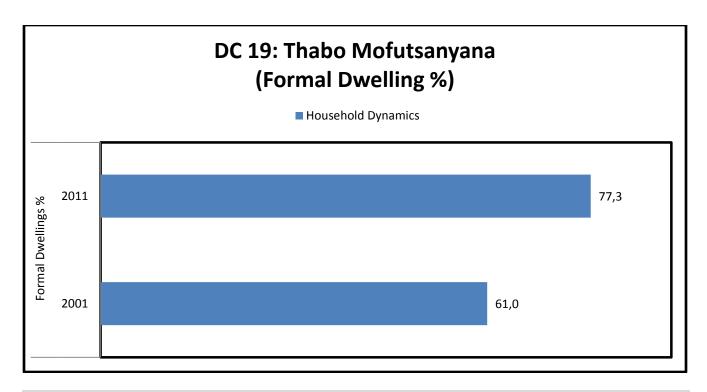
According to Census 2011, Number of Households in all local municipalities within Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality increased.



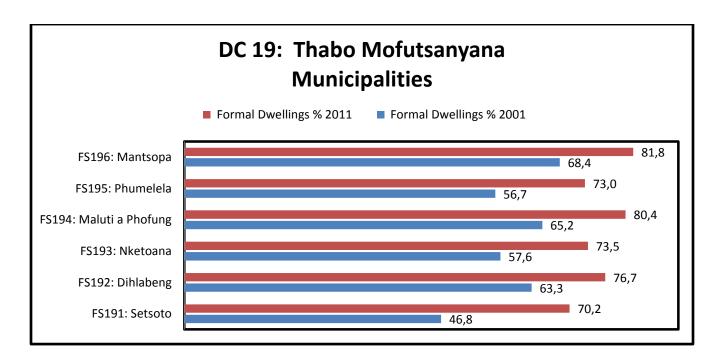
According to Census 2011, Percentage of Average Households Size in Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality reduced from 39.3 (in 2001) To 3.4 (in 2011).

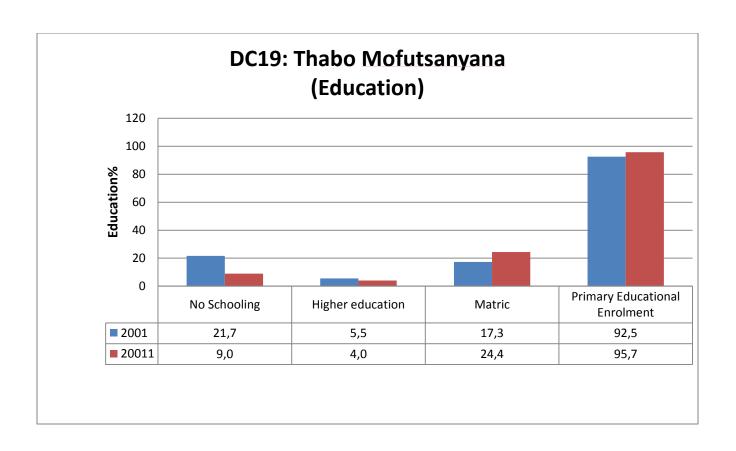


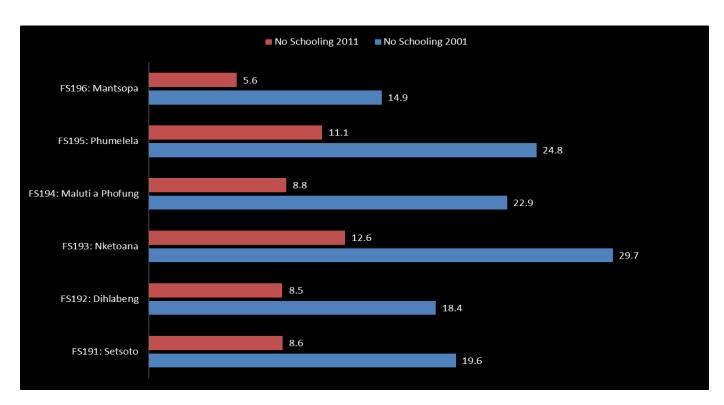
According to Census 2011, Percentage of Average Households Size in all local municipalities within the borders of Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality reduced from in 2001 To in 2011.

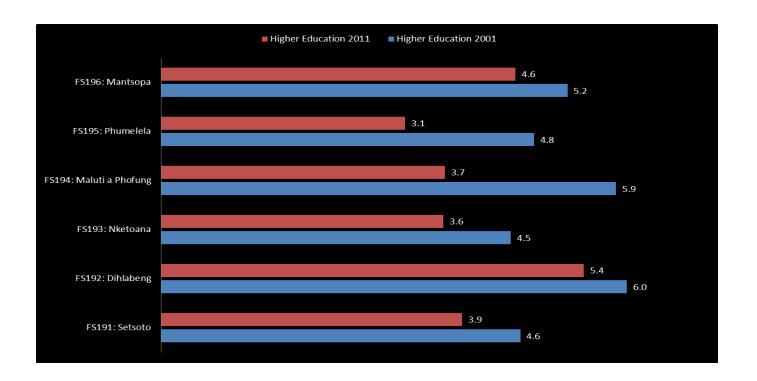


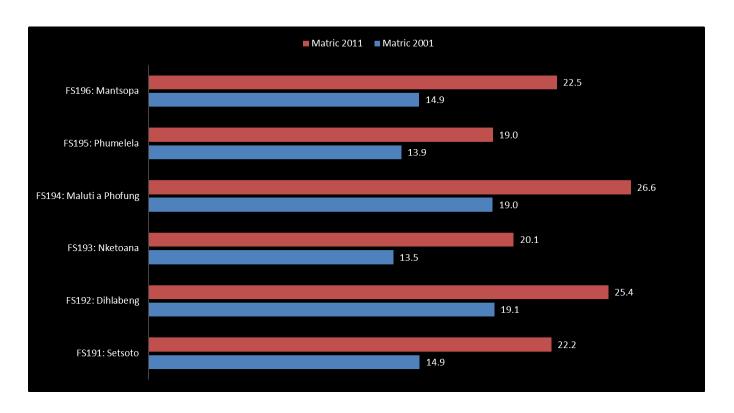
According to Census 2011, Percentage of Formal Dwelling in Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality increased from 61.0 (in 2001) to 77.3 (in 2011).

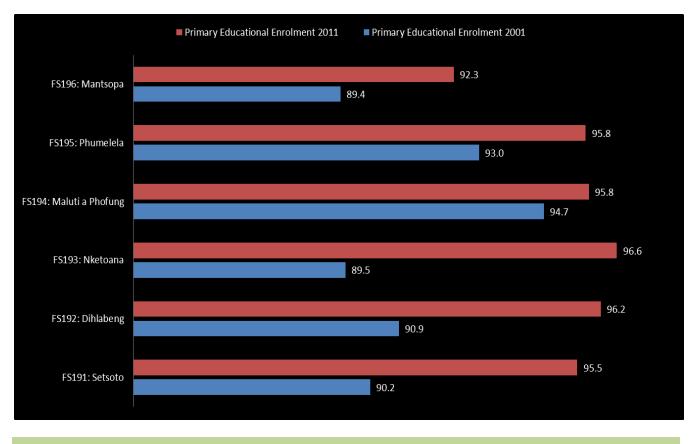






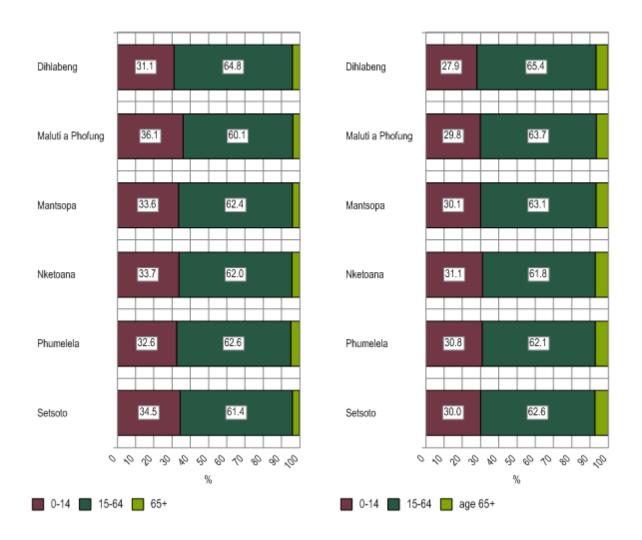






FACTSHEET DEMOGRAPHICS
DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY THABO MOFUTSANYANE

Figures 5 & 6: Population by gender and age in local municipalities in Thabo Mofutsanyane in 2011 (% of total population). Male population Female population



COMMUNITY SURVEY 2016

size, age, gender and educational levels migration patterns, deaths and births,



Community Survey 2016:

StatsSA count on you to open up

Statistic South Africa in an Institution that does rigorous analysis and rigorous research.

At the present juncture StatsSA in conducting a community Survey in Thabo Mofutsanyana which is aimed to provide a better understanding of the state of the country. The survey will provide information needed to make decision and plan. It aims to collect data on household

ownership of appliances and access to services such as water, sanitation and electricity. The information aims to give municipalities' concrete data on their demographics and socio- economic situation within their boundaries. The first results are set to be released at the end of June In time for the next municipal financial year from 1 july 2016 .to influence the planning at the coalface of delivery.

District	No of Dwellings Units to be visited	Number of Fieldworkers
Thabo Mofutsanyane	22989	194

What is the community survey 2016 (CS 2016)?

The CS 16 is a large – scale survey, which will produce information at municipal level required for planning and decision making at all levels of government.

How does it work?

Community survey 2016 is significantly more ambitious than its 2007 predecessor which counted just under 250, 000 households, this time the sample is 1,3 million households selected from all areas in South Africa and will be done electronically. The digital is safe and data remain confidential, A password protect data which is encrypted as soon as the questionnaire is completed during face to face interviews. Once synchronized with head office, the data is removed from the device.

Security compliance

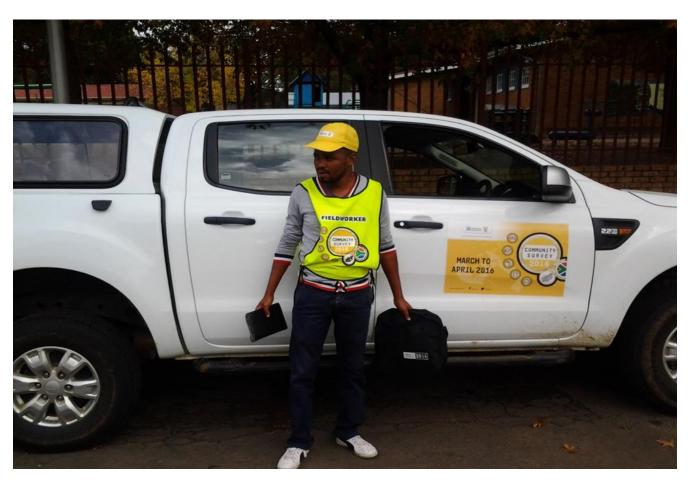
Security is taken seriously at other levels, Community Survey 2016 is registered with National Joint Operational and intelligence Structure (Natjoints), which coordinates security and law enforcement operations such as Operation fiela, anti rhino poaching efforts and the state of the nation address. There is a liaison with the police over potential hotspots.

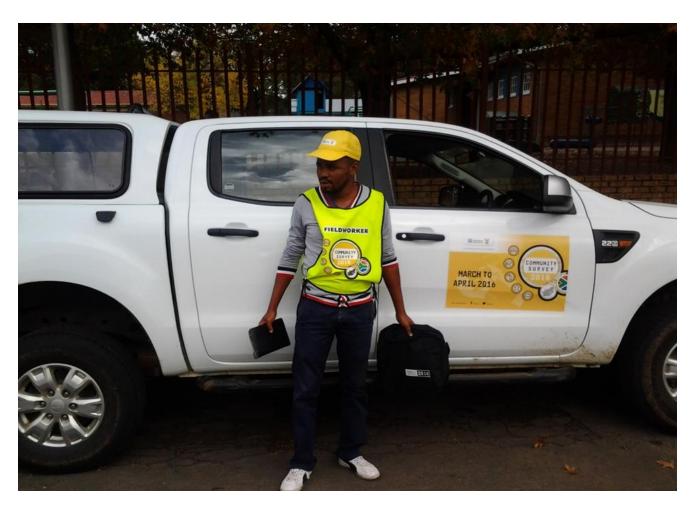
The first census in 1996 was groundbreaking In that it counted every south African for the first time. It was followed by another census in 2001, but by 2006

there were financial and logistical constraints. It did not have the capacity to run another full blown census. Instead in 2007 the first community survey was conducted and census timeframe was extended to 10 years. The next full census will take place in 2021.

Field worker verification.

During the duration or period of the survey when enumerators knock on your doors , StataSA's message is: Don't let anyone into your home unless they carry an official ID. If the ID , which features the enumerator's photo , name and ID numbers, does not have the community Survey 2016 hologram, the person brandishing it is not an official enumerator. Branded caps , bibs and shoulder will also identify the enumerators, who will travel in the branded vehicles.





For more information on data collection in your area please contact: Provincial Office

Province	Contact Person	Landline No.	Cellpho No.	one	Email address
Free State	Tlou Mokgehle	0514127500/504	082 6254	694	TlouM@statssa.gov.za
			082 2587	888	

For further information on the survey please contact:

Call centre: 012 310 8600 Facebook: Stats SA

Email: <u>CS2016@statssa.gov.za</u> Twitter: @statssa

Website: www.statssa.gov.za

POWERS AND FUNCTIONS

The allocated powers and functions to Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality in terms of the Local Government Municipal Structures Act No. 117 of 1998 are as follows:

- a) Integrated development planning for the district municipality as a whole, including a framework for IDP for the local municipalities within the area of the district,
- b) Bulk supply of water that affects a significant proportion of municipalities in the district,
- c) Bulk supply of electricity that affects a significant proportion of municipalities in the district,
- d) Bulk sewerage purification works and main sewage disposal that affects a significant proportion of municipalities in the district,
- e) Solid waste disposal sites serving the area of the district municipality as a whole,
- f) Municipal roads which form an integral part of a road transport system for the area of the district municipality as a whole,
- g) Regulation of passenger transport service,
- h) Municipal airports servicing the area of the district municipality as a whole,
- i) Municipal health services servicing the area of the district municipality as a whole,
- j) Firefighting service servicing the area of the district municipality as a whole,
- k) The establishment, conduct and control of fresh produce markets and abattoirs serving the area of the district as a whole,
- The establishment, conduct and control of cemeteries and crematoria serving the district as a whole,
- m. Promotion of local tourism for the area of the district municipality,
- n. Municipal public works relating to any of the above functions or any other function assigned to the district municipality
- o. The receipt, allocation and if applicable the distribution of grants made to the district municipality,
- p. The imposition and collection of taxes and duties as related to the above functions or as may be assigned to the district in terms of the national legislation.

SECTION D

PROCESS FOLLOWED TO DEVELOP THE IDP

Introduction

The Integrated Development Planning Process is a comprehensive planning and implementation process that will be followed by all municipalities within the Thabo-Mofutsanyana District Municipality. As a District municipality, Thabo Mofutsanyana should adopt a framework for this process in order to align the planning and implementation of municipal services and development within the area. The Municipal Systems Act, 2001 states in section 27 that, after following a consultative process with the local municipalities in the area, the district municipality should adopt a framework for integrated development planning in the area as a whole. The framework will bind both the district and local municipalities.

The purpose of the framework is to:

- Identify plans and planning requirements binding in terms of national and provincial legislation on the district and local municipalities
- Identify the matters that should be included in the IDPs of the district and local municipalities that require alignment
- Specify the principles to be applied and co-ordinate the approach to be adopted in respect of those matters
- Determine procedures for consultation between the district and local municipalities during the drafting of IDPs
- Determine procedures for the amendment of the framework

The preparation process for IDP has been done in a consultative manner. The district and local municipalities, Traditional leadership have been involved, as well as the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs- Free State.

Framework Programme

Activity	Time/date	Event
Localised strategic	October	District level
guidelines		workshops
Strategy workshop	November	District level
		workshop
Involvement of project	January	District level
partners		workshop
Technical project indicators	January	District level
and decisions		workshop

Table: Timetable for District Alignment Events

Dates given above are the weeks within which the event will take place. Closer to the date the IDP and planning Department will communicate with the different roleplayers to set the specific dates.

Issues, Mechanisms and Procedure for Alignment

Alignment between the different spheres of government will be necessary in order to achieve the purpose of integrated development planning, which is faster and more appropriate delivery of services and providing a framework for economic and social development. Aligning the planning process of different spheres of government and service providers is an international trend within governments. It is also an integral part of what integrated development planning is.

The appropriate level where alignment and co-ordination can take place within the IDP processes of different municipalities is at a district level. The district level meetings/workshops will be "where people and places meet sectors and subjects". At the framework workshop the following issues were discussed regarding alignment:

Role-players

KEY ROLE PLAYERS

Department of	 Social Development 	•	Same departments
Provincial and Local government-COGTA	 Public works 		as National government
 Rural development 	Agriculture	-	Tourism partners
 Department of Water 	■ Health		(Kwa Zulu Natal, Free State and
affairs and forestry	Education		Mpumalanga)
■ Environment and	Rand Water	-	Lejweleputswa DM
Tourism	 Sedibeng Water 	•	Ukhahlamba District
 Department of Trade and Industry 	■ Maluti Water		Municipality
 Social Development 		•	TELKOM
		•	

IDP CONSULTATIONS





Communication Mechanisms

The communication between the different stakeholders is crucial in aligning plans successfully. Appropriate mechanisms for communication will differ from event to event. The IDP and Planning Department will act as the communication link between the various role-players and will use existing communication channels to disperse information.

The mechanisms that will be used are:

- Fax and/or e-mail/ SMS/Video calls
- Newspapers and Media (Local Radio Stations)
- Telephones/ Mobile Phones
- Facebook
- Meetings and workshops

Communication Libraries Data Protection / Recovery MediaAgent Policy Copy Data Set Custom Storage Policy Storage Policy Data Set Custom Policy Copy Custom Polic

Common Technology Engine

Events and Timeframes

Within the adopted process, district level alignment will take place at the strategy phase of the IDP process and again at the projects phase. The first important event will be the district strategy workshops, where all the stakeholders will get together and discuss the different development strategies for the area.

Other events where input from sector departments will be needed is at the project phase. Municipalities must ensure that project proposals are aligned to sectoral procedures of the national and provincial spheres of government. The approach will be to invite relevant departments to a district briefing session, where they will give the necessary technical guidelines and help municipalities to set indicators for their objectives.

Establishment of a Structure (Forum)

The role-players identified above constitute the forum for district level events within the IDP process. The desirable outcome of each event will determine if only specific or all departments and service providers will be invited. This will depend on the type of priority issues identified by the municipalities.

Management Structure/District IDP Forum

The following people will form part of the structure that will manage the proposed forum for district level events:

- 6 municipalities' IDP managers
- 6 municipalities PMS managers
- Provincial IDP Co-ordinator

Logistical Arrangements

The IDP and Planning Department will organize the meetings/workshops. Each municipality will budget for the attendance of the district level event. The costs for the catering and administration will be split proportionally amongst the municipalities.

Amendment Procedure

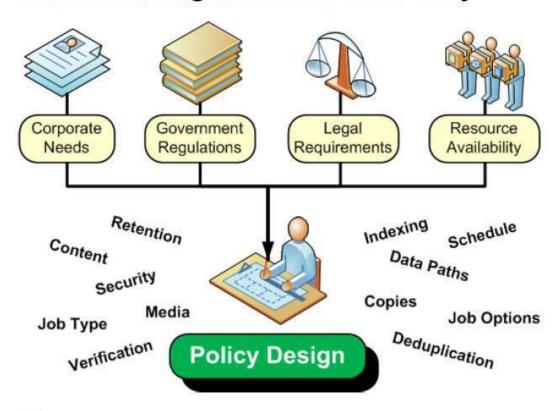
The framework for IDP is a working document that will guide all the municipalities with the IDP process. It will therefore be necessary to make provision to amend the Framework, if and when the process that we envisage are not practical or cannot in any way be adhered to. The representatives at the district framework workshop will adopt certain procedures to amend the Framework should it be necessary.

Conclusion

This Framework serves as the guideline to local municipalities and the district municipality of Thabo Mofutsanyana for aligning their respective IDP processes with each other and with the plans and programmes of other organs of state. It will be submitted to the MEC: Local Government and Housing with the final IDP document of the district municipality.

Binding Legislation and Planning Requirements

Understanding the Basis of a Policy





No unauthorized use, copy or distribution

NATIONAL LEGISLATION	SUMMARY/SCOPE OF LEGISLATION
GENERAL MANAGEMENT	
Constitution of Republic of	To introduce a new constitution for the Republic of South
South Africa 1996	Africa and to provide for matters incidental thereto
Local government:	To give effect to "developmental local government"
Municipal Systems Act, 2000	To set principles, mechanisms and processes to promote
	social and economic upliftment of communities and to
	ensure access to affordable services for all.
	To set a framework for planning, performance
	management, resource mobilization and organizational

NATIONAL	SUMMARY/SCOPE OF LEGISLATION
LEGISLATION	
	change and community participation
Local government	To provide for the establishment of municipalities in
Municipal Structure Act,	accordance with the requirements relating to the categories
1998	and types of municipality, the division of functions and
	powers between municipalities and appropriate electoral
	systems
Consumer Affairs (Unfair	• , •
Business Practices) Act,	unfair business practices in the interest of consumers
1996	To provide for the demarcation of boundaries of
Local Government: Municipal Demarcation Act, 1998	To provide for the demarcation of boundaries of municipalities for the establishment of new municipalities
Municipal Electoral Act,	•
2000	To amend certain laws and to provide for matters
	connected therewith
Organized Local Government	To provide for the recognition of national and provincial
Act, 1997	organizations representing the different categories of
	municipalities and the National Council of Provinces etc.
Occupational Health and	To provide for occupation health and safety in the work
Safety Act, 1993	place and the protection of persons outside the work place
	against hazards to health and safety arising from activities
	of persons at the work place.
National Development Plan.	To control and regulate the right of all persons to access to
	information
Promotion of Access to	To control and regulate the right of all persons to access to
information Act, 2000	information
Promotion of Fair	
Administrative Justice Act, 2000	reasonable, and procedurally fair in terms of the
2000	constitution of the Republic of South Africa 1996

NATIONAL	SUMMARY/SCOPE OF LEGISLATION
LEGISLATION	
Promotion of Equity and	To give effect to section 9 read with item 23(1) of Schedule
Prevention of unfair	6 to the constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996,
Discrimination Act, 2000	to prevent and prohibit unfair discrimination and
	harassment.
	To promote equally and eliminate unfair discrimination
	and to prevent and prohibit hate speech and to provide for
	matters connected therewith
FINANCE	
Division of Revenue Act	To provide for a fair division of revenue to be collected
	nationally between national, provincial and local
	government sphere for 2012/13 financial year and for
	matters connected therewith
Business Act, 1991	To repeal certain laws regarding the licensing of businesses
	To provide for the licensing and operation of certain
	businesses, shop hour and related matters
Debt Collectors Act, 1998	To provide for controlled debt collecting
Income Tax Act, 1962	To provide for the payment of taxes on incomes of persons
	and taxes on donations
Insolvency Act, 1936	To consolidate and amend the law relating to insolvent
	persons and their estates
Municipal Accountants Act,	To provide for the establishment of a Board for Municipal
1988	Accountants and the registration of Municipal Accountants
	and the control of their profession

Municipal Finance	To regulate financial management in the local sphere of
Management Act, 2003	government to require that all revenue, expenditure assets
	and liabilities of municipalities and municipal entities are
	managed efficiency and effectively, to determine
	responsibilities of persons entrusted with local sphere
	financial management and to determine certain conditions
	and to provide for matters connected therewith
Public finance	To regulate financial management in the national and
Management Act, 1999	provincial government and inter alia, provincial public entities
Prescribed Rates of	To prescribe and regulate the levying of interest from debtors
Interest Act, 1975	
Reporting by Public	To provide for the reporting to parliament by public entities
Entities Act, 1992	
Value Added Tax Act,	To provide for the taxation in respect of the supply of goods
1991	and services
Local Government	To regulate general property valuation
Local Government Property Rates Act	To regulate general property valuation
Property Rates Act	To regulate general property valuation PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES
Property Rates Act	
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998 Expropriation Act,	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level To provide for the expropriation of land and other property for
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998 Expropriation Act,	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level To provide for the expropriation of land and other property for public and certain other purpose and matters connected
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998 Expropriation Act, 1975	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level To provide for the expropriation of land and other property for public and certain other purpose and matters connected
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998 Expropriation Act, 1975 HOUSING	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level To provide for the expropriation of land and other property for public and certain other purpose and matters connected thereto
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998 Expropriation Act, 1975 HOUSING	To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level To provide for the expropriation of land and other property for public and certain other purpose and matters connected thereto To provide for the establishment of a National and Regional Housing Board(s) and the abolition of certain existing boards
Property Rates Act ADMINISTRATION/COR Electoral Act, 1998 Expropriation Act, 1975 HOUSING Housing Act	PORATE AND LEGAL SERVICES To manage and regulate elections on national, provincial and local government level To provide for the expropriation of land and other property for public and certain other purpose and matters connected thereto To provide for the establishment of a National and Regional Housing Board(s) and the abolition of certain existing boards

and Tenant Act, 1997	promote stability in the residential rental sector in the
	province
TOWN PLANNING AND	SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT
Provision of Certain	To provide for the designation of certain land to regulate the
Land for Settlement,	subdivision of such land and settlement of persons thereon
1993	
Advertising on Roads	To control advertising on national and regional roads
and Ribbons	
Development Act, 1940	
Development	To provide for Integrated Development Plans, reflecting
Facilitation Act, 1995	current planning and to institutionalize development
	tribunals for evaluating applications
Physical Planning Act,	To provide guidelines for drafting of urban development
1991	
Regulations on	To control all advertising on national and regional roads
Advertisements on or	
Visible from National	
Roads, 1998	
Subdivision of	To control the subdivision of farm land and agricultural
Agricultural Land Act,	holdings
1970	
Town and Regional	To provide for the training and registration of professional
Planners Act, 1984	Town Planners
ENVIROMENT	
Environmental	To provide for environmental impact assessments and
Conservation Act, 1982	exemptions, noise control areas etc
Environment	To provide for the effective protection and controlled
Conservation Act 1989	utilization of the environment and for matters incidental

thereto

National	To provide for co-operative environment governance by
Environmental	establishing principles for decision making on matters
Management Act, 1998	affecting the environment and to provide connected therewith

ENGINEERING / TECHNICAL SERVICES

National Building	To provide for the promotion of uniformity in the law relating
Regulations and	to the erection of buildings in the areas of jurisdiction of local
Building Standards	authorities and for the prescribing of building standards
Acts, 1997	
National Water Act,	To provide for fundamental reform of the laws relating to
1998	water resources
Water Service Act,	To provide for the rights of access to basic water supply and
1997	sanitation, national standards and norm for tariffs and service
	development plans

SAFETY AND SECURITY

Criminal Procedure	To consolidate and regulate procedure and evidence in
Act, 1977	criminal proceedings
Disaster Management	To provide for an integrated, co-coordinated and common
Act 2000	approach to disaster management by all spheres of
	government and related matters
Fire Brigade Services	To provide for the rendering of fire brigade services and
Act, 1987	certain conditions to the rendering of the service
Gathering and	To control public gatherings and procession of marches
Demonstration Act,	
1993	
Hazardous Substances	To control matters relating to gas, petrol and liquids
Act, 1973	
National Land	
Transport Act, 1999	
National Land	To make arrangements relevant to transport planning and

Transport interim	public roads transport services
Arrangement Act, 1998	
Urban transport Act,	To promote the planning and provision of adequate urban
1977 as amended	transport facilities
1992	
National Roads Traffic	To regulate traffic on public roads, the registration and
Act, 1996	licensing of motor vehicles and drivers, including fitness
	requirements and incidental matters
Roads traffic	To provide in the public interest for co-operative and co-
Management	ordinated strategic planning, regulation, facilitation and law
Corporation Act, 1999	enforcement in respect of road traffic matters and to provide
	for matters connected therewith
Prevention of Illegal	To provide for the eviction of unlawful occupants of land and
Eviction from and	the protection of the rights of such occupants under certain
Unlawful Occupation	conditions
of Land Act, 1998	
Regulation of	To control public gatherings and procession of marches
Gathering Act, 1993	
South African Police	To provide inter alia, for a municipal (city) police
Service Act, 1995	

HEALTH AND WELFARE

Hazardous Substances	To control matters relating to gas, petrol and liquids
Act, 1973	
Health Act, 1997	To provide for the promotion of the health of the inhabitants
	of the Republic, for the rendering of health services, to define
	the duties, powers and responsibilities of certain authorities
	which render such services and for the co-ordination of the
	services
National Policy for	To provide for control measures to promote the health of the
Health Act, 1990	inhabitants of the Republic and for matters connected thereto

HUMAN RESOURCES	
Employment Equity Act, 1998	To promote the constitutional rights of equality and the exercise of true democracy To eliminate unfair discrimination in employment To redress the effect of unfair discrimination in the workplace to achieve a workforce representation of the population
Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997	To give effect to the right to fair labour practice To provide for the regulation of basic conditions of employment
Compensation of Occupational Injury and Diseases Act, 1993	To regulate the categories of persons entitled to compensation for occupational injuries and diseases, and to determine the degree of disable employees
Labour Relations Act, 1995	To regulate the organizational rights of trade unions, the rights to strike and lock out To promote and facilitate collective bargaining and employee participation in decision making To provide simple procedure for labour disputes
Skills Development Act, 1998	To provide for the implementation of strategies to develop and to improve the skills of South African workplace, to provide for learnerships, the regulation of employment services and the financing of skills development.
Skills Development Levies Act, 1999	To provide for the establishment of a National Qualification Framework and the registration of National Standards Bodies and Standards Generating Bodies and the financing thereof
Unemployment Insurance Act, 1996	To provide for the payment of benefits to certain persons and the dependants of certain deceased persons and to provide for the combating of unemployment

ELECTRICITY	
Electricity Act, 1987	To provide for and regulate the supply of electricity and
	matters connected thereto
PROVINCIAL	
Free State Rural	To provide strategies for rural development within the Free
Development Strategy	State
Poverty Eradication	To provide strategies for eradicating poverty, especially in
Strategy for the Free	rural areas
State	
Free State Growth and	To provide for spatial planning, economic development nodes,
Development Strategy	and growth points in the Free State

Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

The Municipality contribute towards the achievement of the following eight

international development

goals (Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) that were officially established

following the

Millennium Summit of the United Nations in 2000:

Table: Millennium Development Goals (MDGs

63

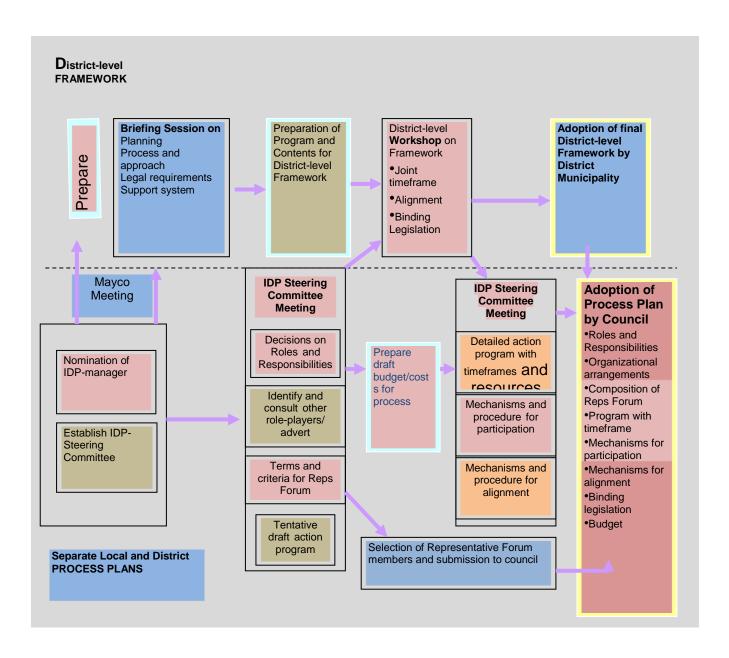
Millennium Development Goals	Targets and Dates
Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger	Halve the proportion of people living in extreme poverty by 2015.
	Halve the proportion of people who suffer from hunger by 2015.
Achieve universal primary education	Ensure that by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling.
Promote gender equality and empower women	Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later than 2015.
Reduce child mortality.	Reduce by two-thirds the under-5 mortality rate by 2015.
5. Improve maternal health	Reduce by three-quarters the maternal mortality ratio by 2015
Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases	By 2015 halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS By 2015 halt and begin to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases.
7. Ensure environmental sustainability	Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs and reverse the loss of environmental resources. Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation By 2015 achieve a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers.
8. Create a global partnership for development with targets for aid, trade and debt relief	 Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable nondiscriminatory trading and financial system Address the special needs both of the least developed countries and of landlocked and small island developing countries. Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications.

District IDP Framework and Process Plan

Framework and Process Plan

The Process Plan will was compiled by the IDP and PlMS Unit guided by the Executive Mayor with input of the local municipalities and management. The Portfolio Committee on IDP and PMS, and the District IDP and PMS Managers Forum made valuable input to the drafting of the District IDP Framework.

A briefing session will be held with the local municipalities on the purpose of the IDP, Process Plan and Framework and to clarify roles and responsibilities with these processes.



Institutional Arrangements

IDP Representative Forum

The purpose of the forum is to provide an organisational mechanism for discussion, negotiation and decision-making within the municipality. It therefore, includes all stakeholders within the municipality. It is also the duty of the forum to monitor progress with the IDP process.

This forum has representatives from all local municipalities in the Thabo-Mofutsanyana District. It also has participants from different government departments, service providers like Eskom, trade and farmers unions, regional NGOs and tertiary institutions.

IDP Steering Committee

It is the purpose of the IDP Steering Committee to take control of the process and make the decision with regard to who does what. The terms of reference for the Steering Committee includes preparing, facilitating and documenting various planning activities, considering comments and inputs from stakeholders and other committees and taking responsibility for the documentation of all the outputs.

It comprises of members of the Executive Mayoral Committee, the Executive Mayor, and Senior Management of the District Municipality.

IDP Project Design Task Team

The existing ten Section 80 Committees chaired by members of the Executive Mayoral Committee act as the task team.

Formulation Procedure and Planning Steps

The procedure for the formulation of the IDP includes several steps. Planning steps include workshops of the Representative Forum, the Steering Committee and district wide representatives, meetings with local municipalities' representatives individually and desk work.

Analysis Phase

The analysis phase includes Representative Forum Workshops where information will be shared on the current situation. To kick start the discussions the district profile compiled in the IDP, and the SDF will be used. Some desk work will be done to compile information and data on the current situation and to do an in-depth analysis on the priority issues. The Representative Forum will identify the priority issues and the core issues with each of the priorities.

The facilitation of the workshops and the desk work will be done by the IDP and Planning Department. Strategies Phase

During the strategies phase wider participation will be needed and 2 district level workshops will be held, therefore, that will involve provincial and national government departments and service providers. In addition 2 Representative Forum workshops will be held.

The Representative Forum will develop a vision and objectives, which will be later validated and finalized by the Steering Committee. The Representative Forum will also make inputs for strategies.

The district wide workshops will be held firstly to develop localised strategic guidelines for Spatial Issues, LED, Gender Equity and Poverty Alleviation, Institutional Issues, Environmental Issues and HIV/Aids. The second workshop will be held to develop strategies for the common priority issues of the different municipalities with the help of government departments and service providers.

Projects Phase

The Representative Forum will meet once during this phase to identify projects and finalise the terms of reference for the Project Task Teams. The project Task Teams will design the projects and submit project sheets with detail project information. Some desk-work will be done to finalise the project sheets.

Integration Phase

This phase consist mainly of desk work to compile the different plans and programmes from the existing information on the previous three phases and drafting

the IDP document. One Representative Forum workshop will be held to discuss the different plans and programmes and their content.

Approval Phase

After the document has been drafted it will be submitted to council for approval. At the same time the document will be published and distributed to all local municipalities and the Interdepartmental IDP Assessment Committee for comment. Comments received will be adhered to by the municipal manager. The document will then be finally approved by the council on the 30th March 2015 and submitted to the MEC: Local government and Housing for his perusal.

Compliance with Process Plan

The Process Plan serves as a guideline for the methodology to be followed to compile the IDP. Although it will be not possible to keep to all the target dates, the majority of the activities indicated in the process plan will be done.

Alignment

The District IDP Framework that will be formulated by the local and district municipalities of Thabo Mofutsanyana during the preparation phase will be used as the basis for alignment during the IDP process. Although the process will be stipulated, the outputs of alignment will be not always achieved due to a number of reasons. Limited participation by government departments will be the main problem. The fact that the provincial budget cycle differs from the municipal budget cycle also causes difficulties in aligning projects and programmes.

Alignment with the district municipality and other local municipalities within Thabo Mofutsanyana will be less difficult as regular contact and information sharing is taking place..

Important alignment that needed to take place throughout the IDP process will be the alignment of the IDP with the National Development Plan Pree State Growth and Development Plan (PSGDP), and Back to Basics Strategy. The PSGDP will always be viewed as the broader framework for development within which the IDP should operate. During each phase of the IDP common ground will be found with the PSGDP in order to reach the objectives of the PSGDP.

SECTION E

SPATIAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT RATIONALE



Spatial Development Framework Vision

The spatial development framework will contribute to the balanced physical development of the municipality by establishing a spatial development structure, guiding the management of future development, accommodating development pressures and additional investment, maintaining and further developing the economic potential of the municipality while protecting and integrating the natural environment of the area.

Legislative Framework

Section 26 of the Municipal Systems Act (no 32 of 2000) state one the key components of the IDP is a "Spatial Development Framework which must include the provision of basic guidelines for a land use management system for the municipality".

Objectives of the spatial development framework

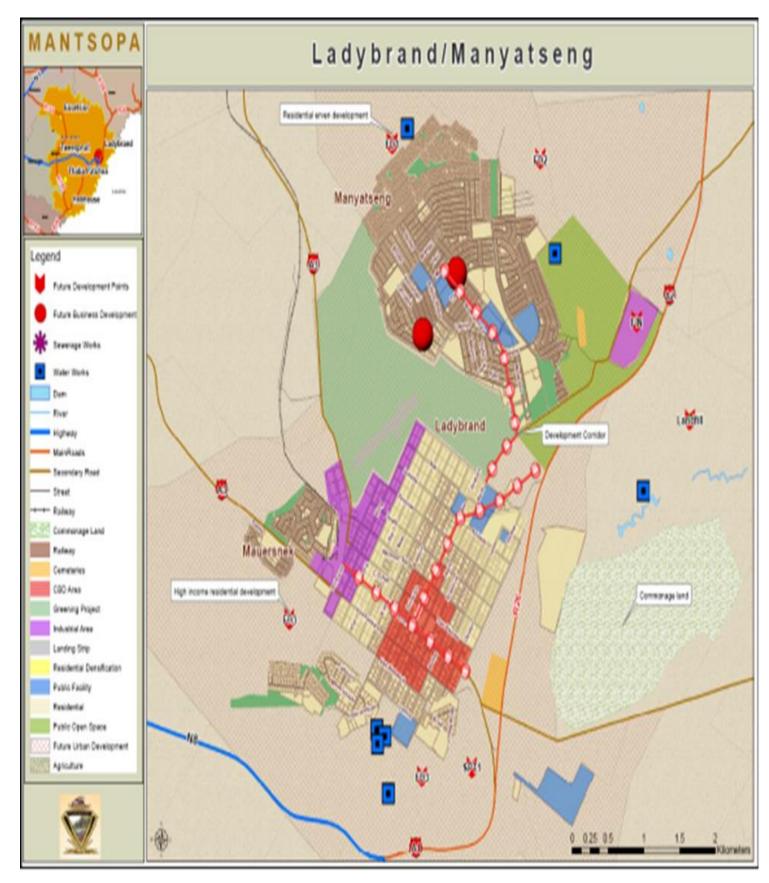
The following are the objectives for the Municipal Spatial Development Framework (SDF) and Land Use Management System (LUMS):

- To provide strategic guidance for the future, physical/spatial development of the Municipal area
- Ensuring that the envisaged physical/spatial development reflects the social, economic, environmental development issues identified in the IDP, i.e. while the SDF and LUMS provides primarily guidance for the existing and future physical / spatial development of the municipality, such development can only be considered appropriate if it

adequately addresses the social, economic, environmental, institutional issues identified in the IDP.

- To create a management tool for the future development, i.e. providing a municipalwide comprehensive town planning scheme which reflects the various existing development conditions and which provides development management for the first steps of realizing the SDF.
- To establish a development structure, i.e. identifying basic structuring elements which provide development guidance, certainty, growth opportunities and flexibility,
- To facilitate integration, i.e. ensuring appropriate vertical and horizontal linkage of policies, intentions and development,
- To create generative systems, i.e. encouraging the establishment of development which generates additional activities, variety and growth,
- To promote incrementalism, i.e. acknowledging development as a continuous process and facilitating an ongoing development process,
- To create a sense of place, i.e. building on the specific opportunities of each location and encouraging the creation of unique environments,
- To cluster development and establish a center strategy, i.e. discouraging development sprawl, encouraging the clustering of compatible development and establishing a hierarchy of service nodes,
- To identify access routes as investment lines, i.e. utilizing levels of accessibility as guidance for the location of development components,

To recognize natural resources as primary assets, i.e. positively integrating natural elements in the creation of a human and sustainable environment



SECTION F

STATUS QUO ASSESSMENT

Introduction

Section 26 of the MSA (Act No 32. of 2000) prescribes that the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) of a Municipality must include an assessment of the existing level of development as well as the development priorities of the municipality, knowledge on available and accessible resources; as well as proper information and the understanding of the dynamics influencing development in the district. Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality is that it address the current service latest information from Statistics main source, coupled with the however challenged with up to date baseline information levels in different development categories. However, the South Africa's Community Survey of 2007 has been the administrative records within the district and the local municipalities.

The following source was utilised to compile the situational analysis:

Stats SA Census 2011

Locality and size

Thabo-Mofutsanyana district municipality enjoys high levels of connectivity to other districts, provinces within South Africa, as well as to airports and harbours.

The N3 that links the Gauteng Province with the Kwazulu Natal Province, passes Warden and Harrismith in the north eastern part of the district. The N1 road borders the west of the district for a small section within Setsoto local municipality. The N5 road traverses the central part of the district from west to east, linking the N1 (at Winburg in Lejwelepurtswa district) with Harrismith via Senekal, Paul Roux, Bethlehem and Kestell. The R26/R711/R712 primary roads also constitute a major roadlink on the eastern border of the district linking Hobhouse, Ladybrand, Clocolan, Ficksburg, Fouriesburg, Clarens, Phuthaditjhaba with Harrismith. Ladybrand links the district with

the N8 route, which links Kimberley with Lesotho via Bloemfontein. This district is built up of consists of six local municipalities thus Mantsopa , Maluti A Phofung, Setsoto, Nketoana , Dihlabeng and Phumelela.

Demographics

Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality has a population size of 736238 according to census results of 2011 and made up of 197018 households with average household size of 3.4 and lastly with 77.3% of formal dwellings.

Provision of services (Flush Toilet connected to Sewage)

Thabo Mofutsanyana district municipality with 217 884 only 48.9 percent thus 106545.27 has flush toilet connected to sewage. Our backlog is 111339.00. According to Outcome 8, Creation of sustainable human settlement and improved quality households. We are obliged to provide housing and improved quality living environment by addressing infrastructure and basic services backlog in existing settlements

Weekly Refuse Removal

Only 49.2 Per cent (96932.8 households) of 197018 households are getting this this service and we have a backlog of 50.8 per cent thus a backlog on 100085.14 households. According to Outcome 8, Creation of sustainable human settlement and improved quality households. We are obliged to provide housing and improved quality living environment by addressing infrastructure and basic services backlog in existing settlements

Electricity for lighting

We have 87.2 per cent of 197 018 households using electricity for lighting and a backlog of 12.8 per cent households thus 25218.3 households still need electricity whilst 171799.7 are relishing the service. According National Development Plan the proportion of people with aces to electricity grid should rise to at least 90percent by 2030 with non-grid options available for the rest.

Education

I terms of percentages of communities with Primary Education Enrolment we are at 95.7 per cent and a backlog of 4.3 per cent and for those who have matriculated we at 24.4 per cent , for those who have not been to school at all we are at 9 per cent. National Development Plan obliges us to make early childhood development a top priority among the measures to improve the quality of education and long term prospects of future generation. FSGDS mandates us to improve educator support by intensify early childhood support hub of service programme.

As the first step of the process of formulating an IDP it is necessary to analyse the current situation in order to identify the needs and problems to come up with priority issues within the municipality. The priority issues should reflect the needs of communities within the municipality as well as the municipal needs and problems.

The methodology followed by the district municipality during the analysis phase was adopted from the methodology set out in the IDP guidelines. The establishment of a steering committee (mayoral committee, heads of departments) and a representative forum from local municipalities, district level trade, farmers and labour unions, traditional leaders and district level NGOs were the first step in starting with the process.

The steering committee takes a leading role in terms of planning for the process, considering comments and inputs from various stakeholders, also making content recommendations and is responsible for preparing, facilitating and documenting the process. The representative forum represents the interest of the constituency, provides an organisational mechanism for discussion, negotiation and decision-making and ensures communication between different stakeholders within the municipality.

Water:

- Water Services Development Plan not in place
- Indicate other challenges that are not highlighted above.

Sanitation:

- Water Services Development Plan not in place
- Indicate the general challenges that are not highlighted above.

Waste Management:

• Integrated Waste Management Plan is in place.

Electricity & Energy:

- Energy Plan, Thabo Mofutsanyana district municipality we are not a electricity service provider
- Lack of free electricity policy for farmer dwellers is a challenge

Roads:

- Thabo Mofutsanyana has Integrated Transport Plan but it is very old as a result it needs overhaul review
- The district is running the rural road assessment system at the present juncture, road classification issue will be addressed.

Challenges.

• Integrated rural transport net system is a serious challenge

Public Participation and Good Governance

1.2 Internal audit function

The committee is entrenched and functional

1.3 Audit committee

The committee is established and operating accordingly

1.4 Oversight committee / Municipal Accounts committee

The committee is in place and functional and it is a shared service.

1.5 Ward committees

These committees are existing and fully functioning.

1.6 Council committees

We have all legislated council committees in place and they convene accordingly

1.7 Supply chain committees (SCM)

All supply chain committees are in existence

Management and operational systems

- Complaints management system is in place however newly nominated batho pele champion are going to be trained on how to operate the and also to have access rights to the system in a form of password for monitoring purposes.
- Fraud prevention plan is in place
- Communication strategy is in place

• Stakeholder mobilisation strategy or public participation

• Strategy is in place however following the B2B diagnostic tool and the action plan thereof the district municipality is urged to have public participation plan in place. Probe has been conducted pertaining to the that plan and the findings thereof is that the only district that has a plan in place at the present juncture is fezile dabi because they had financial muscle to foot the bill of consultants who executed this processes of crating this plan thus from feasibility study, public participation until the finalization of the Plan. Thabo Mofutsanyana district municipality is at no position to can do justice to this need or indicator following financial woes facing in relation to execution of its priorities needs. Our subsequent solvent would then be soliciting patronage from the provincial government.

Institutional Development and Transformation

Strategic Objectives: Improve organizational cohesion and effectiveness

Intended Outcome: Improved organizational stability and sustainability

The organization has Information Technology unit which consist of the IT Manager and IT intern. The IT Unit has a steering committee which is guided by the IT Steering Committee Policy, other Policies are: TMDM IT Backup Policy and TMDM IT Security Policy.

- Availability of skilled staff
 - Every Unit within the Organization has sufficient skilled staff which can later be challenged by a number of vacant positions.
- Organizational structure
 - The organization has the organogram in place which was adopted by the municipality council.
- Vacancy rate
 - There is a number of vacant positions which will be addressed by the organogram that is in the process of being reviewed.
- skills development plan
 - The organization has the Work Skills Plan that is submitted annually to Local Government Seta.
- human resource management strategy or plan None.
- individual performance and organizational management systems
 Currently the performance management system is directed only to section 56 managers and the organizational performance is being measured by the Auditor General Opinion.
- monitoring, evaluation and reporting processes and systems.
 Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting Processes and Systems are being performed quarterly in the form of SDBIP Reports and Quarterly reports to the Municipal Council.

Financial Viability

Strategic Objective: To improve overall financial management in municipalities by developing and implementing appropriate financial management policies, procedures and systems.

Intended Outcome: Improved financial management and accountability.

- Tariff policies not applicable to the district
- Rates policies not applicable to the district
- SCM policy Policy is approved by council
- Staffing in SCM Unit the SCM Manager post still vacant awaiting for approval of the revised structure
- Creditors payment are made within the prescribed timeframe of 30 days
- Auditor- General findings Issues raised in the auditor general report, none compliance with laws and regulations
- Financial Management System are as follows:
- i. e-Venus (financial system)
- ii. VIP (payroll)
- iii. BAUD (assets system)

Local Economic Development and Job creation

Strategic Objective: Create an environment that promotes development of the local economy and facilitate job creation.

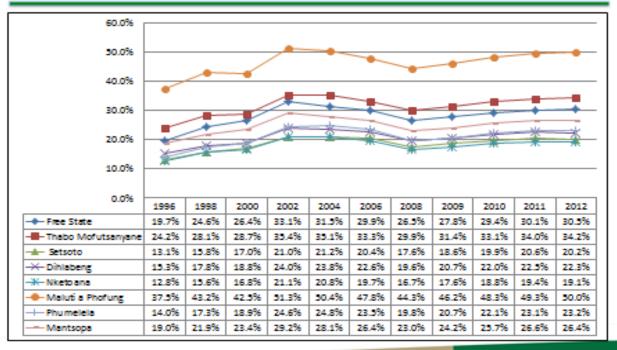
Intended Outcome: Improved municipality economic viability.

Indicate the availability and status with regard to the following:

- Local Economic Development strategy is in place but need to be reviewed awaiting appointment of service provider.
- Unemployment rate (disaggregate in terms of gender, age, etc).

Unemployment rates





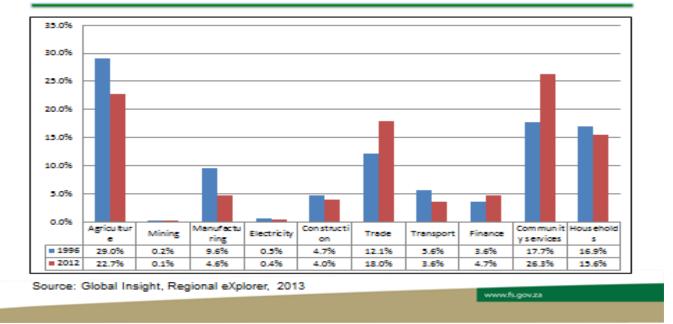
Source: Global Insight, Regional eXplorer, 2013

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The Free State province had the highest unemployment rate in the country at 30.5% in 2012. The Thabo Mofutsanyane unemployment rate was above the provincial average at 34.2% in 2012. Since 1996, the unemployment rate in Thabo Mofutsanyane has been consistently above the provincial rate. Maluti a Phofung has the worst unemployment rate within the Thabo Mofutsanyane District at 50.0%. The rest of the local municipalities have unemployment rates that are below the district and provincial unemployment rates.

Employment share by industry

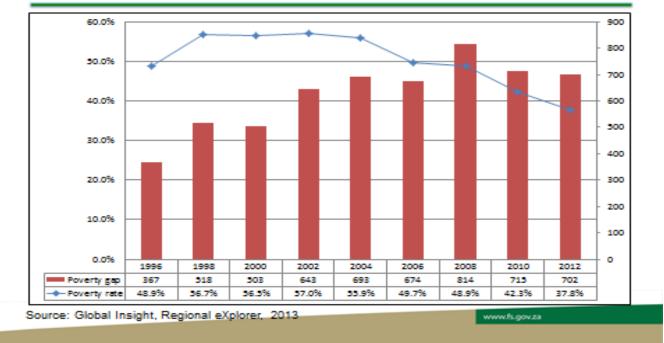




The biggest employers in the Thabo Mofutsanyane District are the community services (26.4%), agriculture (22.7%), trade (18.0%), and private households (15.6%). Mining is the smallest employer in the region with a share of 0.1%, followed by electricity (0.4%).

Poverty Indicators

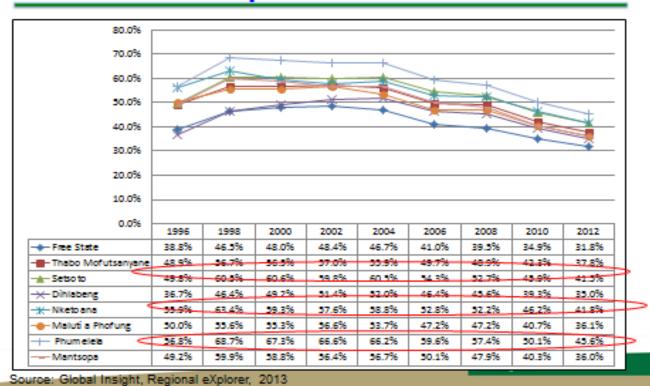




The percentage of people living in poverty has been on a decline in Thabo Mofutsanyane; from 48.9% in 1996 to 37.8%, representing a decrease of 11.10 percentage points. The poverty gap, on the other hand, has however increased from around 367 in 1996 to 702 in 2012.

Poverty rates by local municipalities





Factsheet Economic Growth & Development

District municipality Thabo Mofutsanyane

Selected area: District municipality Thabo Mofutsanyane

Compared with: Province Free State

South Africa

The number of employed people in Thabo Mofutsanyane is 144,128. This is 31.3% of the working-age population (15-64 years).

Figure 3: Working age population by gender in 2011 (% of population 15-64 years).

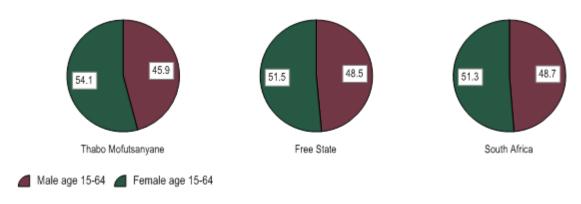
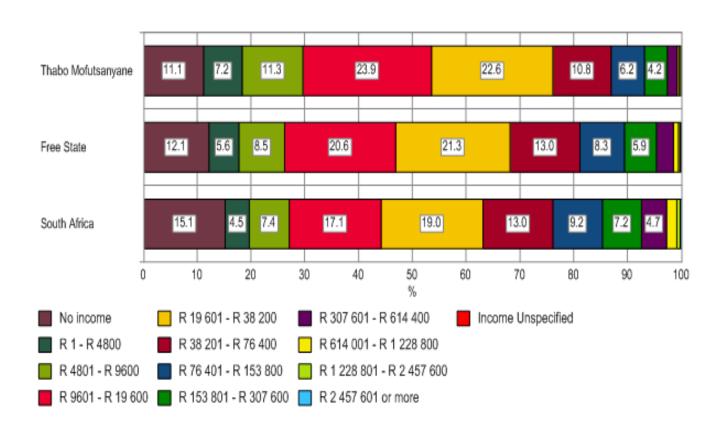


Figure 4: Monthly household income in 2011 (% of total households).



Factsheet Economic Growth & Development

Local Municipality Mantsopa



Time period: 2011

Selected area: Local Municipality Mantsopa Compared with: Province Free State

South Africa

The number of employed people in Mantsopa is 11,839. This is 36.9% of the working-age population (15-64 years). Figure 1: Labour absorption rate* in local municipalities of province Free State in 2011 (%).

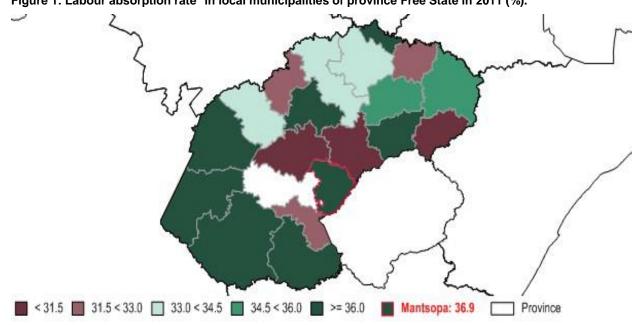


Figure 3: Working age population by gender in 2011 (% of population 15-64 years).

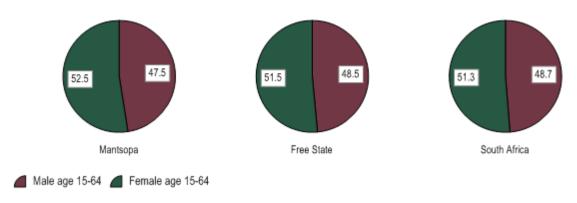
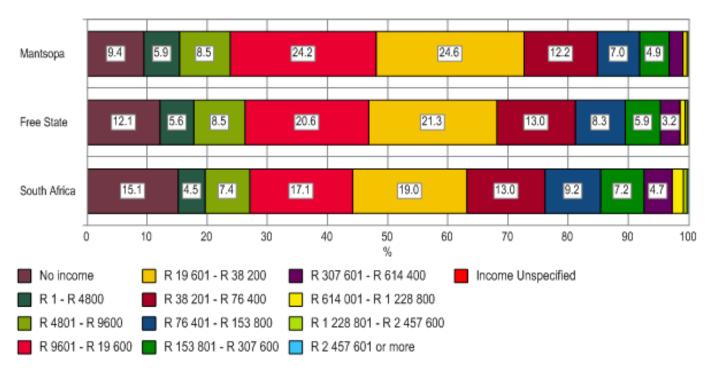


Figure 4: Monthly household income in 2011 (% of total households).



Factsheet Economic Growth & Development Local Municipality Phumelela

Time period: 2011

Selected area: Local Municipality Phumelela

Compared with: Province Free State

South Africa

The number of employed people in Phumelela is 10,680. This is 35.9% of the working-age population (15-64 years).

Figure 3: Working age population by gender in 2011 (% of population 15-64 years).

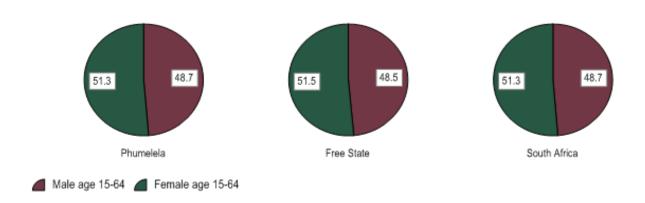
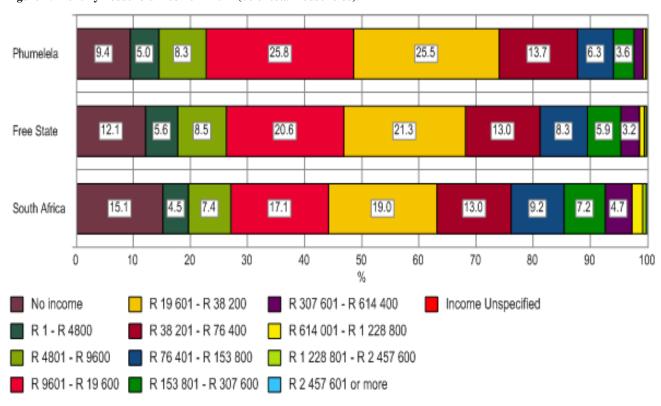


Figure 4: Monthly household income in 2011 (% of total households).



Factsheet Economic Growth & Development Local Municipality Maluti a Phofung

Time period: 2011

Selected area: Local Municipality Maluti a Phofung

Compared with: Province Free State

South Africa

The number of employed people in Maluti a Phofung is 52,867. This is 25.4% of the working-age population (15-64 years).

Figure 3: Working age population by gender in 2011 (% of population 15-64 years).

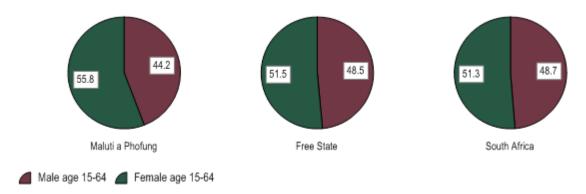
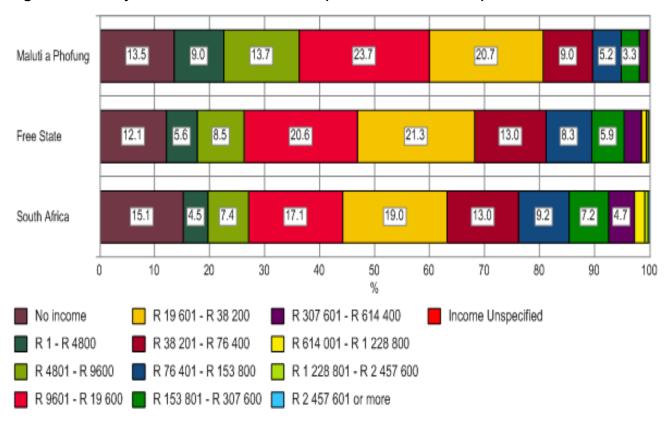


Figure 4: Monthly household income in 2011 (% of total households).



Factsheet Economic Growth & Development Local Municipality Dihlabeng

Time period: 2011

Selected area: Local Municipality Dihlabeng

Compared with: Province Free State

South Africa

The number of employed people in Dihlabeng is 33,845. This is 40.4% of the working-age population (15-64 years).

*Employed persons as a percentage of the working age population (15-64 years)

Figure 3: Working age population by gender in 2011 (% of population 15-64 years).

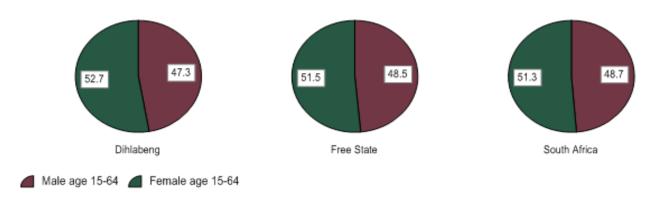
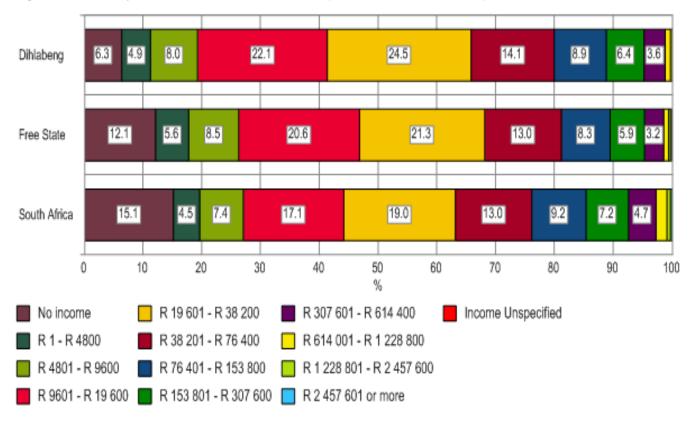
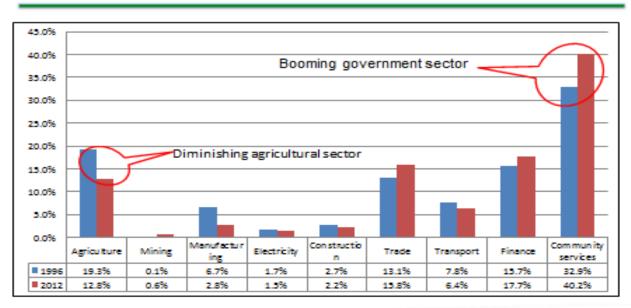


Figure 4: Monthly household income in 2011 (% of total households).



GDP contribution by industry





Source: Global Insight, Regional eXplorer, 2013

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The biggest sectors in the district in 2012 were:

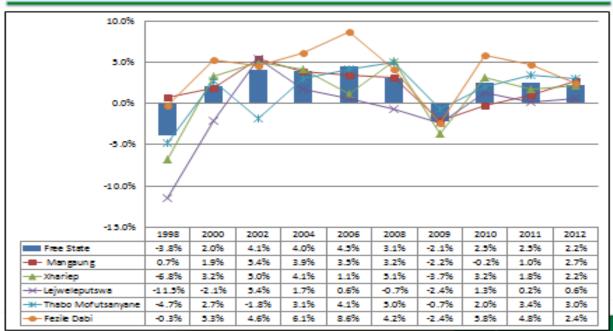
- Community services (40.2%)
- Finance (17.7%)
- Trade (15.8%)

The smallest sectors were:

- Mining (0.6%)
- Electricity (1.5%)
- Construction (2.2%)

GDP growth rates





Source: Global Insight, Regional eXplorer, 2013

GDP growth rates





Source: Global Insight, Regional eXplorer, 2013

Fastest growing municipalities since 1996:

Mantsopa (1.7% average)

Dihlabeng (1.5% average)

Slowest growing:

Phumelela (0.7% average)

Nketoana (1.2% average)

However, in the past 5 years, Maluti a Phofung has been leading the pack with an average growth of 3.2%, whilst Dihlabeng has been the slowest growing region with 2.2% average growth rate

Job creation initiatives by the municipality (e.g. local procurement, EPWP implementation, CWP, etc).

Thabo Mofutsanyana district municipality is at present juncture working hand in clove with COGTA national to entrench such vital structures as local business forums and district business forum. Through same cartel we are also going to sure case the establishment of the Business agency with the main objective of attracting investors into our district in order to create job opportunities and improve our economy.

A SNAP SHOT OF THE OUTCOMES OF THE ABOVE CITED INITIATIVE.

THABO MOFUTSANYANE CBVS

Existing BDF CBV		Description	Status
Thabo	Abattoir and	The abattoir focuses more	Requested to represent at
Mofutsanyana	Manufacturing	on meat processing. The	the LG for approval
This BDF	Business	existing abattoir has a	
began in 2015		capacity to supply all local	
and CBVs in		butcheries and outside	
development		Bethlehem. The aim is to	
stages		expand the business by	
		constructing a Cattle feedlot	
although		and Dog food	
		manufacturing plant.	

Existing BDF	CBV	Description	Status
some ready to begin submission)	АНА	Affordable housing development for pensioners and emerging middle class.	Await meeting with LM re land availability.
	Bethlehem Truck Stop	National fright and logistics facility. The aim of the project is to strengthen the National Freight Logistic Strategy to improve transport efficiency.	Finance applied for to IDC and PIC
	Bojanless General Trading	Mixed farming (piggery, cattle, sheep and poultry).	Requested to represent at the LG
	Clothing and textiles	Clothing manufacturing.	Being assisted by SEDA to survive. Supported by Blueprint pro bono
	Drummore Farms	Drummore Farm is an existing farm dedicated to the production of livestock (sheep, pigs and cattle) and cash crops in different seasons. The project centres on the establishment of business units which comprises a central management farm and a network of thirteen ownermanaged business units.	Business plan in preparation
	Solar Home Light	Is an innovative green energy IT (Pty) Ltd which focuses on manufacturing of solar energy	Applications for funding underway. Some grants received. Factory site in preparation. Offtake agreements requested from promoter and break-even point.
	Integrated Plant Project	Dairy farming.	Still to present to LG
	KNT Laundry and Dry Cleaning	Laundry and cleaning business. The business will provide a new door-door dry cleaning, laundry and alteration service in Harrismith and surrounding	Still to present to LG.

Existing BDF	CBV	Description	Status
		neighbourhoods that will surely attract customer attention.	
	Maluti Quarrying	Sand stone mining. The project aims to establish quarrying mining industry in the Eastern Free State using s mining method called quarrying. The sand stone blocks produced by the quarrying clusters will be processed, packaged and sold at an affordable price to bulk market including builders and public sector buildings (schools, hospitals, prisons, etc)	Business plan in preparation
	Moreson Ranch Wild Game Farm	Game farming They intend to expand the business by constructing a fish breeding facilities with open dams and tanks.	Not approved by LG. Required to present again to deal with some concerns raised.
	Nehemia Skills Pro	Training and development skills programme. The Skills Pro Group is a uniquely positioned group of small businesses in terms of its ability to implement various training systems into Education Departments.	Business plan complete.
	Potato Agro- Processing	Potato cultivation and processing. The project at creating jobs and to alleviate poverty in the Eastern Free State and also to create sustainable business. The project is to be located in Bethlehem.	Business plan complete.
	Tourism Parks and Loft	Hotel accommodation and conferencing. The aim is to set up hospitality and catering business in the Thabo Mofutsanyana	Applied for funding at the PIC and await decision

Existing BDF	CBV	Description	Status
		District Municipality, Free State.	
	Bethlehem Sand and Water Mining	B SW focuses on brick manufacturing plant. The BSW intends to produce the best quality products at a competitive price for the larger area.	Applied for funding IDC. Geology survey complete and meets IDC requirements. Now at Due Diligence stage

We also forged relations with the department on forestry and fisheries and they have committed themselves to assist us with crafting of greening plans for the district and local municipalities. The objectives of the greening plan are :

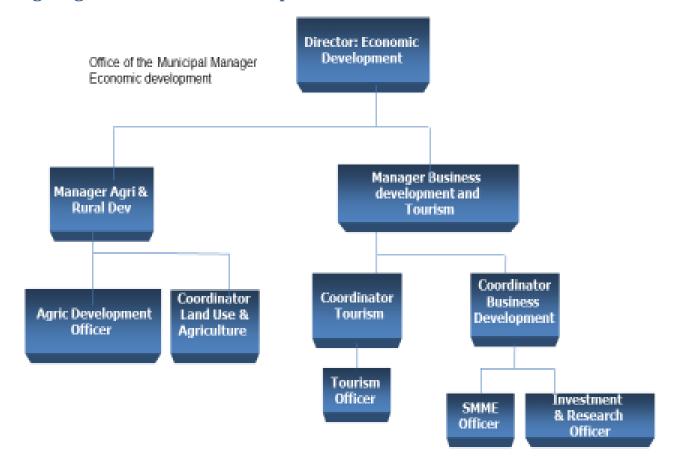
- To ensure that each municipality in the province has developed a systematic and integrated Greening Plan for implementation
- To implement awareness and education programmes to reach all targeted communities
- To plant the required number of trees according to the approved Greening Plans ensuring the highest possible survival rate

In our district through this crafting and adoption of the greening we will able to create jobs in such local municipality as Maluti A Phofung, as it has forests which used to create jobs to the community dwelling in that area. The process is in progress and will be realized fully in the ensuing financial year as we did not have sufficient funds to execute this indicator as per our plan. We rely solely on our sister department in order to success on this endeavor.

LED BUDGET

	APPROVED	PROPOSED	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	MTREF BUDGET	DRAFT BUDGET	DRAFT BUDGET	DRAFT BUDGET
Description	2015/2016	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Description	2013/2010	2010/17	2017/18	2018/19
EMPLOYEE RELATED COST				
EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS - WAGES/SALARIES				
ALLOWANCE - ACTING	-			
ALLOWANCE - CELL PHONE	33 200	26 400	26 400	26 400
ALLOWANCE - HOUSING	24 109	16 800	16 800	16 800
ALLOWANCE - HOUSING - RENTAL ALLOWANCE - OTHER	-	-	-	-
ALLOWANCE - SITTING		-		<u> </u>
ALLOWANCE - TRAVELLING	377 877	327 967	327 967	327 967
ANNUAL BONUS	118 232	128 661	137 924	147 441
BASIC SALARY	2 068 784	1 543 927	1 655 090	1 769 291
INCENTIVE/PERFORMANCE BONUS	-	-	-	-
LEAVE REDEMPTION	100 247	-	-	-
OVERTIME	-	-	-	-
SUB-TOTAL EMP COST WAGES/SALARIES	2 722 449	2 043 755	2 164 181	2 287 899
EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS - SOCIAL CONTR				
LEVY SLGBC	420	348	348	348
MEDICAL AID FUND	302 871	104 963	112 520.27	120 284
PENSION FUND	314 974	278 988	299 075	319 711
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	10 519	7 139	7 139	7 139
WORKMAN'S COMPENSATION	-			-
SUB-TOTAL EMP COST - SOCIAL CONTR	628 784	391 437	419 082	447 482
TOTAL EMPLOYEE RELATED COST	3 351 233	2 435 192	2 583 263	2 735 381
TOTAL LIMI LOTEL NELL'ALED GGGT	0 001 200	2 400 102	2 000 200	2 700 001
DEPRECIATION	-			
OTHER ASSETS: COMPUTERS	-			
OTHER ASSETS: FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	6 600	6 930	7 277	7 749
OTHER ASSETS:OFFICE EQUIPMENT	10 248	10 760	11 298	12 033
SUB-TOTAL DEPRECIATION	16 848	17 690	18 575	19 782
GENERAL EXPENSES				
DISTRICT TOURISM EXPO	50 000	_	_	_
ESTABLISHMENT OF A MINI CORIO STUDIO	-	-	250 000	264 750
MARKETING AND PROMOTIONS GENERAL	300 000	350 000	371 700	393 630
MINOR ASSETS	-	-	-	-
SMME DEVELOPMENT	500 000	740 000	785 880	832 247
SKILLS DEVELOPMENT	30 000	24 352	25 862	27 388
TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	500 000	300 000	318 600	337 397
TOURISM SCHOOL AWARENESS PROGRAMME TRAVELLING	100 000 170 443	102 266	108 606	115 014
SETA LEARNERSHIP PROGRAMME	318 000	102 200	100 000	- 115 014
WORKSHOP GENERAL	-	120 000	127 440	134 959
SUB-TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES	1 968 443	1 636 618	1 988 088	2 105 385
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURE	5 336 523	4 089 500	4 589 926	4 860 548
ASSETS EDOM OWN FLINDS				
ASSETS FROM OWN FUNDS FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT	-	100 000		
COMPUTERS		100 000		
FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT	-			
ASSET LED	-			
FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT	-			
TOTAL ASSETS FROM OWN FUNDS	-	100 000	-	-
TOTAL OPERATING & CAPITAL EXPENSE	5 336 523	4 189 500	4 589 926	4 860 548

Organogram: Economic Development Unit



SMMES DATABASE

UPDATED DATA BASE FOR LED & TOURISM DEPARTMENT 2015-2016

PHUMELELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

				A LOCAL MUNICIPALITY	I •
Name &	Contact	Name of	Address	Email address	Business
Surname		Company			
Twala Aggie	0843149556	Khubula will	1523	dina@axxes.co.za	Catering
		of Fortune	Hlatshwayo		Construction
			Str		& delivering
			Thembalihle		supply
			Vrede 9835		
Nhlapho	0727142536	Masizizameleni	1516	ncanejoana@webmail.co.za	Cleaning,
Ncane		Trading	Mashinini		catering
		Enterprise	Str		
		•	Thembalihle		
			Vrede 9835		
Ramathibane		Diphulaneng	1495	rramathebane@yahoo.com	Cleaning,
Emily		catering	Hlatshwayo	·	catering
·		o o	Str		
			Thembalihle		
			Vrede 9835		
Malinga	0589131024	Babi Rigid	2846 Yende	muzimalinga75@gmail.com	Deco &
Muzi			Str		catering
			Thembalihle		
			Vrede 9835		
Maboea	0729289608	Today hope	2540 Nkomo	tebohomaboea@gmail.com	Public
Teboho		Trading	Str		works,
			Thembalihle		engineering
			Vrede 9835		
Tshabalala	0781971638	Ve Tshabalala	2372	Not Available	Building,
		Trading	Kheswa Str		Paving
			Thembalihle		Catering,
			Vrede 9835		cleaning
L.Sebiloane	0726759205	Katleho Eka	10 Kerk Str	riamoetsoe@gmail.com	Building
		Moso Primary	Vrede 9835		shelves
		•			cupboards,
					metal door
					garage,
					ridges
Tsotetsi	0820838950	Marantha	1910	tsotetsimareka@gmail.com	Bricks
Mareka		Bricks Works	Mathobela		Works
			Str		
			Thembalihle		
			Vrede 9835		
Sebeloane	0725923463	Phakoe	3091 Modise	Moetidepuho.s@gmail.com	Construction
Matebesi		Security	Str		
		Company	Vrede 9835		
Tsotetsi	0589240577	Memel	28 Zamani		Catering

Ennie		catering	Memel 2970		
Khanye	0632636573	Memel Sanah	599 Zamani	Sanahkhanye3@gmail.com	Renovating,
Sanah		Construction	Memel 2970		Plumbing &
					Paving
Tshabalala	0727769709	Sizakancane	1425 Zamani	Not Available	Renovating,
Simon		Construction	Memel 2970		Plumbing &
					Paving

DIHLABENG

Maria P.Mosia Puleng Keabets we Mofoken	07907919 09	Matsoara Thebe Senior Citizen K20132093	1161 Koppie Allern Str 185 Bochabe la Str,BHM	mskmakutoane@gmail .com P.K8mofokeng@gmail. com	Crafters- beads/wool manufacturing Catering, Cleaning, Cleaning/Mate rial
Ouma Motloun g	06040839 12/ 07602548 01	Deborn M/purpose Co- operative	668 Extensi on One,BH M	Not Available	Sewing, supply, construction, catering
Maria Lephond o	07392414 42	Rethabile Retsohile Bakery	1631 Mkhonz a Str	Not Available	Baking
Majara Nhlapho	07108796 56	Rainbow People with Disability	597 Ext 1 Bohloko ng BHM	ppwdisability@webmai l.co. za	NGO/
Alleta .M. Zondo	07686220 38	Selimoha Trading	609 Ext 1 Bohloko ng BHM	Not Available	Cleaning, Maintenance, Catering, Construction

MALUTI -A-PHOFUNG

Motla tsi Lipho ko	07670 06123	Bright Day Consultan cy	P.O.Box 5738 Phutha ditjaba	info@brightdaytrai ning. Co.za	Training, Learning Material Developer
Ramo thabi Phile mon Chalal e	08459 26401	Planet 2000	342 Manyat seng Ladybra nd	ramothabi@yahoo. com	General Supplier, Construction
Joyce Shand u	07942 61016	Ditlotlise ng Dintle Multi- Trading	316 Khumal o Str.H/s mith	joyce.b.shandu@g mail,com	Catering, Building, Construction
Pasek a Mosea	05871 0 4906	Maverick Trading	2958 Lusaka Witsies hoek	Mavericktrading59 8cc@gmail. com	Manufacturing repairing school furniture Welding, Renovations
Dipuo Lukhe le	07305 50079	Bohletlok omelong Primary Cooperati ve	2586 Deaman e Str.Phu thas	Not Available	Manufacturing and Service
Aletta	08330 81976	Ka Pitseng Cooperati ve	21 Joubert Str	Alletapillay@gmail.	Catering &Events Management, Distribution.
Micha el Mokar o	05871 3-4072	Tlokwe General Dealer	239 High Str.Phu thas	Michaelmokoro03 @gmail.com	Construction, Plumbing, Di stribution, Catering
Pabal o Tradi ng	07867 53278	Thulwana Makheona	57 Kolobe Street	ngokwenam@gmail .com	Catering, supplier internal decorating
Falap hi Lipha pang	07343 63557	Bokamuso Blight of six co- operative	T3950 Thabon g Manyat seng	bokamusobrightors ir@yahoo,com	Catering & Construction

GM Tham aeus.	08267 32727	GM THAMAEA S group	1482 Tsoela STR	gmthomaes@gmail.	Construction, Building materials
Bet Fanya na Mosia	07886 83658	Batho bohle Trading & Projects 29cc	583 Riversi de Witsies hoek	Not Available	Bricks Manufacturing, Construction, Sandstone
Mojak eT.J		Tjaba dikopane co- operative	3181 Thabon g Lusaka	thabodikopane@g mail.com	Catering, Cleaning & Construction





Tourism Indaba

Executive Summary



Indaba is one of the largest tourism marketing events on African calendar and one of the top three 'must visit' events of its kind on the global calendar.

It showcases the widest variety of Southern Africa's best tourism products, attracting both international visitors and media from across the world. It is known as the ideal platform where the entire tourism industry markets their products and showcase what they have to offer.

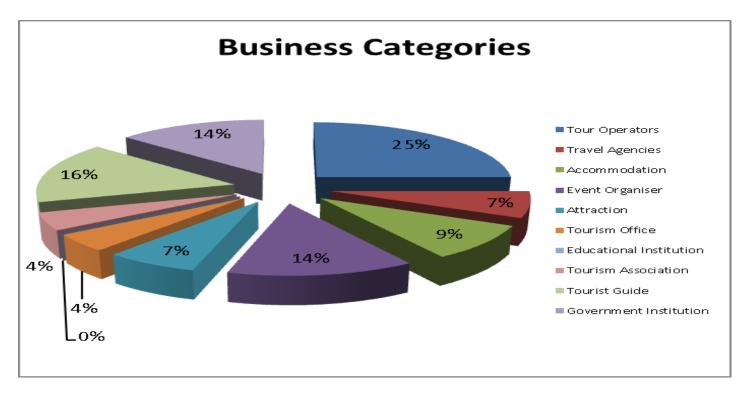
Background

- o The Free State Tourism Authority (FSTA) has since its inception participated at the event in consultation with the Districts Municipalities, the entity nominate products that would represent the Free State to showcase flagship attractions that the province has to offer.
- O The entity has been incurring costs amounting to millions of rands to enable selected developing businesses (SMME's) and other established businesses emanating from all five regions of the province to exhibit under their stand. The selected businesses range in categories of tour operators, accommodation establishments, event coordinators, government institutions, etc.

objective for tmdm to attend indaba

- o Tourism indaba offers an opportunity to network, meet new business potentials and solidify existing relationships.
- o To put Thabo Mofutsanyana in the main-stream of tourism development.
- o To expose personnel the new ideas and innovations within the tourism industry.
- Face to face meetings with industry representatives from all over the world, gives us a platform to explain the facts about travel to TMDM.
- o The exposure allows us to keep up with the trends in the industry which ensures that we keep up the requirements of our visitors base.
- o It also provides a platform for our tourism exhibitors to collaborate and to meet the world's premier travel and tourism buyers.

Business Participation from Free State at Indaba 2015.





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As per the chart above, the highest percentage of the participants were tour operators with 25% followed by tour guides with 16%, an equal percentage of event organisers and government institutions with 14%. The businesses that recorded low were accommodation establishments with 9%, followed by travel agencies and attractions, with an equal percentage of 7%. The lowest percentage was recorded by tourism offices as well as tourism associations, which both scored 4%.

o It should be noted that although some companies recorded low participation percentages, the reason highlighted was that some of the participants occupied a few roles in one company, e.g. Basotho Cultural Village is a government institution, an accommodation establishment as well as an attraction, whereas Masupatsela Travel & Tours wore many hats, as a Tour operator, Travel agency as well as a Tour Guide.

EXHIBITORS POINT OF VIEW TO ATTEND INDABA



o 29% of the businesses indicated that their primary objective was to make new business contacts in the industry. It shows that 17% of companies indicated their secondary objective as that of reviving business relations as well as distributing information about their businesses. 15% of the companies indicated the importance of observing how their competition is performing and also to learn and adapt to the new trends in business tourism. 12% of businesses indicated the need to engage in discussions and negotiations with potential clients so as to forge lucrative business transactions. Only 10% of the companies indicated the need to attract potential investors to their businesses.

What needs to be done is cited hereunder

- o There is a need for the municipality to step up its marketing endeavours to be able to reach diverse markets and that should be at a continuous basis.
- o To intensify the e-marketing since the world has moved into digital information.
- o Our tour operators need to be encouraged to have specialized packages for birding, adventure, etc to be able to attract this markets.
- o To have a detailed tour packages which sells the entire district.







Dinosaur Interpretive Centre

BACKGROUND.

The Dinosaur eggs was discovered at Golden Gate National Park during the construction of the road in 1977 by Professor James Kitching, it was the oldest dinosaur eggs ever discovered, about 200 million years in age.

CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT.

The construction of the project is expected to unlock the economic potential of heritage and cultural tourism products and these offerings in turn will boost the tourism economy of the rural node of Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality (Eastern Free State). Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality is amongst the 23 district municipalities identified for development by the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform through the Comprehensive Rural Development Programme. Most importantly the proposed project is

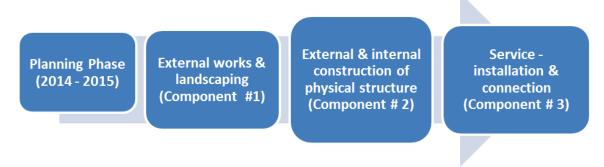
informed by the National Rural Tourism Strategy (2012) and the National Heritage and Cultural Tourism Strategy of the Department of Tourism.

The key role players involved in the implementation of the proposed project are the Department of Tourism, Department of Environmental Affairs and the South African National Parks (SANParks). A partnership agreement (Memorandum of Understanding) between the Department of Tourism and the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) outlines key areas of cooperation between both departments and SANParks (an agency of DEA), towards the implementation of the Dinosaur Interpretive Centre at the GGHNP.

According to the projections of the feasibility study of the Dinosaur Interpretive Centre, there will be a number of jobs created during the construction and operational phases of the project. In essence, the project will serve as an economic hub to unlock job creation opportunities and economic beneficiation to the immediate local communities through tourism development in the countryside.

The DEA will be responsible for ensuring that all relevant conservation stakeholders are coordinated in respect of buy-in and supporting the construction of the project. The Dinosaur Interpretive Centre will increase public access on scientific knowledge and broaden the appreciation of science heritage

The construction of the project will be implemented in the following phases and activities:



PROJECT FUNDING

DESCRIPTION	STATUS	
Budget	R 120 million	
Professional fees	R 18. 4 million	
Implementer fees	R 8.4 million	
Construction	R 92 million	
Building & external	R 69, 829, 212	
Display	R 22, 887, 612	
EPWP Budget	R 3,2 million	

Implementation Programme.

The construction of the project will commence in August 2016 and the estimated completion date will be the end of September 2017. SanParks mentioned the experct would be requested to assist with the drafting of the tender document to make provision for the local aspect.



The major economic foundation of the District is Agriculture. The district has approximately 3000 hectares of farmland and the district is one of the most fertile and consequently one of the most productive areas in the Free State. The main agricultural activities that occur in the district are: Crop farming, livestock farming and Horticulture. In most developing countries like South Africa agricultural sector performance determines overall economic growth, trade expansion, and increased income-earning opportunities (that is why drought effect increased food inflation).

The commercial farming sector in the District is well-structured has thriving coordinated support service, managers that have all the necessary skill and experience to facilitate the majority of the commercial farmers in the District.

The emerging farmers has a marginal support services and networks. The emerging farmers largely depend on funding and grants for survival. Furthermore, the output or production from emerging farmers is mainly for local or informal markets.

Challenges faced by emerging farmers include the following:

- Limited access to market infrastructure (e.g. Packhouse, Abattoirs, Silos).
- Agriculture finance is a highly complicated courting experience.
- Skills development is a major Set-back (Extension Service).
- Limited government support.
- Interpretation of market information.
- Poor veld condition.
- Poor Knowledge of Pasture and Animal Management.
- Poor farm management.
- Drought.
- High Competition in the industry and lack of participation in the markets because of constraints and barriers.
- Limited Access to credit.
- Dilapidated infrastructure.
- Insufficient farm size.
- Lack of significant investment.
- · Limited access to production factors.
- The Department of Rural Development and Land Reform Programs (land redistribution, Land tenure and Land Restitution).
- Working Capital.
- Emerging Farmers are disorganised and misrepresented (in fighting, free riding and Power dynamics).

The remedial actions to the abovementioned challenges, the district municipality will do the following:

• Servicing of ground dams.

- Drilling of boreholes.
- Renaissance of farms.
- Farmer support (procurement of livestock and other Agricultural inputs or apparatus).
- Rotovators for rekgaba ka diratswana finalist.
- Provide extension service or outreach programme.
- Agri-Parks with its 3 distinct interrelated components will assist in terms of linking farmers to markets, primary collection, storage, processing of output, provide extension service including mechanisation, equipment hire, packaging, logistics, innovation and training.
- Take emerging farmers to different agricultural exhibitions or Expos like: NAMPO, African Farmers Workshop and Expo, Bloem Show, Information days and famers days.
- Training of emerging farmers on Animal Health or management, Responsible use of pesticides, Vegetable Production, Veld Management, Animal Nutrition, Farm management, Bookeeping, Marketing, Basic Computer, Business Management, Livestock Breeding, soil conversation, Cooperative Governance, Commonage Management and Pounding.
- Conservation of Agricultural Resource.
- Livestock Branding / Animal Identification.
- Agricultural Career Exhibition.
- Agricultural Learnership and Internships.
- Continue transporting water to drought affected areas.

Priority Issues

The priorities identified during the representative forum workshop are as follow. Priority issues are grouped into priority themes.

INFRASTRUCTURE AND SERVICES	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND JOB CREATION
Water	SMME development
Sanitation	Tourism development
Electricity	Industrial Development
Waste management	Agricultural Development
Roads, streets, stormwater	Land Use Management
Land development	Land reform and restitution
Transport, Safety and	
security	
COMMUNITY SERVICES	INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT
Municipal Health	Institutional development
Environmental management	Corporate governance
Disaster management	GOOD GOVERNANCE AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION
Education	Development Planning
Arts and Culture	Community Participation
Sport	
	FINANCIAL VIABILITY
	Financial Management

Priority issues for the district are broad areas for development. The detail problems and needs within each of these statements are elaborated upon in the following section.

Current Realties

Each priority issue has been studied in-depth to get to the real or core issues that local municipalities have with the priority. Below the core issues of each priority issue is listed followed by a description of the trends and causes of problems experienced with the issues. It is clear from the description that priorities are closely linked and integrated. For the sake of order it was necessary to strategically group priority issues into development themes.

Infrastructure and Services

Water

Trends, problems and causes

Majority of urban areas have individual erf connections. Rural areas are poorly serviced in terms of water and many farm workers have to walk long distances to a water source.

Bulk water in the district is in most areas sufficient except Phumelela, Nketoana, and Setsoto. Supply systems are not always adequate. Water treatment facilities are very rudimentary in some areas where quality is not guaranteed to meet standards. Small municipalities lack personnel, resources & finances to operate and maintain bulk & internal water supply systems effectively.

The challenge in terms of water for the municipality is to provide affordable services and infrastructure with the limited resources available. In some cases (especially rural areas) the distance to communities are too large to provide an affordable water network.

Sanitation

Core issues:

- Disparities in provision of sanitation
- Lack of sustainable and affordable systems
- Environmental risk
- Services maintenance

Trends, problems and causes

Huge imbalance existed between previously advantaged and disadvantaged areas. 58% of all residents in Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality did not have an acceptable sanitation system (above VIP). The predominant system in the area was VIP and buckets, but in many instances VIPs cannot be provided due communities rejection of same .The MIG injection for bucket eradication completely changed the situation since 2005. All municipalities except Mantsopa, and Nketoana reported that they have eradicated buckets.

A waterborne system is mostly acceptable and required although it is least feasible and affordable to provide. Low or zero water usage systems are acceptable by most communities and especially viable for rural areas.

The district municipality has provided VIP systems for rural areas in the past in cooperation with DWA. There is a concern, however, that the investment is made in favour of farm owners and that farm workers do not benefit that much.

No regional sewerage treatment works exists and most towns have their own facilities, many of which require upgrading. Small towns lack personnel, resources & finances to operate and maintain bulk & internal sanitation systems effectively. Some purification systems are a threat to the environment and urgent attention need to be given to these.

Electricity distribution

- Service delivery
- Rural areas not serviced well
- Maintenance

Trends, problems and causes

Electricity is seen not as essential for survival, but it is regarded as an important service to alleviate poverty.

Eskom is the sole provider for the region, although there is not a uniform distribution service as most municipalities buy from Eskom and then provide it the different communities. Electricity provision and distribution through the area is generally good with little shortcomings. There are still imbalances in the provision of electricity as there are previously disadvantaged areas without electricity.

Power failures are common, especially during thunderstorms, due to weak networks and limited infrastructure such as sub stations.

There is no electricity generating facilities operating at the moment, but Dihlabeng has completed its small scale water driven facility. A project to generate hydro-electricity is currently operational in the Axle River in Dihlabeng and will provide some electricity to Bethlehem.

Waste Management

Core issues:

- Management of dumping sites
- Management of waste
- Regional facility
- Unlicensed landfill sites

Trends, problems and causes

Waste Management

The Integrated Waste Management Plan was adopted by Council in 2011 and it was for a period of five years (20011- 2016). The plan should therefore be updated and strategies and action plans reviewed for the next five year period. The service is rendered internally in all the Municipalities within the District.

Almost all Municipalities implement the following strategies to minimise waste and create awareness:

 By- Back Centres, Presidential clean-up campaigns, Mayoral projects, Cash for waste, EPWP, Cleanest Town Competition, Youth jobs in waste and recycling projects.

Waste Removal:

The national target for waste removal services in terms of the waste management strategy of the National Department of Environmental Affairs is:

- to promote waste minimisation, reuse, recycling and recovery of waste. 25% of recyclables diverted from landfill sites for reuse, recycling or recovery.
- to ensure affective and efficient delivery of waste services. 95 % of urban households and 75% of rural households have access to adequate levels of waste collection service. 80% of waste disposal sites have permits.
- to ensure that people are aware of the impact of waste on their health, wellbeing and the environment. 80% of schools implementing waste awareness programme.

A waste removal service is offered to 100% of the established township areas. However Maluti A Phofung Local Municipality does not offer sufficient waste removal services due to the high rural spread of the population.

The main challenge experienced by most Municipalities is the poor condition of waste collection equipment. Budgetary constraints to acquire and maintain the available equipment is one challenge facing local municipalities. Illegal dumping is also a challenge to municipalities. Development and or review of waste management by-laws.

Waste disposal:

All the towns within the local municipalities have waste disposal sites except for Kestell in Maluti A Phofung. Waste collected in Kestell is transported to the Qwa-Qwa landfill site. Not all the landfill sites in the district are permitted.

All the local municipalities within the district have appointed Waste Management Officers except Phumelela Local municipality. Other challenges facing local municipalities relate to non- compliance on licencing of landfill sites, no awareness campaigns on sorting waste from source to minimise waste taken to landfill sites.

Local Municipalities currently provide refuse collection and disposal services in all towns. Large towns were able to comply with legal requirements and standards but smaller towns mostly do not comply (waste disposal sites)

The Structures Act requires from a District Municipality to become responsible for regional waste management, but it is still uncertain what it entails. There are currently no regional

waste disposal facilities and it is indicated that such a facility might be required in the near future. It will also be the district municipalities' responsibility to make sure that waste disposal facilities and the management thereof comply with legislation.

Recycling of waste is not done widely or on a large scale. In future it will be necessary to investigate and implement cost effective ways to recycle waste. Community projects have been established in each municipality with the assistance of the Department of Environmental Affairs.

Roads, Streets, Storm water

Core issues:

- Responsible authorities
- Availability of funds
- Road maintenance
- Storm water planning

Trends, problems and causes

The National and Provincial roads are considered the most important to maintain as it links provinces and serve an important role to distribute goods and services in the region. N5 route between Harrismith & Winburg, R26 Johannesburg to Bethlehem to Ficksburg is of great concern as these roads are in a poor condition, but they carry a large percentage of the traffic through the area.

The primary road network (provincial primary, secondary & tertiary) is sufficient, but it is not well maintained. The condition of roads currently affects several services (i.e. education, health, safety as well as tourism). Especially rural areas and farm workers and farmers are suffering as a result of this.

There is uncertainty as to responsibility for road maintenance and traffic control in the area. The amalgamation of local authorities and the wall-to-wall municipalities has brought about changes in boundaries and responsibilities. At this stage it is not clear.

The provision of streets and storm water in urban areas and the maintenance thereof have been widely neglected due to the declining budgets of municipalities and the low priority it was given over the past 5 to 6 years. The condition of streets is worsened by a lack of proper storm water and sidewalks planning, especially in townships. Streets in townships were not designed for cars and it creates a problem due to the fact that more and more people own cars. The general feeling is that road construction methods should be used that will require lower maintenance costs, such as paving.

The realignment of the N3 and N5 will have a profound economic impact on the region and it is a request that the department reconsiders the plan to realign the roads.

Housing

Core issues:

- Influx and rural housing conditions
- Land and ownership
- Services infrastructure provision
- Areas experiencing the greatest need
- Role of the District Municipality
- Criteria for housing provision
- Incomplete housing structures

Trends, problems and causes

Most urban areas experience a drastic housing backlog due to influx from rural areas. The provision of housing closely links with the provision of services and places tremendous financial pressure on local municipalities. Suitable land for new development area is often a serious problem. Local Municipalities struggle to maintain their revenue base due to non-payment of services. The result is that municipalities cannot afford to expand their services.

Informal settlements are sometimes situated in areas, which are difficult to upgrade (i.e. flood areas). This makes it costly and also leads to uncertainty and unhappiness. There

have been some discrepancies in the past with the allocations of subsidies. Strict control over the allocation of subsidies is necessary and qualification for subsidies should be made very clear to all. It was felt that the district municipality should play a coordinating role in the allocation of housing subsidies.

The housing situation of rural farm workers is cause for serious concern and is often the reason for influx to urban areas. The housing needs of farm workers are directly linked to ownership. There is still not a uniform solution to the problem and continuous negotiations and talks should be held between local authorities, farmers and farm workers.

Cemeteries

Core issues:

- Provision of more cemeteries and lack of land
- Proper care of cemeteries
- Paupers burials

Trends, problems and causes

At most towns the existing facilities are not sufficient for the medium to long term. There is also not a regional cemetery that can be used by anyone in the district. Cemeteries in townships not sufficient for short term and new areas for cemeteries should be allocated urgently.

In many cases fencing of cemeteries is needed to limit vandalism.

Paupers' burials are increasing and placing a financial burden on municipalities.

Telecommunication

Core issues:

- Provision of service in less developed areas
- Non functioning of mobile handsets in some areas

Trends, problems and causes

Telephone services are available to most people in some form (Telkom or cellular). Most new residential areas have not yet been serviced with telephone lines from Telkom. In general it is not such a high priority as many people have access to telephones.

The lack of telephones on farms for farm workers is a problem when emergencies arise. The cellular network in rural areas is also not enough to overcome this problem, as the cellular network does not yet cover many areas.

Land Development

Core issues:

- Proper planning
- Town planning schemes
- Eradicating discrepancies of the past

Trends, problems and causes

In most cases land is available for further development, but in some cases municipality will need to obtain more land. Suitable land will be identified through the IDP process.

Standardized town planning schemes are needed for each municipality to combat haphazard planning. Buffer zones still exist in many towns and physical constraints make it difficult to integrate former black and white areas.

Most municipalities do not have new policies on land development yet

Agricultural Development

Core issues:

- Local processing and SMMEs
- Decline in agricultural sector
- Small scale farming
- Skills development

Marketing

Trends, problems and causes

Thabo Mofutsanyana District (Eastern Free State) is regarded as one of the most fertile areas in the Free State and consequently one of the most productive agricultural areas. The agricultural sector does, however, experience serious financial strain with high production costs. Natural and other disasters contribute to the poor state of the sector. Another detrimental factor is the poor state of roads and transportation with trains are not safe.

The sector is still dominated by white farmers, but the government and commercial farmers are putting in an effort to build capacity with previously disadvantaged people. Funds to buy land for emerging farmers are often not enough to also fund equipment and tools. The slow pace of land reform hampers the inclusion of black farmers within the sector. Although support is available, emerging farmers experience a problem in accessing information and support from the Department of Agriculture. People need on the ground training and constant monitoring. It was felt strongly that farms should only be sold to people that are really interested in farming and strict criteria should be used to identify emerging farmers. Support programmes that will be to the mutual benefit of commercial and emerging farmers should be investigated and implemented.

Recent commonage and small scale farming developments proved not to be successful due to lack of commitment, management and other skills. Commonages are in many instances to big for effective management and the management structures for commonages are not functioning properly due to a number of reasons.

Agri-processing is virtually non-existent, especially on a large scale, although the region has a good potential in relation to future markets.

Farm lay-offs result in influx into towns and has an economic and social impact on towns. It leads to higher unemployment and higher dependency on civil services provided by the municipality. Farm lay-offs are in many instances caused by uncertainty with labour laws as well as the decline in the agricultural sector.

Tourism Development

Core issues:

- Marketing
- Training
- Financial assistance

Trends, problems and causes

The Eastern Free State very well known for several tourist attractions and destinations and are also well known for a wide variety of annual festivals. Tourism mostly focuses on the environment and attractive scenery with the focus of most tourist attractions on eco tourism and adventure tourism. The marketing of the area should be improved.

Previously disadvantaged people are not generating income from tourism yet. Very little training has been provided to also accommodate cultural tourism and to promote the informal market. Disadvantaged peoples' awareness of tourism and how to exploit the market is poor.

The District Municipality has very limited capacity in terms of personnel and funds to provide the support for these people to get involved in the tourism sector. People have the skills, but funding and training to produce good quality products lack. Another problem people face is that resources such as clay have been exhausted. Furthermore, products and services are not marketed.

The overall feeling is that a good marketing campaign that focuses on cultural tourism should be undertaken, but first structures on ground level should be organized. The marketing strategy should involve local people.

Land Reform

Core issues:

- Lack of proper programme
- Emerging farmers
- Management of commonages

Trends, problems and causes

Almost all the land in Qwa-Qwa rural is state owned or tribal land. The land is not managed well as there is no leadership or coordination from Department of Land Affairs and Rural Development or the Department of Agriculture.

There are very few emerging farmers in the Thabo Mofutsanyana area and they are finding it difficult to improve their positions. Commonages are not managed well and unsustainable practices have a detrimental effect on the commonages. It is felt that support in managing commonages is available, but there is no land to increase the commonages.

Land Reform projects should be economically sustainable and targeted at people that want to make a success of it.

Industrial Development

Core issues:

- Marketing
- Incentives
- Financial assistance
- Local development projects

Trends, problems and causes

The region does not have a strong industrial base but it does, however, have excellent potential and infrastructure to improve its economic base. The reasons why there are a limited number of significant industries is the general lack of incentives from Local Municipalities, the lack of proper infrastructure (limited research has been done) and the over-subsidization of the past has made the attractiveness of the area in comparison with other areas closer to markets less.

Another problem is that the area is not market as a potential industrial core. Again it is because of a lack of incentives and limited investigations in what the need of industries and the potential of the area are.

The establishment of the Thabo-Mofutsanyana DM development Agency funded by the IDC as a driver of economic development in the region will assist in the problem areas identified.

Social and Community Development Health Care, and Municipal Health Services

Core issues:

- Financial constraints
- Accessibility of health services
- Proper coordination
- Uninformed communities
- Community campaigns

Trends, problems and causes

The existing regional facilities (level 2 hospitals) are situated in Bethlehem and Phuthaditjhaba respectively. The third one in Mantsopa (Ladybrand) is under construction. Urban areas are mostly serviced by clinics and health care canters, whilst rural areas are serviced by mobile clinics. There are 69 Primary Health Care Clinics in the district. In most small towns a 24-hour service is not available. Altogether, there are 18 functioning mobile clinics providing basic primary health care services at weekly to monthly intervals at more than 1000 points throughout the district. The mobile clinic service is still not adequate, as it does not cover all areas, e.g. Marquard.

Animal health care is also of great concern especially in townships where animals such as cattle and sheep are kept in people's erven.

Serious illnesses such as HIV/AIDS affect the lives of many people. Not all towns have ARV centres. In many instances people are still reluctant to talk about the disease and its effects.

Uncertainty about responsibility and merger of staff – not certain about boundaries - lack of standard geographical information (GIS) that can be used to track down accidents

Disaster Management

Core issues:

- No proper planning done emanating from lack of disaster management plan
- Lack of sufficient funds
- No functional District Disaster Management Centre.

Trends, problems and causes

Very few municipalities have plans in place and none have proper disaster management plans. Municipalities do not receive funds for disaster management any more from the provincial government and do not have the funds in their own budget to make provision for it. Furthermore it is difficult for municipalities to plan in isolation. An integrated approach headed by the district municipalities where all role players can get involved should be followed. The Disaster Management Plan prescribed by legislation will have to be formulated as soon as possible as the framework already exists.

Education and Training

Core issues:

- Financial constraints
- Current level of education
- Illiteracy
- Entrepreneurship development
- Skills Development

Trends, problems and causes

Although there are many high level skilled people in the district, but lack formal employment. The lack of a relevant career guidance path leads to limited practical experience and relevance for school leavers. The quality of education in the district varies from school to school, but the majority of schools achieve low pass rates yearly

Existing tertiary facilities are situated in Bethlehem, Harrismith and Phuthaditjhaba. The Maluti FET College anticipates to open a satellite in Ficksburg. Most courses are academic orientated and students struggle to practice what they have learned. There exists a need for more technical and life skill orientated courses.

There exists a high level of illiteracy amongst community members, particularly amongst adults. There is limited access to ABET programmes although these courses are provided all through the area. Another cause for concern is that there are very limited opportunities for formal training as far as entrepreneurship development is concerned. The opportunity to develop a private tourism school in Clarens exists.

The lack of cooperation between tertiary institutions and the private sector for practical experience for students (internship) should be addressed. It should be compulsory to institute a proper workplace skills development plan.

There is a need for a database of skills that are available in the district and for information centres where people can access information on job opportunities.

Environmental Management and Care

Core issues:

- Health conscious community
- Increased levels and concentration of waste and pollution
- Rapid urbanization and migration patterns
- Conversion of natural habitats and degration of the ecosystem
- Conservation areas
- Environmental capacity building, training, awareness and empowerment.
- Waste removal

Trends, problems and causes

Eastern Free State area is rich in natural resources and is seen as one of the most beautiful parts of the country. A large number of environmentally sensitive areas (i.e. dams, rivers etc.) exist which should be protected at all costs. Unfortunately there is currently very little coordination between different government departments involved with environmental management. Municipalities have not yet taken any responsibility to make people aware of their own responsibility to combat environmental threats.

A number of environmental risks exist. They include:

- High levels of air pollution around towns caused by wood and coal fires.
- Cutting down of trees also decrease natural air filters.
- Uncontrolled dumping of refuse and littering further contributes towards pollution.
- The poor management of sanitation systems poses a serious health and environmental risk.
- Overgrazing causes erosion, especially commonages cause a great problem
- Veldt fires damages biodiversity and leads to erosion and air pollution.
- Damage to habitat and biodiversity
- Protection of heritage sites
- Climate and air quality
- Overuse of normal electricity, and slow convertion to solar/natural energy use
- Role of women, and youth in environmental management and development.

To sufficiently combat pollution and care for the environment people should adopt a culture of caring for the environment and making use of sustainable ways to earn a living.

Safety and Security

Core issues:

• Traffic management

- Insufficient funds community policing forums
- Traffic control
- Centralise control room

Trends, problems and causes

The highest levels of crime are experienced in townships. The safety of farmers and farm workers are a concern. Stock theft is a major problem, especially along the border of Lesotho.

In most towns CPF's are established, but the community is not aware of the new legislation regarding the Community Policing Forums. The involvement of the community in combating crime is very important and should be encouraged through various mechanisms that include the CPF.

There is confusion about powers of local and provincial traffic officials. Local officers patrol provincial/national roads, but fines are paid to the provincial office and the local municipality is not remunerated.

Sports and Recreation

Core issue

- Proper facilities
- Access to facilities
- Community Games
- Database of sport codes

trends, problems principles

Not all communities have access to sport and recreation facilities. In many cases the facilities are dilapidated and not well maintained. A variety of sports activities should be catered for.

Arts and Culture

Core issues:

- Proper planning
- Database of performers
- Community awareness programmes

Trends, problems and causes

Not all towns have arts and culture services close at hand. In almost all the municipalities the museums where they exist are in a poor condition as limited money is available for maintenance and replacement of old equipment. A lack of funds for arts and culture services is a big problem.

The District Municipality is involved in organising cultural events. They can play an important role in coordinating arts and culture and the proper management of resources.

Transport

Core issues

- Public Transport Facilities
- Co-ordination of transport services
- National road traffic through towns
- Integrated Transport Plan
- Rail Transport

Trends, problems and causes

Taxi's fulfil most of the need for public transport within the district. A bus service (Maluti Bus Service) only runs in certain parts of the district, mainly between Bethlehem, Harrismith and Qwa-Qwa. The government's plans with the taxi industry might bring about changes in the transport industry

In many towns taxi ranks do not have sufficient facilities. The taxi ranks are also in many cases not ideally situated. Some of the smaller towns are dependent on traffic passing through on national roads, but this also causes problems such as damaging of streets, spread of diseases and overnighting of large trucks in streets. Public participation and participation of the taxi industry is crucial when transport planning is done.

A comprehensive transport plan should be formulated as prescribed by the National Transport Act for each district municipality.

Good Governance and Community Participation

Institutional Capacity and Management

Core issues:

- Training in new laws, policies
- HR development programmes
- Communication with communities and their participation in municipal issues.
- Inter-municipal relationships and shared services

Trends, problems and causes

A skills development audit has been done and a programme for further development of the skills of municipal workers has to be implemented.

Programmes are underway to improve the IT System of all municipalities in the Free State and possibly link all municipalities via the same system. The Provincial Government leads this programme.

Communication between the local and district municipalities are good although it can still improve. High hopes are placed on the IDP process to come up with solutions to many problems. One of the key areas where improvement is needed is the co-ordination with government departments and service providers.

The district municipality will play an important role to ensure the effective participation of all role players in the planning process.

The view (image) communities have of municipalities are not always positive. A culture of participative governance is slowly being established, but it will take time to establish community participation structures in such a way that it is representative of and informative for communities.

The relationship between officials and councillors is not always satisfactory. With the limited human resource capacity of the district municipality and its roles and responsibilities the particular responsibilities of officials and councillors have become blurred. A delegation system has been approved to avoid this. The challenge is to find the responsibilities and role that the district municipality can play without duplicating provincial government functions within the local government structure and to build capacity in the district municipality to fulfil this new role.

Improved Revenue Base

Core issues:

- Internal capacities of Local and District Municipalities
- Operation Clean Audit 2014
- Credit control systems

Trends, problems and causes

The revenue base of Thabo Mofutsanyana amounts was approximately R34-36 million per year. The levy system has been abolished, thus the erosion of the revenue base. Levy replacement grant is not enough to cover the District needs. The Municipal Infrastructure Grant is not allocated to the District anymore.

The District has attained an unqualified audit in the past years. For the financial year 2015-2016 it obtained clean audit.

SECTION G

STRATEGIC OJBECTIVES

The development direction that the municipality will follow over the next year

Introduction

This is the most important chapter as it contains the vision and development objectives of the municipality. In other words what the municipality want to achieve over the next five years. It also contains the how part. The strategies of the municipality are listed in this

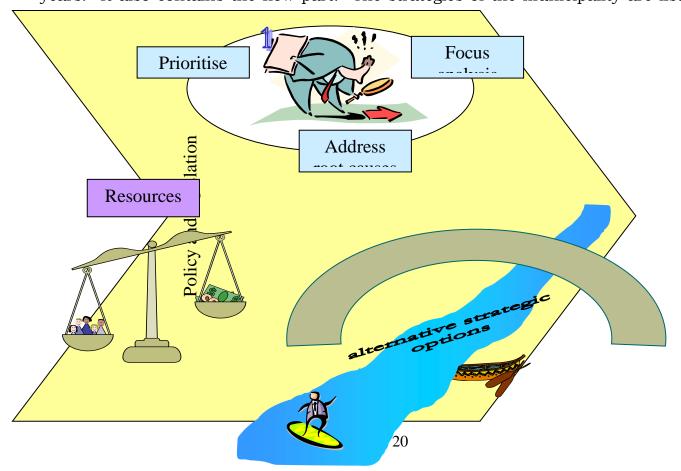


Diagram: Strategic Planning Process

Objectives and Strategies

Objectives are phrased for each priority issue in a way which describes the envisaged situation related to the priority issue within a five-year period. The objectives inform/guide the strategies. Strategies can be defined as the ways (how) to achieve objectives. Projects are a temporary set of measures/interventions that translate the strategy into practice. Objectives related to infrastructure will be problematic to achieve due to the District not having any MIG allocation for the present MTF.

DEVELOPMENTAL STRATEGIES

The policy framework for the development objectives and strategies

Introduction

Strategy decisions of a municipality have to be informed by two sides: Firstly by the local context, i.e. by the municipality's priority issues, it's vision and objectives, and secondly by national and provincial policy and strategy guidelines.

During a district level workshop where the municipalities within Thabo Mofutsanyana participated together with key government departments and service providers these national and provincial policy and guidelines were scrutinized together with the local priority issues. The result of this was guidelines that will be able to inform local decisions on strategies. These guidelines are an important integration tool within the IDP process. It leads the municipalities of Thabo Mofutsanyana and government departments to move in the same direction and by doing so optimizing the use of resources and limiting the possibility of duplication.

Although these guidelines are not legally binding, by not taking them into account when deciding on strategies, you run the risk of not qualifying for funding for further projects should these be in contrast to the guidelines.

There are five crosscutting issues for which strategic guidelines have been formulated. Under each of these issues the national and provincial policy and legislation to be considered have been listed. Following that is the localised strategic guidelines for the

specific issues. These two categories should be read and used in conjunction with each other. No national or provincial policy can be discarded in favour of a local situation; they should serve to complement each other.

Spatial Strategic Guidelines National Policy Documents

- Development Facilitation Act, Chapter 1
- The Housing Act
- The Housing White Paper
- Green paper on Development and Planning
- National Environmental Management Act
- National Spatial Development Perspective

Localised Guidelines

The following is a set of principles/guidelines that are incorporated within the strategies of the municipality:

- Formalize informal areas for urban development.
- Rural development should be classified in 2 groups (tribal land users and farm workers) and the active participation by tribal and farm communities should be encouraged.
- Discourage illegal occupation of land, without compromising development of new settlements.
- Focus should be on implementation of plans (IDP) and not only on planning.
- Before building houses or allocating housing subsidies, serviced land should be made available. This will lead to more effective and sustainable housing development.
- The estimated population density on erven should be taken into consideration when services are provided.

- Protect jobs on farms by providing incentives for rural development to discourage urbanization.
- Commonages must be managed well with support and guidance by municipalities. Clear
 guidelines must be set out for the use of the commonage and the users should receive
 training before they can make use of the commonage.
- Maintenance of the existing road network should be priority.
- Maintain and protect the natural environment and develop it effectively and in sustainable manner.
- HIV/AIDS impacts on land development in various ways and should be taken into account in all strategies. Cemeteries should be carefully planned. The district municipality can take leading role with regard to burials.
- Identify suitable land for waste management on a regional basis.

Strategic Guidelines for Poverty Alleviation and Gender Equity National and Provincial Policy Documents

- Constitution, sections regarding basic needs and gender equity
- Reconstruction and Development Programme
- White Paper on Local Government
- SALGA Handbook on "Gender and Development"
- Poverty Eradication Strategy of the Free State

Localized Guidelines

Each municipality experience similar and different local poverty situations and gender related problems. These problems should be targeted with the strategies for the IDP.

Specific Population Groups to be targeted

Historically disadvantaged people

- Farm workers
- Youth and Women (also boys and men)
- Disabled people
- Child headed households
- Single parent headed households

Strategic Guidelines

- Involve disadvantaged groups at the planning stage to ensure full ownership of projects/development/transformation.
- Community profile: establish a directory of organizations and vulnerable people at ward level.
- When disadvantaged people receive ownership of land a conscious effort must be made to ensure access to sustainable methods of production.
- Engage with farmers' unions/merging associates to enable involvement of all role players in agriculture development.
- Involve tribal authorities in planning and projects.
- Cluster similar organisations/projects to use resources better.
- Consciously develop skills (overcome illiteracy by using art form as communication).
- Provide support to disadvantaged people with tender applications and simplify the process to promote access to tenders.
- Community mobilization e.g. street committee, networking.
- Illegal immigrants should be dealt with and planned for together with other areas and SADEC.
- Implementation of free basic water.

- Focused targeting.
- Intervention based on well-researched information.
- Allocate funds over longer periods (upfront funding).
- Appropriate support and monitoring and capacity programs.
- Integrated approach (multi sect oral).
- Strengthen local partnerships.
- Contextualise intervention (local context).

Strategic Environmental Guidelines National Policy Documents

- National Environmental Management Act, Chapter 1 principles
- Local Agenda 21
- National and Provincial Environmental Management Plans

Strategic Guidelines

Endangered or Degraded Resources in the District

Air quality are threatened by

- Industries that pollute air
- Wood, coal used as energy source
- Township establishmentWater quality are threatened by
- Strom water pollution
- Grey water
- Solid waste pollution
- GraveyardsBiodiversity are threatened by
- Veldt fires
- Housing development

- Unsafe agricultural practices
- Quarries

Locations That Requires Sensitive Management

Clarence – tourism potential

Golden Gate – national park

Platberg – wetland conservation

Fika Patso, Metsi Matso, Sterkfontein and Saulspoort dams

Cultural heritage sites

Archaeological sites

Land for settlement below flood line

Economic Activities Which Need Special Attention with Regard to Environmental Impact

Quarrying (sand stone)

Township development

Agricultural development

Industries (tannery)

Trout dam (front fishing)

Waste Management (illegal dumping)

Unsafe working conditions

Risks of Environmental Disasters

Floods (settlement in flood line)

Veld fires

Drought

HIV/AIDS

Alien species (e.g. eucalyptus trees)

Additional Principles

Municipalities should control subdivision of farmland so that it will not impact negatively on natural resources.

District Municipality should be environmentally sensitive by helping to raise environmental awareness among communities and guide them in adhering to the National Environmental Management Act Principles.

Strategic Guidelines for Local Economic Development National Policy Documents

- Local Government: LED Policy guidelines
- NSDP
- Local Economic Development Policy Paper

Strategic Guidelines

Focal Economic Sectors and Geographical Areas for Promotion

- Tourism (eco-tourism) Clarens, Qwa-Qwa, Bethlehem, Ficksburg, Fouriesburg, Harrismith, Kestell, Reitz and Memel
- Agriculture (agricultural products and agri-businesses)
 - Whole area of Thabo Mofutsanyana
 - Fruit production: Ficksburg
 - Horticulture: Reitz, Bethlehem, Clarens
- Agro-packaging: Reitz
- Industries Qwa-Qwa, Tsiame, Harrismith, Bethlehem
- Land reform major economic sectors to address ownership (land tenure) with focus on poverty alleviation and gender sensitivity

Basic Principles for promotion

Labour intensive techniques

Use of SMME's in projects such as repairing roads

Create a database of SMMEs in each municipality

Create district markets

Promote involvement of women

Good marketing strategies

Improve knowledge: empowerment through training

Maintenance of infrastructure (roads, water, sanitation)

Manage the spread of HIV

Major Promotion Instruments

Funds

Resources (capacity, skills, human resources, facilities) and entrepreneurship

Accessible infrastructure

Institutions and policies (local government and other government departments)

Stability, security and safety

Major Target Groups/Beneficiaries

SMMEs

Women

Farm workers

Emerging Farmers

Commonage users

Established / existing business

Investors locally and from overseas

Additional Principles

Local Municipalities should act as agents for local communities to apply for funds. Funds should only be distributed through local municipalities. A condition for LED projects should be proper after care and monitoring facilitated by the local municipality with assistance from the district municipality.

All development efforts of other organs of state or private organisations should go through municipalities.

Institutional and Performance Management Strategic Guidelines National Policy Principles

- Municipal Finance Management Act
- Municipal Structures Act
- Municipal Systems Act

Strategic Guidelines

- Appointments should be in line with Skills Development and Systems Act
- Clear communication and sustainable monetary system.
- Co-ordination on all levels with the national and provincial departments and district and local municipalities.
- Strategies must make provision for alignment, co-ordination and integration mechanism.
- Sustainable and consistent structures at all levels of departments.
- All projects and strategies should make provision for adequate participation, advice and decision making at all levels.
- Initiating managerial reform
- Performance to be in line with the SBDIP

SECTION H

SECTOR PLANS

Thabo Mofutsanyana district municipality has the following sectors plans which are encapsulated within its Intergrated development Plan as its integral parts.

- Area Based Plan
- Integrated Transport Plan
- Spatial Development Framework
- Integrated Waste Management Plan
- Tourism Sector Plan
- Khulis Umnoto LED Strategy
- Communication Strategy
- Performance Management Framework
- Agricultural Sector Plans
- Disaster Management Framework
- Draft Disability Policy
- EPWP Policy

SECTION I

DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES, PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS

Table : Service Delivery and Infrastructure Development

		SERVICE DELIV	ERY AND I	NFRASTRUC	TURE DEV	ELOPMENT		
Status Quo	Objective	Strategies	Performa nce	Project Name	Budget	3 Year Tarş	gets	
(Challenge s arising from Status quo analysis)			Indicator			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
	A significant number of small-scale and emerging farmers (of which at least 30% must be women and 5% disabled people) received training and have become effective commercial farmers	Co-ordinate training of emerging farmers by the department of agriculture		Rural and community support	950 000.0	950 000.00	1 008 900.	1068 425
	Promote the full diversity of arts	• Implement and		Arts and	20 000.00	20 000.00	100 000.00	105 900.00

	visual and	expand a range of	culture		
1	performing), culture and heritage services	arts and culture	development		
i	in the province with	programmes and	programme		
	the aim of developing skills,	develop upcoming			
	creating jobs,	artists through:			
	alleviating poverty and supporting	o The Macufe			
6	education and	annual event			
1	recreation.	o Musicon			
		Singing			
		Competition			
		o Provincial choir			
		festivals			
		o Strings			
		programmes			
		o The Wednesday			
		School Programme			
		promoting, among			
		other things,			
		dance, music and			
		theatre			
		o The Internship			
		Programme for			
		Multilingual			
		Information			
		Development			
		Project			
		o Capacity			
		building			

	programmes					
	(particular focus					
	on administrative					
	and financial					
	capacity) for					
	artists.					
Promote effective	• Expand mass	Sports	390 000.0	390 000.00	414 180.0	438 617.0
and efficient sport	participation in	development				
and recreation	sports and	programme				
development.	recreation					
	programmes.					
Strengthen and	• Ensure the	Gender and	60 149.00	60 149.00	63 878.0	67 646.0
expand household	mainstreaming of	disability				
and community	vulnerable groups					
development	such as women,					
programmes in	youth, children					
respect of:	and people with					
• Substance Abuse,	disabilities as					
Prevention and	priority groups					
Rehabilitation	during the					
Care and Services	implementation of					
to Older Persons	these					
Crime Prevention	programmes.					
and Support						
• Services to						
Persons with						
Disabilities						
• Child Care and						

Protection Services						
• Victim						
Empowerment						
HIV and AIDS						
Social Relief						
• Care and Support						
Services to Families						
Strengthen and	• Ensure the	HIV/Aids	50 000.00	50 000.0	53 100.0	56 233.0
expand household	mainstreaming of					
and community	vulnerable groups					
development	such as women,					
programmes in	youth, children					
respect of:	and people with					
• Substance Abuse,	disabilities as					
Prevention and	priority groups					
Rehabilitation	during the					
• Care and Services	implementation of					
to Older Persons	these					
• Crime Prevention	programmes.					
and Support						
• Services to						
Persons with						
Disabilities						
• Child Care and						
Protection Services						
• Victim						
Empowerment						
HIV and AIDS						

Social Relief Care and Support Services to Families Establish a strong and capable political and administrative management cadre.	Develop leaders	Public Participation	750 000.0	750 000.0	796 500.0	843 494.0
• The unemployment rate should fall from 24. per cent in Jun 2012 to 14 per cent by 2020 and to 6 per cent by 2030. This requires and additional 11 million jobs. Total employment should rise from 13 million to 24 million.	Programme Programme	Extended Public works programme	1,120 000	1120.000		
Implement a	Enhance local	SMME development Tourism	740 000.0 300 000	740 000.0 300 000.0	785 880.0 318 600.0	832 247.0 337 397.0
government support programme for tourism developmen and growth.	government	development				

		Marketing	350 000.0	350 000,0	371 700.0	393 630.00
		and				
		Promotions				
Proper contingency	Merge fire fighting	Disaster risk	700 000	700 000.0	743 400.0	787 261.0
Plans for disaster at	with Disaster	assessment				
local municipal level	Management Plan					
as well as at district	Create a culture of					
level are in place	pride about our					
	veldt and grass					
		Awareness	102 000.0	102 000.0	108 324. 0	114 715.0
		Campaigns				

ALIGNMENT WITH NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL OBJECTIVES AND PROGRAMMES

	Dist	rict Mandate	
NDP	PSGDP	MTFS	District
	Sport Arts and Culture		
 Implement and expand a range of arts and culture programmes and develop upcoming artist through: The Macufe annual event , Musicon Singing Competion , Provincial choir festivals , Strings programmes, the Wednesday school programme promoting , among others things , dance , music and theatre and the internship programme for multilingual information development project. Expand participation in sports and recreation programmes. Strengthen coordination and collaboration amongst provincial sports structure and between provincial and local sports structures 	 Implement and expand a range of arts and culture programmes and develop upcoming artist through: The Macufe annual event, Musicon Singing Competion, Provincial choir festivals, Strings programmes, the Wednesday school programme promoting, among others things, dance, music and theatre and the internship programme for multilingual information development project. Expand participation in sports and recreation programmes. Strengthen coordination and collaboration amongst provincial sports structure and between provincial and local sports structures. 	 Implement and expand a range of arts and culture programmes and develop upcoming artist through: The Macufe annual event, Musicon Singing Competion, Provincial choir festivals, Strings programmes, the Wednesday school programme promoting, among others things, dance, music and theatre and the internship programme for multilingual information development project. Expand participation in sports and recreation programmes. Strengthen coordination and collaboration amongst provincial sports structure and between provincial and local sports structures 	Improve existing sports facilities Provide a variety of sports and recreation facilities Encourage private institutions to organize sports and recreation events in Thabo Mofutsanyana

	F ' (111 141		
Absolute reductions in the total volume of waste disposed to landfill each year. Ensure that all people have access to clean portable water and that there is enough water for agriculture and industry Increase disaster preparedness for extreme climate events.	ine improvement of water – saving	Intensify the monitoring and evaluation of river health and water quality Improve standards of drinking water treatment (bluedrop) Optimise urban water management practices, through the improvement of water—saving infrastructure Optimise groundwater use and reuse through the implementation of water recycling schemes and aquifer recharge.	Encourage municipalities to ensure that all communities are educated in terms of the prevention of all forms of pollution and preservation of natural resources. Engage in environmental awareness
	Rural Development		
Establish and fast track value adding agro-processing. Strengthen agricultural research, knowledge and skills Expand and diversify sustainable agriculture production and food security	Support agrarian transformation; develop value-chains for livestock and crop farming and diversification. •	Promote skills development in rural areas with economic development potential. Develop resource and implement the Agricultural Value Chain interventions. Develop and implement policies promoting the development and support of smallholder producers.	Compile a data base for existing agriculture groups Encourage establishment of value adding business Co-ordinate meeting between agriculture extension officers, emerging farmers and commercial farmers to share knowledge and experience and to build ties and facilitate, resolve conflicts between them

	District Mandate		
NDP	FSGDP	MTFS	District
	Economy and Employment		
 The unemployment rate should fall from 24.9 percent in June 2012 to 14 percent by 2020 and to 6 percent by 2030 Public employment programmes should reach 1 million by 2015 and 2 million people by 2030 	 Expand and establishment of agriculture –related local economic development projects. Expand and transform small-scale agriculture and improve access to inputs. Promote sustainable agricultural practices to protect the environment an sustainable resources 	 Expand and establishment of agriculture –related local economic development projects. Expand and transform small-scale agriculture and improve access to inputs. Promote sustainable agricultural practices to protect the environment an sustainable resources The unemployment rate should fall from 24.9 percent in June 2012 to 14 percent by 2020 and to 6 percent by 2030 Public employment programmes should reach 1 million by 2015 and 2 million people by 2030 	Compile a data bas for existing agriculture groups Encourage establishment of value adding business Co-ordinate meetin between agriculture extension officers, emerging farmers and commercial farmers to share knowledge and experience and to build ties and facilitate, resolve conflicts between them
	Tourism		
•National Tourism Strategy implemented and reviewed regularly in terms of impact on growth, employment, investment, output, exports and African regional development	 Implement a government support programme for tourism development and growth. Improve tourism marketing. Increase and build human capacity for tourism development and service excellence. 	•National Tourism Strategy implemented and reviewed regularly in terms of impact on growth, employment, investment, output, exports and African regional development.	Comply wing a set of standards for tourism attractions and facilities and monitor it Capacitate the department of tourism in TMDM to enforce the standards and policies set by the tourism body

			Create tourism awareness programmes Make maximum use of technology to marke the area Strengthen tourism networks with other regions
Dedicate funding for maintenance of current infrastructure Develop water , sanitation and electricity master plans for municipalities Ensure compliance with waste water treatment (new and upgrade) with the Green Drop standards in all towns and new developments	 Maintain and upgrade basic infrastructure at local level. Dedicate funding for maintenance of current infrastructure Develop water, sanitation and electricity master plans for municipalities Ensure compliance with waste water treatment (new and upgrade) with the Green Drop standards in all towns and new developments. 	Maintain and upgrade basic infrastructure at local level. Dedicate funding for maintenance of current infrastructure Develop water, sanitation and electricity master plans for municipalities Ensure compliance with waste water treatment (new and upgrade) with the Green Drop standards in all towns and new developments	Maintain and upgrade basic infrastructure at local level. Dedicate funding for maintenance of current infrastructure. Develop water, sanitation and electricity master plans for municipalities. Ensure compliance with waste water treatment (new and upgrade) with the Green Drop standards in all towns and new developments.

District Objectives and strategies

PRIORITY ISSUE	OBJECTIVE	STRATEGY
Disaster Management	Proper contingency plan for disasters at the local municipal level as well as at district level	Coordinate disaster management planning Ensure training of communities in terms of assistance during disaster Create awareness of dangers of firefighting and other disaster and procure fire fighting equipment.
Agricultural development	Stimulate the agricultural development of the region through the production of unique and value adding products and to ensure the development of the of small scale and emerging farmers	 Compile a data base for existing agriculture groups Encourage establishment of value adding business Co-ordinate meeting between agriculture extension officers, emerging farmers and commercial farmers to share knowledge and experience and to build ties and facilitate, resolve conflicts between them
Tourism development	 Tourism attractions and facilities meet and maintain industry standards tourism is promoted on a regional level Ensure the effective marketing of the region for tourism supported by all role players. 	 Comply with a set of standards for tourism attractions and facilities and monitor it Capacitate the department of tourism in TMDM to enforce the standards and policies set by the tourism body Create tourism awareness programmes Make maximum use of technology to market the area Strengthen tourism networks with other regions
Health Services	Reduce the number of people infected with HIV/ Aids Improve environmental health of all	 Coordinate efforts of NGOs and CBOs, traditional leaders and local government to fight HIV/Aids Provide support to local municipalities with the

	communities	environmental health services
Environmental Management and care	TMDM has a clean and healthy environment	 Encourage municipalities to ensure that all communities are educated in terms of the prevention of all forms of pollution and preservation of natural resources. Engage in environmental awareness
PRIORITY ISSUE	OBJECTIVE	STRATEGY
Sports and	 Proper sports and recreation facilities are 	Improve existing sports facilities
recreation	available to all communities	 Provide a variety of sports and recreation facilities Encourage private institutions to organize sports and recreation events in Thabo Mofutsanyana
Corporate	Create a responsive and accountable	Place and appoint personnel
governance	administration	Streamline the organogram in terms of the IDP
	 Maintain the institutional capacity to 	Develop Policy for employment equity , placement
	implement the IDP and accompanying	policy , basic conditions of employment and skills
	programmes effectively and efficiently	development plan.

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
Water	To ensure that adequate water is available in order that all rural and urban communities have access to potable water, which is provided on at least	Increase the percentage of access to potable water on at least RDP standards	Build capacity at the district municipality to fulfil its role as water services authority Make sufficient provision for maintenance in Operational Budget. Assist local municipalities to provide an effective and affordable service to their community (urban and rural)

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
	RDP standards and at affordable rates.		Apply to funding agencies for funds and grants.
Sanitation	To provide an acceptable and affordable sanitation system for the entire region (VIP or	Healthy living conditions for all; Increase access to basic sanitation	To ensure that the sanitation infrastructure of the entire region has sufficient capacity and functions properly.
	waterborne)		Apply to funding agencies for funds and grants.
			Establish relevant communal structures for community awareness and training.
Electricity	To have a uniform electricity distribution system throughout the region for	Equal access to electricity by all	Lead municipalities to adopt a uniform approach to deal with electricity
	both rural and urban areas.		Encourage municipalities to make use of different sources of energy that is cost effective and environmentally friendly
			Encourage service providers to get involved in the integrated planning of the district
			Build capacity with the district municipality in order for them to fulfill their role with electricity services
			Encourage local municipalities to address the needs of farming communities, especially farm workers
mana local legal requi mana stand	To ensure that waste management services at all local municipalities meet the	services at all waste management are met; Healthy	Advise local municipalities on appropriate measures to control health risks at solid waste dumping sites.
	legal and environmental requirements and are managed to appropriate standards within the next 3 years.	society	Assist local municipalities to control health and environmental risks in the management of solid waste

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
Roads, Streets, Stormwater	To ensure the overall planning and provision of streets and stormwater systems for all municipalities	Well maintained and safe roads throughout the district	See to it that a proper stormwater plan for all towns and townships are developed
	within the region in phases over the next 5 years.		Build the capacity of the district municipality in order for them to take care of their responsibilities within the next 2 years
			Use community based public works programme methods for procurement, planning, construction and maintenance
	To have an effective national, primary and secondary road		Share resources of provincial department - money, equipment
	system that is well maintained.		Facilitate the establishment of public private partnerships to maintain roads
			Apply for funding from different sources (National, Provincial – grants, CMIP, District Municipality/ Farmers, License fees/Local municipalities)
			Establish a forum for the 4 spheres of government for planning of roads and Stormwater and sorting out responsibilities
			Maintain priority roads
			The construction and upgrading of roads should take into consideration the cost of maintenance – paving of roads
hous	Co-ordinate and facilitate all housing requirements and funding allocations properly	All people have access to safe formal housing	Develop a database on housing and update it continuously
	<i>C</i>		Apply for accreditations from the Department of Housing
			Establish a of Housing Forum at District level

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
			Assist local municipalities to establish housing support centers within communities
			Assist to speed up the process of securing land tenure and addressing the land restitution problem.
Cemeteries	Cemeteries in all municipalities are adequate for future needs and are well maintain	Sufficient and suitable land have been provided for cemeteries	Facilitate and advise local municipalities on the provision and maintenance of cemeteries
	To have a district crematorium for the entire region.		Establish a public private partnership for the development of a district crematorium
Rural Development	Land is developed on the basis of integrated planning and participation by all	Effective and sustainable development and use of land	Ensure that the principles of the DFA are adhered to when planning decisions are taken
	relevant role players		Ensure proper communication between community, national and provincial departments and the municipality
			Ensure that all areas and communities are represented in planning activities
Telecommunication			Facilitate the provision of community telecommunication infrastructure and upgrade infrastructure where necessary.
Health Services	Efficient, effective and well equipped health facilities are available to all communities	Good access to health facilities	Coordinate the provision of equipment, staff and services where it is needed and promote better services by the Department of Health and all clinics and Hospitals
			Co-ordinate the provision of a functioning District Health System

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
			Mobilise the resources of MIG, CBPWP and government
			departments to provide better clinics and roads
			Promote 24 hours services at clinics
			Improve access to home based care
	Reduce the number of people infected by HIV/Aids	Less people are affected by HIV/Aids	Provide support to children affected by HIV/AIDS
	·		Coordinate efforts of NGOs, CBOs, traditional leaders and local government to fight HIV/Aids through the District Aids Council.
	Improve environmental health of all communities	Socio-economic situation are improved	Provide support to local municipalities with the environmental health services
Education and training	Serviced land is available for schools and educational facilities	Increased literacy and numeracy	Encourage municipalities to make land available for education facilities
	Improve the level of education and skills of the community	Communities are able to compete in the global market	Facilitate the establishment of ABET centres in all areas
	Community		Improve the level of service of existing ABET centres, learning institutions and schools
			Create public awareness on adult basic education programmes
	Schools achieve high pass rates in all grades throughout		Facilitate the establishment of a district level forum consisting of local government, the Department of Education and school bodies
	the district		that can look at all education issues
			Establish the District Bursary fund for the needy children that perform well in the school

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
			Encourage the refurbishment and improvement of libraries
			Assist education facilities accommodate or cater for disable people
			Encourage the implementation of a skills development strategy
Environmental Management and Care	Thabo Mofutsanyana district area has a clean and healthy environment	Clean and healthy environment	Reduce the use of wood and coal as an energy source and encourage people to make use of alternative sources of energy
	environment		Promote the implementation of alternative sanitation systems that are cost effective, use less water, are not detrimental to the environment and can be implemented where the water table is high.
			Encourage ecologically viable commonages.
			Encourage municipalities to ensure that all communities are educated in terms of the prevention of all forms of pollution and preservation of natural resources. (Performed by local authorities on behalf of district)
Safety and Security	Thabo Mofutsanyana is crime	Investor friendly area	Encourage local municipalities to participate in PCFs
	free area		Encourage community involvement in fighting crime
	The SAPS is involved in all municipal planning activities		Encourage the involvement of the SAPS in municipal planning activities.
	Improve the relationship between farmers and farm workers		Make people aware through Farmers unions, public meetings, mass media to be tolerate—educate farmers and farm workers on better human relations

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
	Reduce the number women		Mobilise communities and resources to fight against women and
	and children abuse and rape.		child abuse and rape
	Improve traffic policing and safety conditions on all roads		Clarify the roles and responsibilities with regards to traffic policing
Emergency services	24 hour medical services are available to all communities and all emergencies are	Emergency services are available to all to protect life and property	Clarify the role and responsibility of the district municipality within emergency services.
	attended to within an hour.		Coordinate planning for emergency services
Transport	A properly coordinated	Public transport are accessible and	Engage with the provincial department to clarify roles and
	public transport system exist in the district	properly coordinated	responsibilities with regard to public transport
	in the district		Develop a Integrated Transport Plan for the district
			Regulation of taxi industry
			Proper taxi ranks are provided in all areas
Sports and Recreation	Proper sport and recreation facilities are available to all communities	Improved quality of life; Culture of sportsmanship	Improve existing sports facilities
			Provide a variety of sport and recreation facilities
			Encourage private institutions to organize sports and recreation
			events in Thabo Mofutsanyana
Disaster Management	Proper contingency plans for disasters at local municipal level as well as at district level are in place.	Disasters have a minimum impact on the community	Coordinate disaster management planning
			Make provision for disasters within the municipal budget
			Ensure training of communities in terms of assistance during disaster

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
			Create awareness of the dangers of fire fighting and other disasters and procure firefighting equipment.
			Capacitate the municipalities to cope with fire fighting
			Create a culture of pride about our veldt and grass.
Rural Development	All adult residents should have access to ownership of land.	The number of informal settlements decrease	Speed up the land claim processes
	At least 50% of state owned land should be transferred to the communities living on it	Security of tenure for all	Facilitate the process of transferring state owned land to relevant communities/authorities.
	or to tribal authorities.		Inform communities on different programmes of the Department of Land Affairs
	Farm workers have security of tenure		Engagement of farmer's union and farm workers to comply with relevant legislation
			Facilitate a process whereby farm workers have access to housing and land ownership.
Agricultural Development	Stimulate the agricultural development of the region through the production of	Enhance economic growth; Sustainable livelihoods; Decrease unemployment	Encourage local municipalities to make municipal land available at affordable rates for small-scale and emerging farmers.
	unique and value adding		Identify groups for agriculture projects
	products and to ensure the development of small-scale and emerging farmers.		Establish private public partnership for marketing of produce
	and emerging fathlers.		Encourage establishment of value-adding business, industries
			Promote permaculture and organic production to produce unique products for the area

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
			Co-ordinate meetings between agriculture extension officers, emerging farmers and commercial farmers to share knowledge and experience and to build ties
			Facilitate resolve of conflicts between emerging and commercial farmers and/or beneficiaries of projects.
	A significant number of small-scale and emerging farmers (of which at least		Co-ordinate training of emerging farmers by the Department of Agriculture
	30% must be women and 5% disabled people) received		Assist farm workers to have access to training from the department
	training and have become effective commercial farmers.		Facilitate establishment of mentorship programmes for emerging farmers
	ratmers.		Coordinate the monitoring and facilitating of agriculture projects and make sure that assistance is rendered with the sustainable of the projects with the help of the provincial department.
	Sustainable community gardens exist throughout Thabo Mofutsanyana		Encourage the establishment and maintenance of community gardens
Tourism Development	Tourist attractions and facilities meet and maintain industry standards tourism is	Enhance economic growth; Sustainable livelihoods; Decrease unemployment	Identify a set of standards for tourist attractions and facilities and monitor it
	promoted on a regional level.		Capacitate the department of tourism in TMDM to enforce the standards and policies set by the tourism body
	Tourist routes are established		Establish tourist attraction routes

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
	Ensure the effective marketing of the region for tourism supported by all role-		Create and awareness (culture) for tourism in the region with local people
	players.		Make maximum use of technology to market the area
			Focus on the areas cultural heritage when marketing the area
			Develop a comprehensive marketing strategy through the tourism body
			Encourage local municipalities to establish tourism offices
			Strengthen tourism networks with other regions
	Ensure the strengthening and further growth of current		
	festivals in the region		The district should support local festivals by attending festivals and making use of them to market the area
	Strengthen the efforts of previously disadvantaged people in tourism		Sell products produced locally by disadvantaged people at various shows and exhibitions around the country
	development by creating opportunities for them especially within cultural		Train people in producing good quality arts and crafts and in business skills so that they will be able to market their products
	tourism.		See strategy 3.1
Industrial Development	To broaden the industrial base/capacity of the district	Enhance economic growth; Sustainable livelihoods; Decrease unemployment	Coordinate industrial development efforts of local municipalities
			Distribute information on training courses available and financial institutions that can fund upcoming industries

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
	-		Investigate the possibility of developing a regional airport
			Improve access to entrepreneurship training facilities by 10%
Corporate Governance, Good Governace, and	Maintain the institutional capacity to implement the	Integration of all departments and spheres of government; Coherent and	Create a corporate culture, identity and vision
Community Participation	IDP and accompanying programmes effectively and	cooperative public service	Streamline the organogram in terms of the IDP
	efficiently		Place and appoint personnel
			Develop an employment policy for employment equity, placement policy, basic conditions of employment and skills development plan.
	Create a responsive and accountable administration	Team work	Build team spirit
		Knowledgeable staff	Orientate staff on all legislation governing the activities of the district
		The IDP to guide all planning	Make the IDP a working document for all staff
		Clean Audit reports, or opinions	Engender strict financial discipline to root out corruption practices that may occur in the absence of discipline
		Measurable KPIs are attained	Install a PMS tool for the entire District
		Transparent Government	Encourage and Promote Community involvement through ward committees ,and CDWs

Priority Issue	Objective	Outcomes	Strategy
Financial Viability	Effectively manage the finances of the District and development necessary measures for full accountability and reporting.	Increased income	To increase the revenue base of the District by meeting all criteria for grant funding. To supplement the existing revenue base of the District Council by exploiting new potential source of income.
		To meet the requirements of clean audit	To ensure that the District Council in conjunction with all municipalities applies an effective debt collection, income collection, and effective reporting systems.

SECTION K

PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS OF OTHER SPHERES

Table: Projects list and implications for the municipality

TOURISM PROJECT FUNDED BY NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM IN THABO MOFUTSANYANA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

MUNICIPALITY	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT DURATION	TOTAL BUDGET	EMPLOYMENT	STATUS
Maluti-a-Phofung	Qwaqwa	16 Months	R12, 000,000	160	Recently commenced
	Environmental				
	Education Centre				
Maluti-a-Phofung	Upgrading of Sentinel	18 months	R 20, 000,000	-	Still under planning,
	Peak Car Park Access				awaiting business plan
	and Hiking trails				approval
Maluti-a-Phofung	Upgrading of	Project on hold	R13 million	150	Project on hold

	Sterkfonteindam Nature Reserve				
Maluti-a-Phofung	Metsi Matsho Accommodation	2 years	R24 million	65	In implementation and expected to be completed in August 2016
Maluti-a-Phofung	Qwaqwa Guesthouse	12 months	R 16 million	-	Expected to commence later this year, business plan approved.
Maluti-a-Phofung	Renovation of Witsieshoek Lodge	5 years	R 26 million	110	Partially completed.
Dihlabeng	Dinosaur Interpretive Centre	12 months	R 120 million	-	Expected to commence in August 2016



TABLE B5(b): FREE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH



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Project No.	: Health - Payments of infrastructure by ca Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery &	Type of infrastructure	Project d	uration	funding	mme	Delivery Mechnism (Individual	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from previous years	Professoinal Fees 2016/17 (R'000)	Construction 2016/17 (R'000)	Total available		MTEF rd estimates
R thousand	1			Equipments, COE)	Regional/District/Central Hospital; Clinic; Community Health Centre; Pharmaceutical Depots, Mortuary etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of	Budget progra	project or Packaged Program)		previous years	(1,000)	(1.000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
	replacement assets									1				_			
1	Amelia CHC	87% complete	Metsimaholo	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Communicity Health Centre	01 August 2014	15 January 2016			Individual Project	89,424	89,424	180	820	1,000		
2	Bophelong Clinic	5% complete	Moqhaka	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2019			Individual Project	19,120		1,800	8,200	10,000	13,766	1,9
3	Vogetfontein Clinic	5% complete	Dihlabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	10,000		1,800	8,200	10,000		
4	Phekolong Clinic / Cornelia	Practical Completion	Mafube	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Communicty Health Centre	01 August 2014	31 March 2016			Individual Project	35,950	35,950	180	820	1,000		
5	Rheederspark Clinic	Planning	Matjhabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2017	31 March 2020			Individual Project	13,340	-				2,401	9,6
6	Riebeeckstad/Thandanani Clinic	Procurement	Matjhabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2019			Individual Project	38,962		1,800	8,200	10,000	25,430	3,5
7	Medical Equipment: Phekolong Clinic	Procurement	Mafube	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	HFRG	gramme	Individual Project	200	14		200	200		
8	Albert Nzula District Hospital (Trompsburg) - Remedial	Planning	Kopanong	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		, E	Individual Project	5,000		900	4,100	5,000		
9	Trompsburg Hospital - Health Technology	Practical Completion	Kopanong	Machinery and Equipment	District Hospital	01 April 2015	31 March 2016			Individual Project	37,781		*	8,000	8,000		
10	Edenville EMS	Planning	Ngwathe	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	EMS Station	01 April 2016	31 March 2018			Individual Project	4,470		-		3 1	3,616	
11	Welkom Mortuary	Planning	Matjhabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuary	01 April 2016	31 March 2019			Individual Project	12,006		389	1,772	2,161	8,644	1,2
12	Bethlehem Mortuary	Planning	Dihlabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuary	01 April 2017	31 March 2020			Individual Project	12,006		-			2,161	8,6
13	Phuthaditjaba Mortuary	Planning	Maluti A Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuary	01 April 2018	31 March 2021			Individual Project	12,006		2	4	1)		2,1
Total New in	nfrastructure assets														47,361	56,018	27,0

Project No	p. Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods	Type of infrastructure	Project	duration	funding	шше	Delivery Mechnism (Individual	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from	Professoinal Fees 2016/17 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Total available		MTEF rd estimates
R thousar	nd:			& Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	Regional/District/Central Hospital; Clinic; Community Health Centre; Pharmaceutical Depots, Mortuary etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of f	Budget prograr name	(Individual project or Packaged Program)		previous years	(K'000)	(R'000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
2. Upgrad	es and additions																
14	Thabo Mofutsanyane District: Clinic Guardhouses	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 March 2016	31 January 2019			Packaged Program	10,199		486	2,214	2,700	7,499	
15	Lejweleputswa: Clinic Guardhouses	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 March 2016	31 January 2019			Packaged Program	5,157	120	243	1,107	1,350	3,807	
16	Fezile Dabi District: Clinic Guardhouses	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 March 2016	31 January 2019			Packaged Program	5,157		243	1,107	1,350	3,807	
17	Xhariep District: Clinic Guardhouses	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 March 2016	31 January 2019			Packaged Program	5,156	120	243	1,107	1,350	3,806	
18	Motheo District: Clinic Guardhouses	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 March 2016	31 January 2019	H	Program	Packaged Program	5,156	(2)/	243	1,107	1,350	3,806	
19	Schonkenville Clinic	Practical Completion	Ngwathe	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2014	30 September 2015			Individual Project	4,458		200	910	1,110		
20	JS Moroka MDR	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 March 2017	31 March 2020			Individual Project	107,948	14,573	(4	-	-	50,000	43,3
21	Mantsopa Specialised Hospital	Procurement	Mantsopa	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 August 2020			Individual Project	242,518	7,271		1377		49,212	104,6
Total Upg	rades and additions														9,210	121,937	148,0
3. Rehabil	itation, renovations and refurbishments																
22	Thabo Mofutsanyane District: Security Fences	Procurement	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	5,311	408	468	2,132	2,600	2,711	
23	Lejweleputswa: Security Fences	Procurement	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	5,311	408	468	2,132	2,600	2,711	
24	Fezile Dabi District: Security Fences	Procurement	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clínic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	5,311	408	468	2,132	2,600	2,711	
25	Xhariep District: Security Fences	Procurement	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	5,311	408	468	2,132	2,600	2,711	
26	Motheo District: Security Fences	Procurement	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	5,310	408	468	2,132	2,600	2,710	
27	Botshabelo Hospital - External Areas	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	20 October 2015	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000	1,400	900	4,100	5,000		
28	National Hospital: Repairs and renovations of Dental Clinic, Stepdown, Maternity Home and Auditorium	Design and documentation, ready for procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000	*	900	4,100	5,000	ž.	
29	National Hospital: Repairs and Renovations of Workshops, Garages, Laundry, Morluary, Pharmacy and Kitchen	Design and documentation, ready for procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000	S#1	900	4,100	5,000	÷	
30	National Hospital: Repairs and Renovations of Wards: 2,3,4,5,6,788	Design and documentation, ready for procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000	80	900	4,100	5,000	٠	
31	National Hospital: Repairs and Renovations of Doctors' Residence and Outpatient	Design and documentation, ready for procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000		900	4,100	5,000	e.	
32	National Hospital: Repairs and Renovations of Admission, Administration, Emergency and External Works	Design and documentation, ready for procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	HFRG	8 me	Individual Project	5,000		900	4,100	5,000		
33	Mafube Hospital	Planning	Mafube	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 December 2015	31 March 2016	生	Prou	Individual Project	8,500	1,513	1,080	4,920	6,000	ä	

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Project No	. Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods	Type of infrastructure	Project	duration	funding	mme	Delivery Mechnism (Individual	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from	Professoinal Fees 2016/17 (R'000)	Construction 2016/17	Total available		MTEF ard estimates
R thousan	d			& Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	Regional/District/Central Hospital; Clinic; Community Health Centre; Pharmaceutical Depots, Mortuary etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of fi	Budget program	(Individual project or Packaged Program)		previous years	(R'000)	(R'000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
34	Parys Hospital	Planning	Ngwathe	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2019			Individual Project	9,101				-	7,991	1,110
35	Mancofs Shared Services Accommodation - Hall	70% Complete	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2014	30 July 2016			Individual Project	4,500		810	3,690	4,500	-	
36	Pelonomi - Renovate Orthopaedic Ward	Design	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	2,000		360	1,640	2,000		
37	Pelonomi - Refurbish All Roofs	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2015	31 March 2016			Individual Project	3,689		664	3,025	3,689		
38	Pelonomi - Refurbish Admissions, Casualty, Trauma & Emergency	75% complete	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	25 January 2015	31 May 2016			Individual Project	5,526	(4)	995	4,531	5,526		
39	Pelonomi - Refurbish Maternity	5% complete	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 October 2015	31 August 2017			Individual Project	30,787	*	5,542	25,245	30,787		
40	Pelonomi - Refurbish Water Reticulation & Under Floor Areas	Design	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 March 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	7,217		968	4,408	5,376	1,841	-
41	Pelonomi - Refurbish Records And Archives	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 March 2018	30 April 2019			Individual Project	23,695					-	23,695
42	Refurbish Waste Management	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	30 September 2018			Individual Project	36,351	229	1,800	8,200	10,000	14,761	11,590
43	Pelonomi Paediatric MDR Unit	70% complete	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	08 January 2015	31 March 2017			Individual Project	2,500	-	450	2,050	2,500		-
44	Pelonomi - Refurbish Old X-Ray To Accommodate Maxillo Facial And Orthodontic Unit	88% compelte	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	08 January 2014	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,500		270	1,230	1,500		*
45	Pelonomi - Procurement of Health Technology for completed projects	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Machinery and Equipment	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2017	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000	-	900	4,100	5,000		
46	FSPC Skills Development building - Renovation	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 November 2015	31 March 2017			Individual Project	4,000		720	3,280	4,000	12	
47	FSPC fire damaged Ward - Refurbish	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 November 2015	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,000		900	4,100	5,000		.5
48	District Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2017	HFRG	Programme 8	Packaged Program		20.540	5,453	24,840	30,293	32,086	28,235
49	District Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2017	EA		Packaged Program	90,614	29,546	2,813	12,813	15,625	23,938	16,312
50	Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2020	HFRG		Packaged Program			2,390	10,886	13,276	4	13,042
51	Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2020	EA		Packaged Program	26,318		1,210	5,514	6,724		7,534
52	Central and Specialised Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2020			Packaged Program	8,000	100	1,440	6,560	8,000	(*	*
53	District Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc)	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2020	HFRG		Packaged Program	46,634	8,000	2,880	13,120	16,000	18,317	12,317

Project No.	. Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods	Type of infrastructure	Project (duration	unding	e me	Delivery Mechnism	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from	Professoinal Fees 2016/17	Construction 2016/17	Total available		MTEF rd estimates
R thousand	di.			& Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	Regional/District/Central Hospital; Clinic; Community Health Centre; Pharmaceutical Depots, Mortuary etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of f	Budget program	(Individual project or Packaged Program)		previous years	(R'000)	(R'000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
54	Provincial Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc)	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2020			Packaged Program	29,840		1,800	8,200	10,000	9,920	9,5
55	Central and Specialised Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc)	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2020		ogramme 8	Packaged Program	12,286		720	3,280	4,000	4,143	4,1
56	District Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2020		Pa	Packaged Program	9,000	(*)	1,620	7,380	9,000	*	
57	Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2020			Packaged Program	24,694	4,966	4,445	20,249	24,694		
58	Central and Specialised Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2020	FRG		Packaged Program	8,000		1,440	6,560	8,000		
59	EMS Logistics Stores	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Stores	01 February 2016	31 March 2017	¥		Individual Project	6,000	1,513	1,080	4,920	6,000	-	
60	Medical depot	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Medical Depot	01 February 2016	31 January 2017			Individual Project	5,000	1,157	900	4,100	5,000	1+	
61	FSSON - Residence and Hall	Procurement	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Nurses Residence	01 February 2016	31 January 2017			Individual Project	9,000	2,047	1,620	7,380	9,000		
62	ALL FACILITIES: Employment of Learners for Boiler Maintenance and Refurb	Leamers still to be appointed	All Municipalities	Compensation of Employees	All Facilities	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	EPWP	Programme	Packaged Program	2,000	ists.	823	12	2,000	٥	
Total Rehal	bilitation, renovations and refurbishments												53,008	241,482	296,490	126,550	127
4. Maintena	ince and repairs																
63	Maintenance of CHC's and Clinics Magaung Metro	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinics and CHC's	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	33,422	-	1,980	9,020	11,000	11,211	11
64	Maintenance of CHC's and Clinics Fezile Dabi	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinics and CHC's	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	15,907		900	4,100	5,000	5,454	5,
65	Maintenance of CHC's and Clinics Lejweleputswa	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinics and CHC's	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	-RG		Packaged Program	24,105		1,440	6,560	8,000	8,053	8
66	Maintenance of CHC's and Clinics Thabo Mofutsanyana	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinics and CHC's	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	Ξ		Packaged Program	18,411	-	360	1,640	2,000	8,206	8
67	Maintenance of CHC's and Clinics Xhariep	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinics and CHC's	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		9e	Packaged Program	6,452		360	1,640	2,000	2,226	2
68	Botshabelo Hospital	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		programı	Individual Project	6,526	471	(40)	*		3,263	3
69	National Hospital	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	30,088	1,336				15,044	15,
70	Dr J S Moroka Hospital	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	2,997	462	270	1,230	1,500	692	
71	Mafube Hospital	Planning	Mafube	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,497	593				692	
		Planning	Ngwathe	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	3,157		180	820	1,000	997	1,

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Project No.	Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods	Type of infrastructure	Project	duration	unding	ше	Delivery Mechnism	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from	Professoinal Fees 2016/17 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Total available		MTEF rd estimates
R thousand				& Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	Regional/District/Central Hospital; Clinic; Community Health Centre; Pharmaceutical Depots, Mortuary etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of	Budget progra	(Individual project or Packaged Program)		previous years	(1000)	(R 000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
73	Parys Hospital	Planning	Ngwathe	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,473		360	1,640	2,000	1,623	1,850
74	Metsimaholo Hospital	Planning	Metsimaholo	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	9,680	250	540	2,460	3,000	3,088	3,592
75	Katleho Hospital	Planning	Matjhabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	4,714		270	1,230	1,500	1,486	1,728
76	Mohau Hospital	Planning	Tswelopele	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	9		Individual Project	4,735		270	1,230	1,500	1,438	1,797
77	Nala Hospital	Planning	Nala	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	H		Individual Project	2,624	92.0	180	820	1,000	751	873
78	Thusanong Hospital	Planning	Matjhabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	7,560	(2)	540	2,460	3,000	2,108	2,452
79	Winburg Hospital	Planning	Masilonyana	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	2,843	(4)	180	820	1,000	852	991
80	Elizabeth Ross Hospital	Planning	Maluti a Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	5,608	-20	360	1,640	2,000	1,804	1,804
81	Itemoheng Hospital - Senekal	Planning	Setsoto	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	2,766	***	180	820	1,000	883	883
82	John Daniel Newberry Hospital	Planning	Setsoto	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,708	1943	90	410	500	604	604
83	Nketoana Hospital	Planning	Nketoana	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	4,046		180	820	1,000	1,523	1,523
84	Phekolong Hospital	Planning	Dihlabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	4,334		270	1,230	1,500	1,417	1,417
85	Phumeleta Hospital	Planning	Phumelela	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,658	(4)	90	410	500	579	579
86	Phuthuloha District Hospital	Planning	Setsoto	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,916		90	410	500	708	708
87	Thebe Hospital	Planning	Maluti a Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	4,168	1.00	270	1,230	1,500	1,334	1,334
88	Senorita Nhlabathi Hospital	Planning	Mantsopa	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	7,123	9.0	270	1,230	1,500	2,500	3,123
89	Diamant Hospital	Planning	Kopanong	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,571	132	90	410	500	495	576
90	Stoffel Coetzee Hospital	Planning	Mohokare	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	2,216	149	180	820	1,000	562	654
91	Embekweni Hospital	Planning	Mohokare	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,326	132	90	410	500	382	444
92	Trompsburg Hospital	Planning	Kopanong	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		ramme 8	Individual Project	10,760					5,380	5,380
93	Maintenance Of All District Hospital Boilers And Generators	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		Prog	Packaged Program	9,029		-	-		2,400	6,629
94	Pelonomi Hospital	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	35,082	770	1,980	9,020	11,000	12,041	12,041
95	Boitumelo Hospital	Planning	Moqhaka	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	. 9		Individual Project	29,209	(2)	900	4,100	5,000	10,437	13,772
96	Bongani Hospital	Planning	Matjhabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	HFRG		Individual Project	34,361	1,650	900	4,100	5,000	12,932	16,429
97	Dihlabeng Hospital	Planning	Dihlabeng	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	4,372	100		v	- 1	2,186	2,186
98	Mofumahadi Manapo Mopeli Hospital	Planning	Maluti a Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	19,670	(±)	1,080	4,920	6,000	6,835	6,835
99	Maintenance Of All Provincial Hospital Boilers And Generators		All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	4,800			•	*2	2,400	2,400
100	Universitas Academic Hospital	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	43,900	12.0	1,800	8,200	10,000	16,950	16,950

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Project No.	. Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery &	Type of infrastructure	Project	luration	funding	шше	Delivery Mechnism (Individual	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from previous years	Professoinal Fees 2016/17 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Total available		MTEF d estimates
R thousand				Equipments, COE)	Regional/District/Central Hospital; Clinic; Community Health Centre; Pharmaceutical Depots, Mortuary etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of	Budget progra	project or Packaged Program)		previous years	(1000)	(1.000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
101	Free State Psychiatric Complex (FSPC)	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Specialised Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	15,359	1,000	19			5,120	10,2
102	Maintenance Of All Central Hospital Boilers And Generators	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Specialised Hospital	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	1,200	20				600	60
103	Maintenance EMS Rescue Services	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	EMS Stations	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	15,423		720	3,280	4,000	4,696	6,77
104	Maintenance Other Infrastructure Mangaung Metro	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuaries, Residential, Etc	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		amme 8	Packaged Program	5,365	-	360	1,640	2,000	1,335	2,03
105	Maintenance Other Infrastructure Fezile Dabi District	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuaries, Residential, Etc	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		Progr	Packaged Program	800	-	36	164	200	225	3
106	Maintenance Other Infrastructure Lejweleputswa District	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuaries, Residential, Etc	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	1,625		90	410	500	563	51
107	Maintenance Other Infrastructure Thabo Mofutsanyana	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuaries, Residential, Etc	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	1,250		90	410	500	375	3
108	Maintenance Other Infrastructure Xhariep District	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuaries, Residential, Etc	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	413	-	27	123	150	113	11
109	Maintenance Nursing Colleges And Schools	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Nursing colleges and Schools	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Packaged Program	1,369		90	410	500		81
Total Maint	enance and repairs												18,063	82,287	100,350	164,561	187,7
5. Infrastru	cture transfers - current																
1000	tructure transfers - current		and the same of		4												Yes alt me
6. Infrastru	cture transfers - capital																
Total Infras	structure transfers - capital																
Total Healti	h Infrastructure												71,071	323,769	453,411	469,066	490,66

Mr AN Baartman	DATE: 81/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01/01
Chief Director Infrastructure and Technical Services Management Free State Health	
Approved: Uduu Dr B Malakoane	DATE: 16.03.2416
Member of th∲ Executive Committee Free State Health	

Recommended By:	DATE: OOSIL
Dr D Motau	
Head of Department	
Free State Health	

Prepared By:

Table B 5/a). EREE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH



	Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed	Type of infr	rastructure	Project	duration	Đ.	9	Delivery Mechnism (Individual project or	Total project cost		Professoinal Fees 2016/17	n 2016/17	Total available	MT Forward e	
Project No.				Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)		Units	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of fundir	Budget programn name	Packaged Program)		date from previous years	(R'000)	(R'000)	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
1	Compensation for DoRA Funded Posts	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Compensation of Employees		1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	99,000		-		33,000	33,000	33,00
2	FSIDMS Implementation	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services		1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		80	Packaged Program	10,490				5,000	5,490	
3	Surgical Cleaning (Albert Nzula)	Planning	Kopanong	Goods and Services		1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	RG	a a	Individual Project	500	-		-	500	-	
4	Goods and Services	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Goods and Services		1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	뚶	Progra	Individual Project	4,840	-			1,130	1,210	2,50
	Procurement of Computing, draughting and printing hardware	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Machinery and Equipment		1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017		- A	Individual Project	500				200	300	
6	Medical Equipment: Amelia	Procurement	Metsimaholo	Machinery and Equipment	Clinic	1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017			Individual Project	1,000			1,000	1,000		
7	Medical Equipment: Schonkenville Clinic	Procurement	Ngwathe	Machinery and Equipment	Clinic	1	01 April 2016	31 March 2017	HFRG	ramme	Individual Project	800		*	800	800		
		Practical completion	Kopanong	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	1	01 October 2010	31 December 2015		Prog	Individual Project	4,000		720	3,280	4,000		
	non-infrastructure projects															45,630	40,000	35,50
_	AL ALLOCATION					,		(ecommended								499,041	509,066	526,16
Mr A	AN Baartman ef Director Infrastructure and Technical Services Management							Dr D Motau	W.			-	DATE: (0108	16			

U.N. baatman	DATE: 8 MOXCN 2016
Chief Director Infrastructure and Technical Services	Management
Free State Health	
Approved: Dr B Malakóane Member of the Executive Committee	DATE: 16.03-2018
Free State Health	

Free State Health



THABO MOFUTSANYANA CASP and Illima projects planned for 2016/17



CASP PROJECTS-RED Meat Commodity projects

1. Thabo Mofutsanyana: -Agri Park

Budget: R 7 500 000

TM Fodder production, veld management and processing project Phase 2- Fouriesburg commonage

Budget: R 2 500 000

RED MEAT INTEGRATED VALUE CHAIN Projects

Thabo Mofutsanyana Deliverables:

- Implement the Animal and veld Improvement plan at Fouriesburg, Excelsior, Unicom School Tweespruit
 and Kgolokoeng Tribal Council (Harrismith) to commercialise communal systems
- 2. Establish 4x 80 LSU animal handling facilities with electronic scale, loading ramps and spray rays
- Support farmers to increase and improve livestock herds; Provide 4 bulls each to Excelsior and Kgolokoeng
- Water reticulation:
- 4.1 Develop 1 borehole and establish a windmill and cement reservoir at Kgolokoeng
- 4.2 Develop 2 boreholes and establish windmills and reservoirs at Excelsion
- 4.3 Develop 2 boreholes and establish windmills and reservoirs at Fouriesburg

RED MEAT INTEGRATED VALUE CHAIN Projects

The Mantsopa Projects will be linked to the N8 Beef Corridor project in the Mangaung Metro. There is a red meat abattoir at Thaba Nchu and cattle will be marketed to the abattoir.

The Kgolokoeng project will be linked to the Agripark planned at Tshiame.

PROJECT	BUDGET	LOCATION	ACTIVITY
2. Mabaleng family	1 700 000	Tweespruit - Well Done	The farm is a mixed enterprise. Due to its close location to Mangaung metro, the beef enterprise will be linked to the beef value chain project in the Metro; purchasing of 50 Female Bonsmara cattle+1 bull and support with production inputs for maize on 100 ha. The water and fencing infrastructure should also be upgraded to ensure a profitable farm
3. Mr. Sello Matiolane	1 625 000	Ladybrand - Linderust farm	150 Ha maize + 100 ha Soya Beans

PROJECT	BUDGET	LOCATION	ACTIVITY
8. Maleleka Family Farm	1 000 000	Kestell Brakfontein	50 maize + 50 ha dry beans
9. Black Survival Fishery project	2 200 000	Qwaqwa	Infrastructure upgrading at 3 sites in Qwaqwa

PROJECT	BUDGET	LOCATION	ACTIVITY
4. Mr. Fanie Mashinini	910 000	Bethlehem Naudeskop	130 ha maize
5. Ms Mpiti	900 000	Senekal Ruigtefontein	150 Ha Soya Beans
6. Mrs Judith Masisi	1 000 000	Thaba Phatswa Sweet Home farm	100 Ha Maize; repair of fences and water reticulation
7. Mantshaben g Motse and Tshepo Mokoena	1 000 000	Tweespruit Dawn Farm	100 ha Maize+ 50 Ha soya beans

PROJECT	BUDGET	LOCATION	ACTIVITY
1. Moloi Family Farming project Final Phase	500 000	Kestell	The project was funded in 2014/15; the water reticulation costed more than estimated and the project could not be fully completed. The incomplete shade nets should still be completed by the beneficiaries as agreed, water reticulation to the tunnels be completed and vegetable production inputs. The project will be linked to the AGRIPARK in Tshiame; 80% of the beneficiaries are youth- all children of the farm owner; Completion of water supply to the project; production inputs for vegetables will be addressed with project fund

Other outstanding obligations

Vrede piggery Project- R 1 500 000

A small office will be established for the 3 piggery cooperatives at Vrede. The cooperatives each have a 350 unit pig grower house. One of the coops will be supported with production inputs. The other 2 houses will receive production inputs with the 2015/16 budget.

Vegetable and Deciduous Fruit PRODUCTION AND AGRO PROCESSING 2

Diyatalawa

Budget: R 1 925 000

Wilhelmina

Budget: R 1 800 000

At Diyatalawa, 4 ha apples will be established under net structures- the total area apples at Diyatalawa will be 8Ha

At Wilhelmina, 4 ha old peach trees will be removed and 4 ha new peaches will be established.

Vegetable and Deciduous Fruit PRODUCTION AND AGRO PROCESSING 1

3. Ficksburg Female Vegetable Processing facility

Budget: R 5 000 000

A Pack house with cold rooms is planned that project beneficiaries are able to harvest, pack, store and market good quality asparagus and fresh vegetables





Department of social development Thabo-Mofutsanyane District project/Programmes 2016/2017 financial year

Name	Type/Programmes	Number of Beneficiaries	Area
Isibindi (Phamong)	Skills Development	24	Qwa-qwa
Isibindi (Masaleng)	Skills Development	26	Qwa-qwa
Isibindi (Harrismith)	Skills Development	13	Harrismith
<u>Isibindi (Vrede)</u>	Skills Development	13	Vrede
<u>Isibindi (Memel)</u>	Skills Development	11	Memel
<u>Isibindi (Reitz)</u>	Skills Development	13	Reitz
Isibindi (Ficksburg)	Skills Development	13	Ficksburg
Isibindi (Senekal)	Skills Development	13	Senekal
Maqhekung	Skills Development	13	Qwa-qwa
MAP FET Training	Skills Development	23	Qwa-qwa
Thembalihle Community Project	Community Nutrition	100	Vrede
	Development centre		
Kholokoe Community	Community Nutrition	100	Makholokoeng
Development Trust	Development Centre		
Mamello Support Group	Community Nutrition	230	Harrismith
	Development Centre		
Sisonke Soup Kitchen	Community Nutrition	100	Qwa-qwa

	Development Centre		
Beisang Mabewana health and	Community Nutrition	250	Qwa-qwa
support care	Development Centre		



Programme 4 Sport and Recreation

- Community Sport:
- Programmes:
- Club development
- Projects;
- OR Tambo games
- leagues
- Siyadlala
- Senior Citizens (Golden Games)
- Indigenous Games
- Youth camp
- Big Walk

2

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONEMNTAL AFFAIRS EPIP PROJECTS IN THABO MOFUTSANYANA DISTRICT

Municipalities Project Name Project Duration Total Budget Status

Maluti a Phofung LM	Qwaqwa Environmental Education Center	16 months	R 12,000,000	Still Under Planning- BP not yet submitted
2. Maluti a Phofung LM	Establishment of New Landfill Site in Qwaqwa	16 months	R 18,000,000	Still Under Planning- BP not yet submitted
3. Maluti a Phofung LM	Upgrading of Sentinel Peak Car Park Access and Hiking Trails	18 months	R 20,000,000	Still Under Planning- BP not yet submitted
4. Maluti a Phofung LM	Tshimologo ya Bomme Waste Management Project in ward 34	9 months	R 5,000,000	In implementation
5. Mantsopa LM	Domestic Waste Collection Project	20 months	R 20,000,000	In implementation
6. Mantsopa LM	Development Waste Buy Back Centre in Ladybrand	12 months	R 7,000,000	In implementation
7. Nketoana LM	Development of Eco- Park	16 months	R 5,000,000	Under planning- BP submitted for approval
8. Setsoto LM	Establishment of two Community Parks in Clocolan and Marquard	12 months	R 12,000,000	In implementation
9. Dihlabeng LM	Establishment of Plant Nersury in Bethlehem	10 months	R 2,000,000	In implementation
10. Maluti-a-Phofung LM	Upgrading of Sterkfontein Nature Reserve	Project on hold	Project on hold	Project on hold

11. Mantsopa LM	Mantsopa Greening of Environment	14 months	R 13, 000 000	In implementation
	3		- ,	

PROJECTS FROM LOCALS



Funded Projects

Project Description	Project Value	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019
Ficksburg/Meqheleng: Construction of 3km Paved Road and Storm Water Drainage	21 992 290	1 759 691	0	0
Senekal/Matwabeng: Construction of 3km Paved Road and Storm Water Drainage	21 992 290	1 759 691	0	0
Marquard/Moemaneng: Construction of 3km Paved Road and Storm Water Drainage	21 992 290	821 013	22 716 293	0
Clocolan/Hiohlolwane: Construction of 3km Paved Road and Storm Water Drainage	21 992 290	821 013	22 716 293	0
Marquard/Moemaneng: Development of Solid Waste Site	15 757 561	0	15 000 000	757 561
Clocolary/Hlohlolwane: Development of Solid Waste Site	16 594 150	13 061 095	757 561	0
Senekal/Matwabeng: Construction of New Indoor Sport and Recreational Facility	14 212 800	9 649 060	710 640	0
Ficksburg/Meqheleng: New Stadium Lighting and Seating	9 120 000		8 664 000	464 394
Construction of a central Water Treatment Works in Senekal with rising main pipes and raw water supply pipes from all dams	145 000 000	35 000 000	1 000 000	0

Unfunded Projects-Sanitation

Project Description	Project Value
Development of 1 145 sites in Matwabeng, roads, water and sewer	46 000 000
Development of 1 110 sites in Highlolwane and Moemaneng	29 000 000
Development of 30 houses in Senekal Water and Sewer	2 000 000
Upgrading of sewer pipeline in Van Soelen Street	30 000 000
Construction of a New Sewer Pump Station in Megheleng	8 000 000
Bucket Eradication in Marquard/Moemaneng	56 000 000
Bucket Eradication in Ficksburg/Megheleng	123 000 000
Bucket Eradication in Clocolan/Hlohlolwane	136 000 000
Bucket Eradication in Senekal/Matwabeng	136 000 000
Remedial Work on Megheleng Sewer Network	35 000 000
Upgrading of a Sewer Treatment Work in Clocolan	19 000 000
Refurbishment of Sewer Treatment Works in Ficksburg	10 000 000
Clocolary/Hilohlohwane: Convention of 400 VIP to Waterborne toillets	6 000 000
Refurbishment of sewer line in Senekal	10 000 000
Refurbishment of the old WWTW in Senekal	10 000 000
Refurbishment of the Sewer Pumpstation in Clocolan	5 000 000

Unfunded Projects-Infrastructure Planning Documents

Project Description	Project Value
Development of a Comprehensive Infrastructure Maintenance Plan	
Development of a Comprehensive Infrastructure Investment Plan	
Development of Integrated Transport Plan	
De Silting of Meulspruit Dam	

Unfunded Projects-Urban Planning and Human Settlement Projects

Project Description	Project Value
Development of 60 Residential sites in Ficksburg	S 000 000
Development of a Shopping Mall in Ficksburg	Investors
Development of a Shopping Centre in Ficksburg	Investors
Development of Land Use Scheme	1 000 000
Formalisation of Katlehong 1 and 2 Informal Settlement in Megheleng	1 000 000
Formalisation of Oustad Informal Settlement in Caledon Park	5 000 000
Formalisation of Boltumelo Informal Settlement in Megheleng	5 000 000
Formalisation of Baipehing Informal Settlement in Highlolwane	5 000 000
Formalisation of Masaleng Informal Settlement in Matwabeng	5 000 000
Township establish in Vooruitsight farm in Clocolan	5 000 000
Township establishment in Ford Farm in Clocolan	5 000 000
Development of 6 sites in Ficksburg	400 000
Development of 41 sites in Ficksburg Industrial Area	2 800 000
Development of 79 sites in Ficksburg Extension 29	3 500 000
Development of 60 sites in Clocolan-Tiennie van Rooyen	3 000 000
Development of 36 sites in Hlohlolwane Extension 8	2 000 000

Unfunded Projects-Urban Planning and Human Settlement Projects

Project Description	Project Value
Development of 106 sites in Highlolwane Extension 9	4 000 000
Development of 18 sites in Senekal Extension 10	2 000 000
Development of 21 sites in Senekal Industrial Area	2 700 000
Development of 781 sites in Matwabeng Extension 7	21 000 000
Sub-division ERF 855 Megheleng	6 000 000
Development of Cemetery in Senekal	6 000 000
Development of Cemetery in Ficksburg	6 000 000
Fencing of camps and pound areas in Setsoto	6 000 000

Unfunded Projects-Roads and Storm Water

Project Description	Project Value
Resealing of roads in Clocolan	10 000 000
Resealing of roads in Senekal	10 000 000
Resealing of roads in Marquard	10 000 000
Upgrading of Storm Water Networks in Ficksburg	20 000 000
Maintenance or construction of sidewalks in Ficksburg	5 000 000
Maintenance or construction of sidewalks in Senekal	5 000 000
Maintenance or construction of sidewalks in Marquard	5 000 000
Maintenance or construction of sidewalks in Clocolan	5 000 000
Construction of Storm Water and Culvert in Zone 3	600 000

Unfunded Projects-Electricity

Project Description	Project Value
Energy Efficiency Project in Clocolan	10 000 000
Energy Efficiency Project in Ficksburg	10 000 000
Energy Efficiency Project in Senekal	10 000 000
Energy Efficiency Project in Marquard	20 000 000
Maintenance of Electricity Infrastructure Phase 2-Ficksburg sub-stations	5 000 000
Maintenance of Electricity Infrastructure Phase 3-Clocolan sub-station	4 000 000
Maintenance of Electricity Infrastructure Phase 4-Ficksburg and Clocolan transformers	10 000 000
Maintenance of Electricity Infrastructure Phase 4-Senekal and Marquard transformers	10 000 000
Ficksburg/Meqheleng: Electrification of 792 Erven by Eskom	9 504 000
Ficksburg/Megheleng: Electrification of 51 Erven in Extension 27 by Eskom	612 000
Senekal/Matwabeng: Electrification of 1 146 Erven by Eskom	13 752 000
Clocolan: Electrification of 2015 Erven by the Municipality	2 460 000
Clocolary/Hlohlolwane: Electrification of 18 Erven at Extension 7 by Eskom	216 000
Clocolan/Hlohlolwane: Electrification of 37 Erven at Extension 8 by Eskom	444 000
Marquard/Moemaneng: Electrification of 1110 by Eskom	1 296 000
Electrification of 240 Houses in Clocolan by Municipality and Eskom	10 000 000
Electrification of 30 Houses in Senekal by the Municipality	1 250 000

Other Projects and Programmes

Project Description	Project Value
Furniture and Equipment	165 000
Vehicle	400 000
Job Evaluation Implementation	750 000
By-law Development and Review	200 000
Purchasing of laptops	490 000
Inauguration Meeting of Council	47 500
Establishment of Archives Office	60 000
Installation of Air-conditioners in Executive Committee Chambers	40 500
Payroll Administration Equipment	55 000
Fleet Management Unit-Purchasing of office equipment	100 000
Fleet Management Unit Purchasing of tools and equipment	448 415
Fleet Management Equipment and Vehicles	550 000
Fleet Management Unit Rent of Equipment	400 000
Mayoral Vehicle	5 000 000
Legal and Administration Purchasing of Equipment	300 000
Human Resource Development Furniture and Equipment	100 000
Human Resources WSP and ATR Compilation	10 000
Human Resources EEA 2 and EEA 4 Compilation	10 000

Other Projects and Programmes

Project Description	Project Value
Parks Section Purchasing of Vehicle/Tractor	4 00 000
Parks Section Purchasing of Falcon Type Mower	200 000
Fire Services Section Establishment of Fire Station	15 000 000
Fire Services Section Acquisition of Fire Trucks	15 000 000
Security Services Section Installation of CCTV Cameras	5 000 000
Security Services Section Installation of Alarm System	500 000
Security Services Section Fencing of Properties	300 000
Local Economic Development Division Training of SMMEs	800 000
Local Economic Development Division Provision of Infrastructure Support and Development of Informal Trading	12 000 000
Local Economic Development Division Review of the Local Economic Development Strategy	30 000
Local Economic Development Division Support for Recycling Projects	1 200 000
Local Economic Development Division Support for Poultry Projects	300 000
Local Economic Development Division Support for Piggery Projects	300 000
Local Economic Development Division Development of Business Retention Strategy	150 000
Local Economic Development Division Support for Cattle Farmers	5 000 000
Local Economic Development Division Assistance for Beneficiaries involved in Agricultural Projects	645 000
Local Economic Development Division Assistance for Cooperatives	2 000 000
Local Economic Development Division Assistance for Beneficiaries participating in the Hydroponics	500 000
Local Economic Development Division for the Development of Tourism Sector Plan	400 000

Other Projects and Programmes

Project Description	Project Value	
Compilation, Design, Layout and Printing of the Annual Report	600 000	
Compilation, Design, Layout and Printing of the Oversight Report	200 000	
Compilation, Design, Layout and Printing of the Integrated Development Plan	500 000	
Compilation, Design, Layout and Printing of a Summary of the Integrated Development Plan	200 000	
Facilitation, compilation, design, layout and printing of the Strategic Plan	700 000	
Licenses for the E-PMS Software	250 000	
Review the PMS Handbook	250 000	



PRIORITY	PROJECT NAME	LOCATION	FUNDING	BUDGET ALLOCATION
			SOURCE	2016/2017
Sanitation	Upgrading of Sewage and 2.2ML Wastewater Treatment works	Mashaeng	MIG	R7 464 840
	Upgrading of Sewage and 2.4ML Wastewater Treatment works	Mautse	MIG	R894 307 63
	Conversion of 730 VIP toilets into water- borne sanitation system	Mautse/Rosendal	MIG	R336 000 00



ROADS AND STORM WATER.



PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION			- Common or Strong
PRIORITI	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION	SOURCE		2016/2017
Roads and					Unfunded
Storm Water.	Rehabilitation of Roads 4.6				R 14 million
	km.	Bohlokong	Municipal	Budget	
	Construction of 1.5km block				
	Paved Road and Storm				
	water channel.	Khubetswana	Municipal	Budget	Unfunded
	Construction of 2km Block				
	Paved Roads and Storm				
	water.	Mashaeng	Municipal	Budget	Unfunded
	Bethlehem/Bohlokong				
	Construction of 1.8km block paved roads and storm				
	water.	Bohlokong	MIG		R6 718 265



HUMAN SETTLEMENT AND TOWN PLANNING

PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION	FUNDING	BUDGET ALLOCATION
FRIORITI	PROJECT NAME		SOURCE	2016/2017
Human Settlement	Open Township registry.	Kgubetswana, Mashaeng and Fateng tse	Municipal Budget	R 3.2 m Unfunded
&Town Planning		Ntsho		
	Acquire land parcels in Bethlehem for future human settlements.	Bethlehem	Housing Dev. Agency	R 5 m Unfunded
	Completion of Incomplete RDP Houses	All DLM Units	Human Settlement Department	Unfunded
	Township revitalisation for dilapidated houses	All DLM Units	Human Settlement	Unfunded
	Audit of municipal land and housing properties within DLM	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	Unfunded
			3	3



REFUSE REMOVAL & SOLID WASTE

PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	ECTNAME LOCATION FUNDING SOURCE		BUDGETALLOCATION
			SOURCE	2016/2017
Refuse Removal &Solid waste	Clearing of illegal comer dumps on a quarterly basis	All DLM Units	Municipal Budget Unfunded	R1 000 000.00
	Reduce corner dumps through environmental awareness programmes	All DLM Units	Municipal Budget Unfunded	R500 000.00
	Appoint a Service Provider to operate and maintain the landfill site	All DLM Units	Municipal Budget Unfunded	R 9 000 000.00
	Rehabilitation of areas after closure of Morelig and Jordania Transfer Stations	All DLM Units	Municipal Budget Unfunded	R50 000.00
	Upgrading and commissioning of Transfer Stations	All DLM Units	Municipal Budget Unfunded	R600 000.00
	Placing of refuse removal receptacles for effective refuse removal service	All DLM Units	Municipal Budget Unfunded	R1 000 000.00



PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION	FUNDING	BUDGET ALLOCATION 2016/2017
Parks &Cemetries	Development of new Cemetery	Mashaeng	MIG Unfunded	R1 million
	Development of new parks: Bohlokong (ward 1), Fouriesburg (ward 13)	Bohlokong (ward 1), Fourlesburg (ward 13)		
	Extension of the tar road at Utopia cemetery			R 1 000 000
	Cherry picker truck for pruning of high street trees			R 800 000



FIRE & TRAFFIC

PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION	FUNDING	ALLOCATION 2016/2017
Fire and Traffic	Construction of Fire Station (Sub- stations in Fouriesburg, Clarens and Rosendal and Paul Roux)	DLM UNITS	TMDM & Municipal Budget	R6 million
	Construction of weigh Bridge	Bethlehem	Muncpal Budget	
	Installation of parking meters in CBD 's	All DLM Towns		R2 500 000.00



SPORTS, ARTS AND CULTURE





KPA2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION	FUNDING	BUDGET ALLOCATION
PRIORITI	T KOOLO T HAME	LOCATION	SOURCE	2016/2017
Agriculture & agro processing	Provide support for 8 emerging Farmers.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R2 480,000.00 Unfunded
	Provide opportunities for 5 Agro Processing Projects.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R800 000.00 Unfunded
	Renaissance of 7 Farms.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R700,000.00 Unfunded

KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

PRIORITY	PROJECT	LOCATION	FUNDING	BUDGET
	NAME		SOURCE	2016/2017
Tourism development	7 Tourism Expos	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R250,000.00 Unfunded
	Development of tourism route and tourism package	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R250,000.00 Unfunded
	Upgrading of 2 accommodation facilities	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R150,000.00 Unfunded
	Support 8 tourism SMME	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R100,000.00 Unfunded
	Upgrade of tourism signage	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R150,000.00 Unfunded
	Development of 1 arts and craft Centre	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R50,000.00 Unfunded



KPA 3: ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND TRANSFORMATION

PRIORITY	PROJECTNAME	LOCATION	FUNDING	BUDGET ALLOCATION 2016/2017
Corporate Service	DLM training for management and staff.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R3M
	DLM Employees wellness programme.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	R350 000
	Development and communication of service standards.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	Operational Budget
	DLM Graduate development program.	All DLM Units	Internal Budget	SALARY BUDGET
	DLM training as per work skills plan.	All DLM Units	LGSETA	LGSETA Funding

MIG PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION	WARDS	PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	PROGRESS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
ROADS PROJECTS						
Disaster Park;Paving of 4.5tcm roads - Phase 3	34	29 611 500.00	R 2 633 106.85	Construction	5%	2016/2017
Maiuti e phofung Phuthaditihaba paving roeds(4.5km) phase 3	27	17 373 600.00	R 12 161 000.00	Construction	83%	2016/2017
Maluti a Phofung: Construction of Payed Roads and Stormater: QuaQwa Rural: Paying of 4.5km of roads in Namahadi (Phase 1)	18	26 235 805.00	R 12 197 226.43	Practical Completion	99%	2016
Kestell/Thelons Paving roads(5km) phase 5	03	32 500 000,00	R 12 530 881.81	Construction	48%	2016/2017
Harrismith Rehabilitation of Tarred Road (Own Funds)	22	18 000 000.00	R 8 000 000.00	Construction	4316	2016/17
WATER PROJECTS						
Makholokweng Area/Construction of a 4ML Reservoir	01	14 579 388,00	R 0.00	On hold due to legal processes, but DWS promised to assist to complete the bulk signline.	98%	2016/2017
Owagwa provision of water service for network extensions and ERF connections for QuaQwa rural areas-mabolela village	28	37 400 302.95	R 8 380 529.65	Construction	99%	2016/2017

Intabarres: New indoor sport and recreational facility Phase 1 (MIS:189335)	22	34 758 464.00	R 12 040 347.44	Construction	68%	2010
FACILITIES						
Queezwer, Construction of 10,000 ViP toilets phase 11	11.12.13.14.15.1 6.17.18.20.21.23 24.26	89 708 493,00	R 46 247 652.12	Construction	96%	2015/2016
Makholokweng:Bulk Sewer Pumping Main and Erf Connections	21	26 235 805.00	R 0.00	On hold, municipality in provide counter funding to complete the project	85%	1014/2017
Wilge:Upgrading of the Wilge Waste Water Treatment Works - Phase 1	22	77 862 000.00	R 10 008 973.00	Construction	88%	2016
SANITATION PROJECTS						
Phuthaditihaba: provision of water services for networkextension and 3907 erf- Bolata	14	38 666 424.00	R 38 666 424.36	Construction	63%	2014/2017
Phuthaditihabar provision of water services for network extension and 2940 erf Mangaung	17	28 586 101.90	R 28 586 101.90	Construction	57%	2016/2017

MIG PROJECTS IN PRACTICAL COMPLETION	WARDS	PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRESS	COMPLETION PINANCIAL YEAR
UPGRADING OF INFRASTRUCTURE AT CEMETERIES (PHASE 2)	05	14 000 000.00	R 4 477 321.31	Practical completion	100%	2014/2015
MANDELA PARK: FROVISION OF SANITATION SERVICES TO 650 STANDS	33	14 058 017/94	R 6 738 985.40	Practical completion	100%	2014/2015
MALUTI-A PHOPUNG: 153 HIGH MAST LIGHTS IN 4 TOWNS	All 34 wards excluding ward 22	32 381 897.00	R 2 557 669.78	Practical completion	100%	2014/2015
DWA (RBIG) PROJECTS						
RBIG PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION		PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRESS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
STEREFONTEIN SCHEME: NORTHERN REGION RESERVOIRS	28.34	R 38 136 651.00	R 38 136 651,00	Construction	68 %	2016/2017
MAKWANE BULK WATER SUPPLY SCHEME: UPGRADING OF WATER TREATMENT WORKS	35	40 000 000.00	R 14 458 500.00	Construction	85%	2016/2017
REFURBISHMENT OF FIKA PATSO WATER PURIFICATION PLANT	21	24 000 000.00	R 24 000 000.00	Practical Completion	100%	2015/2016
RBIG PROJECTS IN PRACTICAL COMPLETION		PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRESS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
STERRIFONTEIN SCHEME: RAW WATER ABSTRACTION	31	25 430 000.00	R 25 430 000.00	Practical Completion	100 %	2015/2016
METSI MATSO WATER SUPPLY	31	20 000 000.00	R 20 000 000.00	Practical Completion	100%	2015/2015

MIG PROJECTS IN PRACTICAL COMPLETION	WARDS	PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRESS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
UPGRADING OF INFRASTRUCTURE AT CEMETERIES (PHASE 2)	05	14 000 000.00	R 4 477 321.31	Practical completion	100%	2014/2015
MANDELA PARK: FROVISION OF SANITATION SERVICES TO 650 STANDS	33	14 058 017.94	R 6 738 985.40	Practical completion	100%	2014/2015
MALUTI A PHOPUNG: 153 HIGH MAST LIGHTS IN 4 TOWNS	All 34 wards excluding ward 22	32 381 897.00	R 2 557 669.78	Practical completion	100%	2014/2015
DWA (RBIG) PROJECTS						
RBIG PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION		PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRESS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
STEREFORTEIN SCHEME: NORTHERN REGION RESERVOIRS	28,34	R 38 136 651.00	R 38 136 651.00	Construction	68 %	2016/2017
MAKWANE BULK WATER SUPPLY SCHEME: UPGRADING OF WATER TREATMENT WORKS	35	40 000 000.00	R 14 458 500.00	Construction	85%	2016/2017
PATSO WATER PURIFICATION PLANT	21	24 000 000.00	R 24 000 000.00	Practical Completion	100%	2015/2016
RBIG PROJECTS IN PRACTICAL COMPLETION		PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRESS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
STERKFONTEIN SCHEME: RAW WATER ABSTRACTION	31	25 430 000.00	R 25 430 000.00	Practical Completion	100 %	2015/2016
METSI MATSO WATER SUPPLY	31	20 000 000.00	R 20 000 000.00	Practical Completion	100%	2015/2015

OTHER PROJECTS

UNDER CONSTRUCTION	WARDS	PROJECT VALUE	BUDGET 2015/2016	STATUS	% PROGRE SS	COMPLETION FINANCIAL YEAR
DOE: ELECTRICITY CONNECTIONS	01	R 11 300 000.00	R 11 300 000.00	Construction	42%	2016/2017
Construction of Lusaka Sewer Reticulation	24 ,30	R 7 429 843.88	R 7 429 843,88	Practical Completion	100%	2015/2016
Kestell(Thiologg): Upgrading of water networks system, Bulle Water Services and a new 2ML Ground storage	03	R 3 354 468.50	R 3 354 468,50	Construction	94%	2015/2016
Harrismith Rehabilitation and Reseal of Streets Phase 1	29	R 18 338 207.58	R 18 338 207.58	Construction	45%	2016/2017

DISASTER PARK: PAVING OF 4.5KM ROADS - PHASE 3 2015 - 2017

Community Employed & benefited

Adults: Males (11), Females (1)

Youth: Males (2), Females (0)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (0), Females (0)

Youth: Males (0), Females (0)





MALUTI-A-PHOFUNG PHUTHADITJHABA: PAVING ROADS(4.5KM) PHASE 3 (2014 - 2016)

Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (9), Females (30)

Youth: Adults: Males (30), Females (31)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course

of the project

Adults: Males (4), Females (2)

Youth: Males (8), Females (8)



KESTEL: TLHOLONG: 5KM NEW PAVED ROADS PHASE 5 (2015 - 2017)



Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (20), Females (6)

Youth: Adults: Males (41), Females (24)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (0), Females (0)

Youth: Males (0), Females (0)

KESTEL: TLHOLONG: 5KM NEW PAVED ROADS PHASE 5 (2015 - 2017)



Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (20), Females (6)

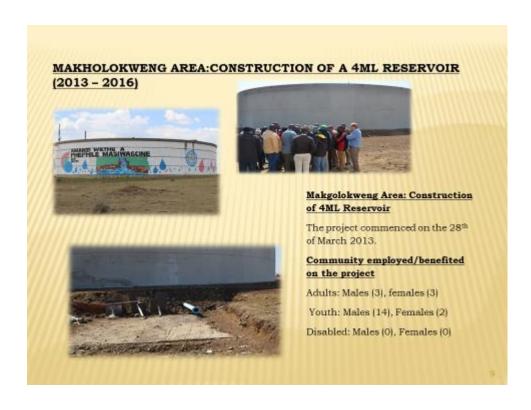
Youth: Adults: Males (41), Females (24)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (0), Females (0)

Youth: Males (0), Females (0)



KESTELL(THLOLONG): UPGRADING OF WATER NETWORKS SYSTEM, BULK WATER SERVICES AND A NEW 2ML GROUND STORAGE (2014 - 2017)



Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (1), Females (2)

Youth: Males (6), Females (6)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the

project

Adults: Males (0), Females (0)

Youth: Males (0), Females (0)

Qwaqwa provision of water service for network extensions and ERF connections for QwaQwa rural areas-mabolela village (2014 - 2017)

Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (19), Females (8)

Youth: Adults: Males (23), Females (20)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (2), Females (4)

Youth: Males (15), Females (11)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)



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PHUTHADITJHABA: PROVISION OF WATER SERVICES FOR NETWORK EXTENSION AND 2940 ERF MANGAUNG (2015 - 2017)



Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (6), Females (8)

Youth: Adults: Males (39), Females (18)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (3), Females (3)

Youth: Males (24), Females (12)

PHUTHADITJHABA: PROVISION OF WATER SERVICES FOR NETWORK EXTENSION AND 3907 ERF - BOLATA (2015 -2017)

Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (3), Females (2)

Youth: Adults: Males (16), Females (8)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (2), Females (1)

Youth: Males (9), Females (3)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)





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WILGE:UPGRADING OF THE WILGE WASTE WATER TREATMENT WORKS - PHASE 1 (2013 - 2016)



Community Employed & Benefited

Adults: Males (10), Females (2)

Youth: Males (19), Females (0)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (10), Females (2)

Youth: Males (19), Females (0)

MAKHOLOKWENG:BULK SEWER, PUMPING MAIN AND ERF CONNECTIONS (2013 - 2016)

Persons Employed

Adults : Males (11), Females (12)
Youth : Males (10), Females (24)
Disabled: Males (1), Females (0)

Persons trained during the course of the project

Adults : Males (11), Females (12)

Youth : Males (10), Females (24)

Disabled: Males (1), Females (0)







INTABAZWE: NEW INDOOR SPORT AND RECREATIONAL FACILITY

(MIS:189335) 2015 - 2016

Community Employed & benefited

Adult: Males (15), Females (2)

Youth: Males (19), Females (0)

Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (0), Females (0)

Youth: Males (0), Females (0)









PHUTHADITJHABA: NEW INDOOR SPORT AND RECREATIONAL FACILITY (2012 - 2015)

Community Employed & benefited

Adult: Males (25), Females (4)

Youth: Males (32), Females (13) Disabled: Males (0), Females (0)

Community trained during the course of the project

Adults: Males (25), Females (4)

Youth: Males (32), Females (13)





* PRESENT AND FUTURE PROJECTS AS PER DRAFT BUDGET

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PROJECTS FROM MIG GRANT	ADJUSTMENT BUDGET 1516	2016/17	DRAFT BUDGET 2017/18
Phutheditjhebe / QweQwe: Intermodel facility Phase 1	11.751.708.00	19 157 169.66	12 611 680)
Intebezwe / Harrismith: New Commuter infrastructure facility	6 000 000.00	8 110 278.74	1654756.
Retention various projects	481 584.00		
PMU Establishment.	7 000 000.00	7 743 600.00	8 672 150
Kestell (Tholong): 5km New paved roads phase 5	9 696 7 23.00	5 400 930.67	2 905 000
Maluti-e-Phofung Phuthaditjhaba: Paving of Roads 14.5km- Phose 3	17 449 537.00	3 299 580.45	1 164 350
Namehadi: Construction of Paved Roads and Storm water: Qwa Rurel: Paving	6 035 579.00	883 888.49	
Phuthaditjhebs: Provision of water services for retwork extensions and 3346 erf connections	8 844 141.00	-	
Disaster Park: Paving of 4.5km roads - Phase 3	6 010 000.00	15 363 793.15	2 519 600
Phutheditjhebs: Provision of water services for network extensions and 2940 orf connections	9 344 683.00	11 278 606.82	1100000
Maluti-e-Phofung: Fencing and Infrastructure ot all cometeries in Maluti-e-Phofung: Phase 2	1 149 204.00	-	
Intabacwe: New Indoor sport and recreational fedility	8 001 876.00	2 354 469.44	1 293 517
Intebacwa Stadium	2 341 571.00	17 008 146.00	18 401 040
Maluti-a-Phofung: 153 High mast lights in 4 towns	6 778 498.00	3 048 400.97	
Mandela Park: Provision of sanitation services to 660 stands	840 163.00	_	
Kestell (Tholong): Upgreding of weter networks system Bulk Water Senices	576 952.00	-	

Qwaqwa: Construction of 10,000 VP toilets phase 11	4 000 000.00	-	-
Maluti-a-Phofung: Fencing and infrastructure at all cemeteries (Phase 1 C)	4 039 214.00	2 644 002 30	1 976 141.20
Bluegumbosch: New indoor Sport and Recreational Facility	5 864 761.00	14 052 429.00	5 970 950.00
Wilge: Upgrading of the Wilge Waste Water Treatment Works - Phase 1	10 046 456.00	1567553.22	6 700 000.00
Tshiame 8: Paving of 6km roads - Phase 28	3 500 000.00	12 696 918.27	1 179 495.14
Intabezwe: Construction of a Reservoir and pump station	3 200 000.00		
Phuthaditjhaba: Provision of water services for network extensions and 3907 erf connections	8 967 348.00	10 789 583.81	7 661 365.50
Hamismith: Upgrading of Municipal Clubhouse	2 700 000.00		-
Harrismith / Intabazwe ext 3: Bulk water Infrastructure	1 423 805.00		
Harrismith / Intabazwe Ext. 3: Sewer Outfall Line and Rising Main	3 500 000.00	2 175 907.12	13 824 092.88
Wilge: Construction of a 4 MI Reservoir	3 800 000.00		12 000 000.00
Intabazwa: New indoor sport and recreational facility phase 2	5 000 000.00	642600.00	
Tshiame B: Paving of 4.5km roads - Phase 3		3 169 273.66	7 300 000.00
Maluti A Phofung construction of Paved road and stormwater: QwaQwa rural		4 479 421.96	17 475 000.00
Intabazwe/Harrismith establishment of fire station		1763000.00	14 055 000.00

Phuthaditjhaba Upgrading of Town hall			3 900 000.0
Tlholong/Kestell Stadium			5 500 000.0
Lusaka sewer			9 612 618.3
Kestell/ Tiholong New Paved road Phase 6			4 760 482.5
Maluti A Phofung high mast light 4 town phase 2			4 000 000.0
Intabazwe: Paving Of 6km-Phase 2		7 240 580.27	804 602.0
	157 047 000.00	154 870 000.00	166 941 691 4

PROJECTS FROM OWN FUNDS	ADJUSTMENT BUDGET 1516	DRAFT BUDGET 2016/17	DRAFT BUDGET 2017/18
lotebang street - Rebuilt	1 000 000.00	10 000 000.00	15 000 000.00
IKA Patso	2 500 000.00	5 000 000.00	20 000 000.00
laluti Contractor Development	3 000 000.00	20 000 000.00	20 000 000.00
Pater Tanks (Jojo)	500 000.00	10 000 000.00	
tesurfacing of Roads (Tar)	3 000 000.00	15 000 000.00	15 000 000.00
urfontein / Makeneng Road phase 2	1 000 000.00	10 000 000.00	20 000 000.00
Cootbridges MAP	2 000 000.00	6 000 000.00	10 000 000.00
vlakholokweng water networks (sewer harris, phuthas)	12 000 000.00	15 000 000.00	
Tholong water network connection	1 500 000.00	15 000 000.00	
larrismith Logistic Hub/ SEZ	500 000.00	5 000 000.00	500 000.00
Aaghekung Infrastructure	500 000.00	15 000 000.00	15 000 000.00
oads Schoonplatz	500 000.00		
onstruction of Bridge; SANRAL	500 000.00	8 500 000.00	8 500 000.00
toads Honeyville & Matshekgeng (Paved Roads 5km) Phase 1.	500 000.00	3 500 000.00	
huthaditjhaba paved roads - 1.25 km	500 000.00	5 500 000.00	
lakholokweng sewer	500 000.00	15 000 000.00	8 000 000.00
IP toilets project (360 toilets / annum)	2 375 692.00	2 500 000.00	



STERKFONTEIN SCHEME: NORTHERN REGION RESERVOIRS (2013 -2016)

Persons employed

Adults : Males (19), Females (5)
Youth : Males (17), females (3)
Disabled : Males (0), Females (0)

Persons trained

Adults : Males (0), Females (0)

Youth : Males (0), females (0)

Disabled : Males (0), Females (0)



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METSI MATSO WATER SUPPLY IN MAP



THABO MOFUTSANYANA DISTRICT – ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS – NOVEMBER 2015

ENVIRONMENTAL	DIH	LABENG	MALUTI-	A- PHOFUNG	MAN	ГЅОРА	NKET	DANA	PHUM	ELELA	SETS	ото	ТМ	DM
ELEMENTS	AVAILABI ITY OR	L INTEGRAT ED IN THE	AVAILABILI Y OR	T INTEGRAT ED IN THE	AVAILABILIT Y OR	INTEGRAT ED IN THE	AVAILABILIT Y OR	INTEGRAT ED IN THE	AVAILABILIT Y OR	INTEGRAT ED IN THE	AVAILABILIT Y OR	INTEGRAT ED IN THE	AVAILABILIT Y OR	INTEGRAT ED IN THE
	DEVELOP		DEVELOPEI		DEVELOPED ?	MUNICIPA L IDP?	DEVELOPED ?	MUNICIPA L IDP?	DEVELOPED ?	MUNICIPA L IDP?	DEVELOPED ?	MUNICIPA L IDP?	DEVELOPED ?	MUNICIPA L IDP?
Environmental Chapter included in the IDP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	IDP	well ted in the	Municip outdated	d SEMP	Environm chapter incorpora	ted in IDP	To align the environm chapter was tuational	ental ith			Environmissues refl	ect in the	Environme issues refl IDP	- 1
Is the Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation Plan/Strategies/po licy/etc.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		pality only ut dated	Municip have out SEMP	ality only dated	Municipa has out de EMF		Municipal has draft				Municipal has draft			
Integrated Waste Management Plan	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Munici planned develop	d to	It is deve	eloped	It is devel	oped	It is devel	oped	It is develo	oped	Plan is cui reviewed	rently	The IWMF available I it has not implemen	nowever yet been
Air Quality Management Plans	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
													DESTEA ha	· -

													provide te support to the AQMF	develop
Biodiversity Plans	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS	DIHLA	ABENG	MALUTI-A-	PHOFUNG	MANT	SOPA	NKETO	DANA	PHUM	ELELA	SETS	ото	TM	DM
	AVAILABIL ITY OR DEVELOPE D?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?	AVAILABILIT Y OR DEVELOPED ?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?	AVAILABILIT Y OR DEVELOPED ?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?	AVAILABILIT Y OR DEVELOPED ?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?	AVAILABILIT Y OR DEVELOPED ?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?	AVAILABILIT Y OR DEVELOPED ?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?	AVAILABILIT Y OR DEVELOPED ?	INTEGRAT ED IN THE MUNICIPA L IDP?
Environmental Management Frameworks	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	EMF dev through assistance but is cur due for r	the e of DEA rrently												
Environmental Management Plans	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
	Municipal process of developing EMP interpretable but the published but the publishe	of ng the rnally process	SEMP and Environme Policy bot outdated	ental	Draft EMP		EMP still in stage	n draft			EMP deve final draft produced council	•		

CAPACITY	DIHLABENG	MALUTI-A- PHOFUNG	MANTSOPA	NKETOANA	PHUMELELA	SETSOTO	TMDM
Designation of Air Quality	No. Environmental Management Intern deals with AQ issues	No	No. The Manager: Waste Management is also responsible for air quality	Yes. There is an officer designated in the Fire Department. Air Quality function is not actively carried out	No	No. Environmental Management Intern deals with AQ issues	Yes. Manager: Municipal Health is designated AQO and function has been delegated to a Senior EHP
Designation of Waste Officer	Yes. Manager: Waste Management is designated	Yes. Manager: Tourism and Environmental Management designated	No. In the process to designate a waste officer.	Yes. Manager: Waste Management is designated	No	Yes. Manager: Waste Management is designated	Yes. Manager: Municipal Health is designated as a WMO and function has been delegated to a Senior EHP
CAPACITY	DIHLABENG	MALUTI-A- PHOFUNG	MANTSOPA	NKETOANA	PHUMELELA	SETSOTO	TMDM
Designation of Environmental Management Inspectorate	None	None	None	None	None	None	All EHP's (19) attended and successfully completed the EMI course. No designation has been done
Is there an Environmental Management Unit	No	Yes. Environmental Manager only. No other official/s appointed yet working on environmental issues	No	No	No	No	An organogram was approved which incorporates AQ as well as WM under Municipal Health Services
If there is no	Environmental	Manager:	The Manager:	Environmental	Technical	Environmental	The Senior EHP is responsible

Environmental	Management	Tourism and	Waste	Management	Department	Management	for Air Quality Management and
Management	Intern is	Environmental	Management	Intern is	partly deals	Intern is	is assisting with the Waste
Unit how does	responsible	Management	is responsible	responsible	with	responsible	Management and some
the	for	is responsible	for	for	environmental	for	environmental management
municipality	environmental	for	environmental	environmental	issues but	environmental	functions
carry out its	management	Environmental	management	management	mostly with	management	
environmental	function and	Management	functions	function and	waste	function and	
functions	reports to			reports to	management.	reports to	
	Manager:			Manager:		Manager:	
	Waste			Waste		Waste	
	Management.			Management.		Management.	
	A proposed			A proposed		A proposed	
	organogram			organogram		organogram	
	incorporates			incorporates		incorporates	
	an			an		an	
	environmental			environmental		environmental	
	Officer, but			Officer, but		Officer, but	
	not yet			not yet		not yet	
	approved			approved		approved	

Status of Landfill site in TMDM

NAME OF FACILITY	OWNER OF FACILITY	TYPE OF WASTE DISPOSED	CAPACITY OF SITE	AIRSPACE AVAILABLE	OPERATIONAL OR CLOSED	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
Qwaqw a Solid Waste Disposal site	Maluti-a- Phofung Municipality	General Solid waste	N/A	Not Applicable	Closed	28 32' 42" S	28 50'47" E

Vrede Waste Disposal Site	Phumelela LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Licence issued, construction not yet started	27 27'29.53"	29 08'17.12"
Bethleh em Regional Waste Disposal Site	Dihlabeng LM	General Soild Waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Operational	28 10' 06.4"	28 19' 42.8"
Warden Waste Disposal Site	Phumelela LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Licence issued, construction not yet started	27 49"42.78"	29 00' 43.00"
Paul Roux Waste Disposal Site	Dihlabeng LM	General Solid waste	N/A	Not Applicable	Closed	28 17' 18.2"	27 57' 48.3"
Hobhou se Solid Waste Disposal Site	Mantsopa LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Operational	29 30' 15"S	27 09' 22" E
Fickburg Solid Disposal Site	Setsoto LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Operational	28 50' 56.01" S	27 52' 18.3 E
Senekal Solid Waste Disposal	Setsoto LM	General Solid waste	N/A	N/A	Closed	28 19' 26.32"	27 38' 36.59"

Site							
Senekal Solid Waste Disposal Site	Setsoto LM	Generala Solid Waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Operational	28 19' 30.37"	27 38' 31.81"
Marquar d Solid Waste Disposal Site	Setsoto LM	General Solid waste	N/A	N/A	Closed	28 41' 04.90"	27 24' 39.03"
Marquar d Solid Waste Disposal Site	Setsoto LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Licence issued, construction not yet started	28 40' 58.44"	27 24" 16.54"
Tweespr uit Solid Waste Disposal Site	Mantsopa LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Operational	29 10' 59"	27 02' 39"
Rosenda I Solid Waste Disposal Site Closure	Setsoto LM	General Solid waste	N/A	N/A	Closed	28 30' 38"	27 56' 10"
Ladybra nd Solid Waste Disposal Site	Mantsopa LM	General Solid waste	N/A	N/A	Operational		

The Reitz Waste Disposal Site	Nketoana LM	General Solid waste	N/A	20 years (life span)	Operational	27 46' 04.94"	28 27'14.19
The Reitz Waste Disposal Site	Nketoana LM	General Solid waste	N/A	N/A	closed	27 47' 21.44"	28 26'56.28"
Harrismi th Solid Waste Disposal Site	Maluti-a- Phofung	General Solid waste	N/A	N/A	Operational	Remainder of Dorpsgronden	of Harrismith 131
Excelsior Solid Waste Disposal Site	Mantsopa LM	General Solid waste	N/A		Operational	Erf No. 358, Dorpsn	neent Van Excelsior

Table B.5(b): Health - Payments of infrastructure by category

Project	Project	Projec	Municip	Economic	Type of			Delivery	Total	Total	Profes	Constr	Total	MTEF	
No.	name	t	ality /	Classificatio	infrastru	Dro	ject	Mechnism	project	Expend	soinal	uction	availabl	Forwa	
		Status	Region	n (cture		ition	(Individu	cost	iture to	Fees	2016/	e	rd	
						uui	ition	al project		date	2016/	17		estima	
								or		from	17	(R'000		tes	
						Date:	Date:	Packaged		previou	(R'000)	2016/1	MTEF	MTEF
						Start	Finis	Program)		s years)		7	2017/	2018/19
D							h							18	
R															
thousan															
ds															
1. New															
and															
replace															
ment															

_	assets															
	3	Vogelfonte in	5% comple te	Dihlaben g	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	10,000	-	1,800	8,200	10,000	•	-
	15	Bethlehem Mortuary	Planni ng	Dihlaben g	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuary	01 April 2017	31 Marc h 2020	Individual Project	12,006	-	-	-	-	2,161	8,644
	16	Phuthaditj aba Mortuary	Planni ng	Maluti A Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuary	01 April 2018	31 Marc h 2021	Individual Project	12,006	-	-	-	-	,	2,161
	Total New infrastr ucture assets													10,000	2,161	10,805
	2. Upgrade s and addition s															
	17	Thabo Mofutsany ane District: Clinic Guardhous es	Procur ement (bids evaluat ions)	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 Marc h 2016	31 Janua ry 2019	Packaged Program	10,199	-	486	2,214	2,700	7,499	-
	24	Mantsopa Specialised Hospital	Procur ement	Mantsopa	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincia l Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Augu st 2020	Individual Project	242,51 8	7,271	-	-	-	49,212	104,631
	Total Upgrade s and addition s													2,700	56,71 1	104,631
	3. Rehabili tation, renovati ons and refurbis hments															

25	Thabo Mofutsany ane District: Security Fences	Procur ement	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	5,311	408	468	2,132	2,600	2,711	-
51	District Hospitals Refurbish ment and Replaceme nt of Boilers	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2014	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program			5,453	24,840	30,293	32,086	28,235
52	District Hospitals Refurbish ment and Replaceme nt of Boilers	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2014	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	90,614	29,546	2,813	12,813	15,625	23,938	16,312
53	Provincial Hospitals Refurbish ment and Replaceme nt of Boilers	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincia l Hospital	01 April 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program			2,390	10,886	13,276	-	13,042
54	Provincial Hospitals Refurbish ment and Replaceme nt of Boilers	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincia l Hospital	01 April 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	26,318	-	1,210	5,514	6,724	-	7,534
55	Central and Specialise d Hospitals Refurbish ment and Replaceme nt of Boilers	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialise d Hospital	01 April 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	8,000	-	1,440	6,560	8,000	-	-

56	District Hospitals Refurbish and replaceme nt Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves , etc)	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 June 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	46,634	8,000	2,880	13,120	16,000	18,317	12,317
57	Provincial Hospitals Refurbish and replaceme nt Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves , etc)	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincia l Hospital	01 June 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	29,840	-	1,800	8,200	10,000	9,920	9,920
58	Central and Specialise d Hospitals Refurbish and replaceme nt Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves , etc)	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialise d Hospital	01 June 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	12,286	-	720	3,280	4,000	4,143	4,143
59	District Hospitals Refurbish ment and replaceme nt of Generators	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 June 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	9,000	-	1,620	7,380	9,000	-	-

60	Provincial Hospitals Refurbish ment and replaceme nt of Generators	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincia l Hospital	01 June 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	24,694	4,966	4,445	20,249	24,694	-	-
61	Central and Specialise d Hospitals Refurbish ment and replaceme nt of Generators	Ongoin g	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialise d Hospital	01 June 2014	31 Marc h 2020	Packaged Program	8,000		1,440	6,560	8,000	-	-
65	ALL FACILITIE S: Employme nt of Learners for Boiler Maintenan ce and Refurb	Learne rs still to be appoin ted	All Municipal ities	Compensatio n of Employees	All Facilities	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017				-	-	2,000	-	-
Total															
Rehabil tation, renovat ons and refurbis hments	i i										26,67 8	121,5 34	150,212	91,11 4	91,503
4. Mainter ance and repairs															
69	Maintenan ce of CHC's and Clinics Thabo Mofutsany ana	Planni ng	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinics and CHC's	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	18,411	-	360	1,640	2,000	8,206	8,206

83	Elizabeth Ross Hospital	Planni ng	Maluti a Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	5,608	-	360	1,640	2,000	1,804	1,804
84	Itemoheng Hospital - Senekal	Planni ng	Setsoto	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	2,766	-	180	820	1,000	883	883
85	John Daniel Newberry Hospital	Planni ng	Setsoto	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	1,708	-	90	410	500	604	604
86	Nketoana Hospital	Planni ng	Nketoana	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	4,046	-	180	820	1,000	1,523	1,523
87	Phekolong Hospital	Planni ng	Dihlaben g	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	4,334	-	270	1,230	1,500	1,417	1,417
88	Phumelela Hospital	Planni ng	Phumelel a	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	1,658	-	90	410	500	579	579
89	Phuthuloh a District Hospital	Planni ng	Setsoto	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	1,916	-	90	410	500	708	708
90	Thebe Hospital	Planni ng	Maluti a Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	4,168	-	270	1,230	1,500	1,334	1,334
96	Maintenan ce Of All District Hospital Boilers And Generators		All Municipal ities		District Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	9,029	-	-	-	-	2,400	6,629
100	Dihlabeng Hospital		Dihlaben g		Provincia l Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	4,372	-	-	-	-	2,186	2,186
101	Mofumaha di Manapo Mopeli Hospital	Planni ng	Maluti a Phofung	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincia l Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Individual Project	19,670	-	1,080	4,920	6,000	6,835	6,835

102	Maintenan ce Of All Provincial Hospital Boilers And Generators		All Municipal ities		Provincia l Hospital	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	4,800	-	-	-	-	2,400	2,400
110	Maintenan ce Other Infrastruct ure Thabo Mofutsany ana	Planni ng	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuari es, Residenti al, Etc	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	1,250	-	90	410	500	375	375
111	Maintenan ce Other Infrastruct ure Xhariep District	Planni ng	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Mortuari es, Residenti al, Etc	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	413	-	27	123	150	113	150
112	Maintenan ce Nursing Colleges And Schools	Planni ng	All Municipal ities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Nursing colleges and Schools	01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	1,369	-	90	410	500	-	869
Total															
Mainten ance and repairs											3,177	14,47 3	17,650	31,36 6	36,502
5. Infrastr ucture transfer s - current															
113															
114	FSIDMS Implement ation	Planni ng	All Municipal ities	Goods and Services		01 April 2016	31 Marc h 2017	Packaged Program	10,490	-	-	-	5,000	5,490	-
Total Infrastr ucture transfer											-	-	5,000	5,490	-

s - current										
6.										
Infrastr ucture										
transfer										
s - capital										
capital										
Total		•								
Infrastr										
ucture										
transfer										
s - capital										
Total	•									
Health						29,85	136,0		186.8	
Infrastr						5	07	185,562	186,8 43	243,441
ucture						,	07		13	

Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed	Type of inf	frastructure	Project du	uration	Total project cost	Total Expen diture to date	Professoin al Fees 2016/17 (R'000)	Construction 2016/17 (R'000)	Total available	MTEF Forward estimate s	
			Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	Surfaced; gravel (include earth and access roads); public transport; bridges; drainage structures etc	Units (i.e. number of kilometers/ square meters/ facilities)	Date: Start	Date: Finish		from previo us years	(1.00.5)		2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Harrismith Logistic Hub (Ca)	Design	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Hub,Economic Growth	1	Apr-14	Mar-18	26,000	4591	2,000		2,000	3,000	9,000
								26,000	4,591	2,000	0	2,000	3,000	9,000
	Construction 1%-25%	FS Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Buildings	64	Apr-14	Mar-18	20000	6683		3000	3000	4000	5000
, 								20,000	6,683	_	3,000	3,000	4,000	5,000
Botshabelo transport route	Project Initiation	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Road	17km	Jun-16	Dec-18	131,100	0,003	2,000	18,000	20,000	13,850	7,000
Ladybrand Public Tranport Centre (Road Infrastructure)	Construction 76%-99%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Road	23.1km	Jan-15	Jun-16	135,600	133,64 0	5,000	45,000	50,000		
Vrede Transport Route	Design	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Transport Facility	1	Jun-15	Mar-17	25,000	0	1,000	9,000	10,000	20,000	5,000
Tumahole Public Tranport Route (Road Infrastructure)	Construction 51%-75%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures Buildings and	Road	4km	Nov-14	May-18	23,000	10,323		12,000	12,000	12,000	2,000
P64/2 Reitz - Kestel*	Design	Lejweleputswa		Road	49km	Jun-16	Jun-18	294,000	0	3,000	27,000	30,000	30,000	45,850
P16/3 Memel - Bothapass (Newcastle)*	Construction 76%-99%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Other fixed Structures Buildings and	Road	66km	Jun-14	Dec-15	161,700	61,878		8,000	8,000	10,000	
Qwaqwa - Route 4 (Ca) Rietpan (Qogolosing)*	Construction 76%-99%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Other fixed Structures Buildings and	Road	17km	Jun-15	Dec-15	68,200	31,295		3,200	3,200	<u> </u>	
Monontsha Border Post Road (Ca)*	Construction 76%-99%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Other fixed Structures	Road	27.6km	Jan-10	Mar-18	250,000	51,912	4,000	36,000	40,000	40,000	125,000
P21/3 Hoopstad- Bultfontein*	Construction 1%-25%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures Buildings and	Road	6.6km	Jan-10	Mar-18	200,000	48,916		5,000	5,000	30,000	4,000
P17/1 Clocolan-Marquard*	Design	Lejweleputswa		Road	62km	Sep-15	Mar-18	152,000	0	5,000	45,000	50,000	40,000	40,000

P16/2 Vrede - Memel*	Construction 76%-99%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Road	36km	Jul-14	Dec-15	72,000	20,327		3,200	3,200		ı
Parys Intermodal Transport Center	Construction 51%-75%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Road	57km	Aug-14	Jun-16	145,200	66,390	3,820	34,380	38,200		
								1,657,800	424,68 1	23,820	245,780	269,600	195,850	228,850
P40/2 Senekal-Marquard														
A56 Shannon	Design	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Goods & Services	Road	43km	Sep-15	Mar-18	245,100	0	5,000	45,000	50,000	30,000	20,000
Re-gravelling-Xhariep	Construction 76%-99%	Lejweleputswa	Goods & Services	Road	40km	Apr-16	Mar-18	150,000	21,033		15,000	15,000	30,000	35,000
Re-gravelling-Thabo Mofutsanyana	Construction 76%-99%	Xhariep	Goods & Services	Road	30km	Apr-16	Mar-18	150,000	14,110		15,000	15,000	30,000	40,000
Re-gravelling-Motheo	Construction 76%-99%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Goods & Services	Road	40km	Apr-16	Mar-18	150,000	25,636		15,000	15,000	30,000	50,000
Repair of Flood Damage and bridge structures	Construction 76%-99%	Mangaung	Goods & Services	Road	30km	Apr-16	Mar-18	150,000	12,075		15,000	15,000	30,000	20,000
P62/1 Bultfontein- Wesselsbron	Construction 1%-25%	Mangaung	Goods & Services	Road	108.8km	Sep-15	Mar-18	178,000	0	3,000	27,000	30,000	26,150	15,000
					•			1,023,100	72,854	8,000	132,000	140,000	176,150	180,000
								2,726,900	508,80 9	33,820	380,780	414,600	379,000	422,850

Project name												
	Project Status	Municipality /	Economic	Type of infrastructure	Project duration	Total project	Total	Professoin	Construction	Total	MTEF	
		Region	Classification			cost	Expen	al Fees	2016/17	available	Forward	
			(Buildings and				diture	2016/17	(R'000)		estimate	
			Other fixed				to date	(R'000)			s	

			Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	Surfaced; gravel (include earth and access roads); public transport; bridges; drainage structures etc	Units (i.e. number of kilometers/ square meters/ facilities)	Date: Start	Date: Finish		from previo us years		2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Road Asset Management system													
Enviromental Management Programme	On progress	Mangaung	Goods & Services	system	1	Apr-14	On Going	80,000	314	5,000	5,000	20,000	20,000
Management of Road infrastructure	Surveying 51% 75%	FS Province	Goods & Services	System	1	Apr-14	Mar-18	35,896	6,500	8,000	8,000	6,500	25,000
Capacitation (COE Dept RAMS employees as per DORA)	On progress	FS Province	Goods & Services	System	1	Sep-15	On Going	30,000	0	15,000	15,000	14,000	14,000
	On progress	FS Province	COE	Staff	10	Apr-14	On Going	30,000	3,167	5,639	5,639	10,000	10,000
								175,896	9,981	33,639	33,639	50,500	69,000

518, 448,2 429,5 491,85 2,902,796 790 67,459 380,780 39 00 0

IRM Project No.	Project name	Project Status	Local Municipality	Municipality	Economic Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,	Type of infrastructure Secure Care Centre;	,	duration Date: Finish	Source of funding	Budget programme name	Delivery Mechanism (Individual project or Packaged Program)	Total project cost	Total Expenditure to date from previous years	Total available 2016/17	MTE Forward e	
					machinery & Equipment, COE)	Community Centre; Old-age home; Day Care Centre etc					,					2018/19
R thousands																
	S Substance Abuse	Planning	Mangaung Metro	1 -	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Drug Rehabilitation Centre	*2014	*2018	Conditional grant	Restorative Services	Individual Project		2 268	42 500	14 238	17 70!
Total New infrasti	ructure assets												2 268	42 500	14 238	17 70
2. Upgrades and	additions															
Total Upgrades a	nd additions				<u> </u>				d							
3. Rehabilitation,	renovations and	refurbishmen	is 													
Total Rehabilitation	on, renovations a	nd refurbishm	ents						·					***************************************		
	av to dav	On going	FS: Whole Province		į.	Offices, Old Age Homes, Secure Care Centres, Children's Homes	On going	On agina	Equitable Share	Administration	individual project			5 115	5 415	5 72!
Total Maintenance	e and repairs												0	5 115	5 415	5 72
5. Infrastructure t	transfers - current															
	re transfers - curr		,				,	,	,							
6. Infrastructure t	<u>.</u>	t														
	re transfers - capi															
Total Social Deve	lopment Infrastru	cture											2 268	47 615	19 653	23 4

Project No.				Economic	Type of infrastructure	Project	duration			Total	Total available	MT Forward e	
R'000	Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Classification (Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)	School - primary/ secondary/ specialised; admin block; water; electricity; sanitation/toilet; fencing etc	Date: Start	Date: Finish	Source of funding	Total project cost	Expen diture to date from previo us years	2016/17	MTEF 2017/18	MTEF 2018/19
1. New and replac ement													
assets	Memel:	Construction:	Thabo	Buildings and Other		Nov-							
4	Umcebo P/S	75%	Mofutsanyana	fixed Structures	Primary School	12	Feb-17	EIG	48,219	44,13 7	7,000	-	-
5	Bethlehem: Rehopotswe: (Bohlokong P/S)	Construction: 10%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School	Sep- 13	Dec-16	EIG	46,006	14,15 3	9,447	12,358	15,000
17	Warden: Silundokuhle	Construction: 0%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School	Apr-15	Dec-18	EIG	40,000	-	7,300	8,760	9,980
18	Vrede: Thembalihle	Construction: 0%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School	Apr-15	Dec-18	EIG	40,000	-	6,900	8,280	9,980
19	Clocolan: Ruang Tsebo	Construction: 0%	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School	Apr-15	Dec-18	EIG	40,000	-	8,200	9,980	9,980
24	Breda	Tender	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School Farm	Apr-15	Dec-18	EIG	20,000	-	5,000	6,000	1,000
26	Morena Tshohisi Moloi	Panning	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School Farm	May- 16	Aug-17	EIG	45,000	-	7,000	8,400	12,600
27	Vogelfontein	Panning	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Primary School Farm	Aug- 16	Nov-17	EIG	30,000	-	6,000	7,200	10,800
28	Makabelane- New hostel	Panning	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Secondary School	Aug- 16	Nov-17	EIG	35,000	-	3,000	3,600	7,200

Total New infrast ructur									1,148,405	228,7 81	230,242	243,800	252,482
e assets 2.								Ι					
Upgra des and additio ns													
1	Laboratories etc.	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Labs, MC, Etc	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	179,274	15,45 7	14,506	14,869	16,456
2	Administration Blocks	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Admin	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	392,169	30,07	16,918	17,341	61,565
3	Additional classrooms	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	CR	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	299,610	65,54 0	41,850	31,388	47,527
4	Ablution Facilities - Educators& Learners	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Sanitation	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	210,347	31,75 0	33,850	25,388	32,792
5	Connection to Municipality Sewerlines	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Connection to Municipality Sewerlines	Jan- 15	Mar-17	EIG	25,856	16,42 2	6,811	4,954	-
6	Connection to Municipality Sewerlines	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Connection to Municipality Sewerlines	Jan- 15	Mar-17	IEA	-	-	4,197		
7	Conversition to Full Service	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Sanitation	Apr-14	Mar-17	EIG	67,556	-	11,280	8,008	8,008
8	Special Schools	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Spec/S	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	44,307	31,30 7	7,000	3,000	3,000
9	Grade R Facilities	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Grade R Classrooms	Jan- 14	Mar-17	EIG	125,896	43,56 3	38,504	28,050	51,795
10	Grade R Facilities	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Grade R Classrooms	Jan- 14	Mar-17	IEA		-		828	1,941
11	Mobile Classrooms	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Mobile Classrooms	Jun- 15	Mar-17	EIG	24,100	19,97 8	4,000	4,100	-

Total Upgra des									2,258,467	532,2 00	319,896	262,749	314,953
28	Qwaqwa: Tshiya ERC	Tender	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Upgrading of ERC	Apr-16	Mar-18	IEA	1,100	-			
24	Partnerships: Kagiso Trust- Shanduka	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	100,000	75,37 2	42,000	16,000	20,000
23	Partnerships: Kagiso Trust	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Halls	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	114,223	85,22 3	20,000	29,000	
22	Partnerships: Kagiso Trust	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Classrooms	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	42,500	2,500	20,000	20,000	
21	Partnerships: Kagiso Trust	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Admin	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	26,700	1,700	20,000	5,000	
20	Provincial School Water & Sanitation Programme	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Water & Sanitation	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	15,000		2,632	4,211	
19	Alternative Electrical supply	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Electricity Supply	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	15,000		2,632	3,816	
18	Halls	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Halls	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	190,500	8,204	-	-	
17	Bloemfontein: Eureka Hostel: Exam Printing	Tender	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Upgrade of facilities	Jun- 14	Mar-18	IEA	29,863	-	5,000	7,000	9,100
16	Project Management fees: MPS Consulting	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG			3,433	4,119	2,918
15	Project Management fees: Iliso consulting	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	44,400	31,21 0	4,567	5,481	3,882
14	Perimetre Fencing	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Fences	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	44,198	19,77 2	5,815	10,616	10,616
13	Nutrition Centres	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Kitchens	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	198,218	28,53 3	13,401	16,081	43,353
12	Unacceptable structures	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Jun- 11	Mar-16	EIG	56,600	25,59 7	-	-	-

and additio ns													
3. Rehabi litation													
renova tions and refurbi shmen ts													
1	Hostels	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Hostels	Nov- 15	Mar-18	EIG	208,576	22,71 3	39,622	20,668	17,586
2	Renovations	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Renovations	Nov- 15	Mar-18	EIG	737,216	11,45 3	57,345	61,376	58,009
3	Renovations	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Renovations	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EPWP	3,000				
4	Partnershi[ps	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Renovations	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EIG	9,800	9,800			
5	Math Labs	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Math Labs	Aug- 12	Mar-17	EIG	352,263	115,1 20	7,232	21,550	-
6	Math Labs	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Math Labs	Aug- 12	Mar-17	IEA		-	-	-	-
7	Stormdamages	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-18	EIG	30,287	9,242	7,000	8,000	8,000
8	Farm schools- Refurbishments	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-18	EIG	24,543	3,182	4,749	6,971	7,145
9	Facilities Management	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-18	EIG	27,700	4,236	1,733	7,500	9,375
10	Facilities Management	Various	FS: Whole Province	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Various	Nov- 15	Mar-17	EPWP			2,567		
12	Qwaqwa: Ex Parliament Building	Tender	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Roofing and installation of the plant	Jun- 14	Mar-18	IEA	2,300		1,200	750	50

13	Qwaqwa: Witsieshoek Primary	Tender	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Buildings and Other fixed Structures	Electrical supply & parking	Jun- 14	Oct-17	IEA	1,550	51	1,000	50	
14	14 Bethlehem: District Office Planning Thabo Mofutsanyana Buildings and Other fixed Structures			Renovations	Apr-16	Jun-17	IEA	800			600	-	
Total Re	habilitation, renov	rations and refu	1,399,385	175,7 97	122,748	128,514	100,165						
4. Mainte repairs	enance and												
1	Day to day / General maintenance (Schools)	Various	95,844	36,71 3	10,000	12,000	15,000						
2	Day to day / General maintenance (Buildings)	Various	11,425	1,018	2,000	2,500	3,125						
Total Ma repairs	intenance and								107,269	37,73 1	12,000	14,500	18,125
TOTAL INFRAST	TRUCTURE								4,913,526	974,5 09	684,886	649,563	685,725
8. Non In	frastructure												
1	HR Capicitiation - COE	N/A	FS: Whole Province	CoE	Salaries & Wages	Aug- 12	Mar-17	EIG	32,317	7,579	20,000	21,000	22,050
2	Inventory: FS: Whole Furniture &											7,350	7,718
3	Inventory: IT Equipment	N/A	1,000	-	1,000	-	-						
Non Infrastructure 75,317												28,350	29,768

Depart of Rural Development and Land Reform

Project Name	Local Municipality	Budget
Hatowamose	Dihlabeng	R100 000.00
Hatowamose	Maluti A Phofung	R100 000.00
PVC	Maluti A Phofung	R1 600 00.00
Potato Production	Maluti A Phofung	R11 645 343.00
Agric Graduates	TMDM	R360 000.00
Inanda Piggery	Nketoana	R500 000.00
Ditayatalawa bricks	Maluti A Phofung	R322 754.00
Boshoeshoe le Boshoeshoe	Maluti A Phofung	R150 000.00
Grain SA	Maluti A Phofung	R10 980 200.00
Total		R25 759 017.00

IDP INFORMED BUDGET



DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A1 Budget Summary

Description	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		Current Y	ear 2015/16			Medium Term enditure Fram	
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Financial Performance										
Property rates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Investment revenue	2,519	2,473	2,544	2,545	1,945	1,945	1,945	1,264	1,783	1,883
Transfers recognised - operational	83,402	86,207	98,065	102,591	104,349	104,349	104,349	102,401	105,335	112,896
Other own revenue	42	248	27,968	3,708	9,833	9,833	9,833	3,451	3,436	3,430
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	85,963	88,928	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Employee costs	35,344	40,951	46,668	47,627	47,627	47,627	47,627	53,175	56,283	59,433
Remuneration of councillors	7,092	9,044	8,441	9,080	9,625	9,625	9,625	9,252	9,853	10,395
Depreciation & asset impairment	1,202	1,332	1,751	523	3,117	3,117	3,117	3,272	3,436	3,430
Finance charges	249	42	70	75	75	75	75	75	80	84
Materials and bulk purchases	925	1,490	1,480	900	700	700	700	1,625	982	1,040
Transfers and grants	24,888	19,368	-	_	4,621	4,621	4,621	_	_	_
Other expenditure	41,530	21,760	70,167	50,639	48,802	48,726	48,726	37,304	39,919	43,748
Total Expenditure	111,231	93,986	128,578	108,844	114,565	114,490	114,490	104,704	110,554	118,131
Surplus/(Deficit)	(25,267)	(5,058)	(0)	(0)	1,562	1,637	1,637	2,412	0	78
Transfers recognised - capital	_	_	0	0	(1,562)	(1,637)	(1,637)	(2,412)	_	(78)
Contributions recognised - capital & contributed assets	(272)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	(25,539)	(5,058)	(0)	_	-	-	-	0	0	(0)
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(25,539)	(5,058)	(0)	-	-	-	-	0	0	(0)
Capital expenditure & funds sources										
Capital expenditure	272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	-	78
Transfers recognised - capital	272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	_	78
Public contributions & donations	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
Borrowing	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Internally generated funds	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Total sources of capital funds	272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	_	78
Financial position										
Total current assets Total non current assets	45,283	35,970	28,342 7,015	33,378	6,679	6,679	6,679 15,313	8,153	5,336	5,894

	1,966	6,863		6,863	15,313	15,313		20,223	20,406	20,816
Total current liabilities	28,404	27,327	49,875	27,327	26,043	26,043	26,043	35,822	38,043	33,214
Total non current liabilities	1,942	2,947	2,947	2,947	1,554	1,554	1,554	5,031	2,588	- ,
Community wealth/Equity	16,903	9,968	16,903	9,968	(5,604)	(5,604)	(5,604)	(12,478)	(14,889)	(6,504)
<u>Cash flows</u>	 									+
Net cash from (used) operating	2,584	(10,836)	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	-	78
Net cash from (used) investing	(106)	(6,214)	(6,359)	(2,200)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(2,412)	-	(78)
Net cash from (used) financing	(699)	936	-	_	-	-	_	- '	-	-
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1,779	(16,115)	0	- '	-	-	- '	-	-	-
Cash backing/surplus reconciliation	†									
Cash and investments available	43,314	29,791	27,199	27,199	4,719	4,719	4,719	3,013	1,934	2,165
Application of cash and investments	26,242	25,608	21,405	20,719	20,638	20,638	20,638	25,937	29,602	24,148
Balance - surplus (shortfall)	17,072	4,183	5,794	6,480	(15,920)	(15,920)	(15,920)	(22,924)	(27,668)	(21,983)
Asset management										
Asset register summary (WDV)	1,966	6,863	2,079	1,146	15,491	15,491	5,803	5,803	3,495	3,677
Depreciation & asset impairment	1,202	1,332	1,751	523	3,117	3,117	3,272	3,272	3,436	3,430
Renewal of Existing Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance	646	1,490	1,480	900	700	700	1,625	1,625	982	1,040
Free services										
Cost of Free Basic Services provided	-	-	- '	_	-	-	_	- '	-	-
Revenue cost of free services provided Households below minimum service level	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation/sewerage:	- '	-	- '	_	-	-	- '	- '	-	-
Energy:	-	-	_ '	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Refuse:	'		_ '	_	<u> </u>	'	_ '	_	_	



DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

Standard Classification Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Cur	rent Year 2015/1	16		Medium Term penditure Fram	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Yea +2 2018/19
Revenue - Standard										
Governance and administration		80,706	86,200	121,468	105,411	110,936	110,936	103,689	108,132	115,646
Executive and council		-	890	2,760	930	930	930	-	-	3,123
Budget and treasury office		80,338	85,310	118,708	104,481	110,006	110,006	103,689	108,132	112,523
Corporate services		368	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Community and public safety		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Community and social services		_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Sport and recreation		-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Public safety		_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Housing		_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Health		_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Economic and environmental services		5,438	2,728	7,109	3,433	5,191	5,191	3,427	2,422	2,563
Planning and development		5,438	_	3,942	_	1,011	1,011	_	_	_
Road transport		_	2,728	3,167	3,433	4,180	4,180	3,427	2,422	2,563
Environmental protection		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Trading services		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electricity		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Revenue - Standard	2	86,144	88,928	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Expenditure - Standard	_									
Governance and administration		45,227	50,666	65,166	68,210	74,672	74,672	68,889	73,493	79,176
Executive and council		24,369	26,246	33,825	38,151	40,592	40,592	37,058	40,051	42,938
Budget and treasury office		9,930	10,961	11,472	13,229	13,882	13,882	12,896	13,468	14,415
Corporate services		10,929	13,459	19,870	16,830	20,198	20,198	18,936	19,974	21,823
Community and public safety		8,553	12,326	22,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	21,828	20,803	22,198
Community and social services		8,553	12,326	22,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	21,828	20,803	22,198
Sport and recreation		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Public safety		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Housing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Health		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services		32,562	30,995	41,039	19,041	22,734	22,734	16,399	16,258	16,835
Planning and development		32,562	30,995	11,838	13,024	7,345	7,345	10,108	10,895	11,379
Road transport		-	-	29,201	6,017	15,390	15,390	6,291	5,362	5,456
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Trading services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Water		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Waste management		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Other	4	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_ _
Total Expenditure - Standard	3	86,342	93,986	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(198)	(5,058)	0	_	(0)	(0)	_	_	_

- 1. Government Finance Statistics Functions and Sub-functions are standardised to assist the compilation of national and international accounts for comparison purposes
- 2. Total Revenue by standard classification must reconcile to Total Operating Revenue shown in Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)
- 3. Total Expenditure by Standard Classification must reconcile to Total Operating Expenditure shown in Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)
 4. All amounts must be classified under a standard classification (modified GFS). The GFS function 'Other' is only for Abbatoirs, Air Transport, Markets and Tourism and if used must be supported by footnotes. Nothing else may be placed under 'Other'. Assign associate share to relevant classification

check oprev balance	452,609	-202	110	-148	1,562,000	1,637,040	2,412,088	-	78,118
check opexp balance	-24,888,236	-	311	-148	1,562,001	1,637,041	2,412,088	0	78,118



DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

classification)	•		1							
Standard Classification Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Cur	rent Year 2015/1	16		Medium Term Ro enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Revenue - Standard Municipal governance and administration		80,706	86,200	121,468	105,411	110,936	110,936	103,689	108,132	115,646
								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Executive and council Mayor and Council		-	890	2,760	930	930	930	_	_	3,123
Municipal Manager			890	2,760	930	930	930	_	_	3,123
Budget and treasury office		80,338	85,310	118,708	104,481	110,006	110,006	103,689	108,132	112,523
Corporate services Human Resources Information Technology Property Services Other Admin		368	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Community and public safety		_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Community and social services Libraries and Archives		-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Museums & Art Galleries etc Community halls and Facilities Cemeteries & Crematoriums Child Care Aged Care Other Community Other Social Sport and recreation										
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Police Fire Civil Defence Street Lighting Other										
Housing										
Health Clinics Ambulance Other		-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
Economic and environmental services		5,438	2,728	7,109	3,433	5,191	5,191	3,427	2,422	2,563
Planning and development Economic		5,438	-	3,942	_	1,011	1,011	_	_	_
Development/Planning Town Planning/Building enforcement Licensing & Regulation		5,438		3,942	-	1,011	1,011			
Road transport		-	2,728	3,167	3,433	4,180	4,180	3,427	2,422	2,563

Roads	ĺ									
Public Buses			2,728	3,167	3,433	4,180	4,180	3,427	2,422	2,563
Parking Garages										
Vehicle Licensing and Testing										
Other										
Environmental protection		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Pollution Control Biodiversity & Landscape										
Other										
Trading services		-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Electricity		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electricity Distribution										·
Electricity Generation										
Water		-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Water Distribution Water Storage										
-										
Waste water management Sewerage		_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Storm Water Management										
Public Toilets										
Waste management		_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-
Solid Waste										
Other			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air Transport Abattoirs										
Tourism										
Forestry										
Markets										
Total Revenue - Standard	2	86,144	88,928	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Expenditure - Standard Municipal governance and	-									
administration	_	45,227	50,666	65,166	68,210	74,672	74,672	68,889	73,493	79,176
Executive and council	_	24,369	26,246	33,825	38,151	40,592	40,592	37,058	40,051	42,938
Mayor and Council	_	24,369	17,350	21,030	24,018	26,094	26,094	21,819	23,654	25,666
Municipal Manager	_		8,896	12,795	14,133	14,499	14,499	15,239	16,397	17,273
Budget and treasury office	_	9,930	10,961	11,472	13,229	13,882	13,882	12,896	13,468	14,415
Corporate services	_	10,929	13,459	19,870	16,830	20,198	20,198	18,936	19,974	21,823
Human Resources	-	·								
Information Technology Property Services	-									
Other Admin	-									
	-	10,929	13,459	19,870	16,830	20,198	20,198	18,936	19,974	21,823
Community and public safety	-	8,553	12,326	22,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	21,828	20,803	22,198
Community and social services	-	8,553	12,326	22,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	21,828	20,803	22,198
Libraries and Archives Museums & Art Galleries etc	-									
Community halls and	-									
Facilities Cemeteries & Crematoriums	-									
	l -									

Child Care									
Aged Care	-								
Other Community	8,553	12,326	22,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	21,828	20,803	22,
Other Social	_ 0,333	12,020	22,012	21,000	10,721	10,721	21,020	20,000	22
Sport and recreation	-								
Public safety Police	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Fire	-								
Civil Defence	-								
Street Lighting	_								
Other	-								
Housing	-								
Health <i>Clinics</i>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Ambulance	_								
Other	-								
Economic and environmental services	32,562	30,995	41,039	19,041	22,734	22,734	16,399	16,258	16,
Planning and development Economic	32,562	30,995	11,838	13,024	7,345	7,345	10,108	10,895	11,
evelopment/Planning	32,562	30,995	11,838	13,024	7,345	7,345	10,108	10,895	11
Town Planning/Building									
nforcement Licensing & Regulation	-								
	-								
Road transport Roads		-	29,201	6,017	15,390	15,390	6,291	5,362	5,
	_		29,201	6,017	15,390	15,390	6,291	5,362	5,
Public Buses	-								
Parking Garages Vehicle Licensing and Testing	-								
Other	-								
	-								
Environmental protection Pollution Control		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Biodiversity & Landscape	-								
Other	-								
	-								
Trading services		-	-	_	-	_	-	_	
Electricity		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Electricity Distribution	-								
Electricity Generation	-								
Water		_	_	-	-	_	-	-	
Water Distribution	_								
Water Storage	-								
Waste water management	_ _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Sewerage	_								
Storm Water Management	-								
Public Toilets	-								
Waste management		_	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Solid Waste									
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Air Transport									
Abattoirs									
Tourism									
Forestry									

Markets										
Total Expenditure - Standard	3	86,342	93,986	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(198)	(5,058)	0	ı	(0)	(0)	ı	-	- ,

References

- 1. Government Finance Statistics Functions and Sub-functions are standardised to assist national and international accounts and comparison
- 2. Total Revenue by Standard Classification must reconcile to total operating revenue shown in Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)
- 3. Total Expenditure by Standard Classification must reconcile to total operating expenditure shown in Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)
- 4. All amounts must be classified under a Standard (modified GFS) classification. The GFS function 'Other' is only for Abbatoirs, Air Transport, Markets and Tourism and if used must be supported by footnotes. Nothing else may be placed under 'Other'. Assign associate share to relevant classification

check oprev balance	452,609	202	110	-148	1,562,000	1,637,040	2,412,088	-	78,118
	-		-						
check opexp balance	24,888,236	-	311	-148	1,562,001	1,637,041	2,412,088	0	78,118



DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Vote Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Current Year 2015/16	2016/17 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework				
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Yea +2 2018/19
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Council		-	890	2,760	930	930	930	-	_	3,12
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		-	85,310	118,708	104,481	110,006	110,006	103,689	108,132	112,52
Vote 3 - Planning and Development Vote 4 - Community and Development		-	2,728	7,109 -	3,433	5,191 -	5,191 –	3,427	2,422	2,56
Vote 5 - [NAME OF VOTE 5]		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
Vote 6 - [NAME OF VOTE 6]		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Vote 7 - [NAME OF VOTE 7]		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	
Vote 8 - [NAME OF VOTE 8]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Total Revenue by Vote	2	_	88,928	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,20
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1									
Vote 1 - Council		24,369	26,246	30,869	38,151	40,592	40,592	36,958	40,051	42,78
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		20,858	24,420	29,938	30,059	34,080	34,080	31,632	33,442	36,06
Vote 3 - Planning and Development Vote 4 - Community and Development		32,562	30,995	41,039	19,041	22,734	22,734	15,999	16,258	17,23
		8,553	12,326	20,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	20,116	20,803	22,04
Vote 5 - [NAME OF VOTE 5]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 6 - [NAME OF VOTE 6]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 7 - [NAME OF VOTE 7]		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Vote 8 - [NAME OF VOTE 8]		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13] Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		- -	-	-	-	-	-	-		

						-				
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	ı	_	_	_	ı	ı	ı	_
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	86,342	93,986	122,219	108,844	116,127	116,127	104,704	110,554	118,131
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	(86,342)	(5,058)	6,359	0	0	0	2,412	1	78

- 1. Insert 'Vote'; e.g. department, if different to standard classification structure
- Must reconcile to Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)
 Assign share in 'associate' to relevant Vote

check Surplus/(Deficit) for the year

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)A

Vote Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Curre	ent Year 2015/10	5	2016/17 Med	ium Term Reven Framework	ue & Expenditure
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Council 1.1 - Speaker 1.2 - Chief Whip 1.3 - Mayco and Council 1.4 - Executive Mayor		_	890	2,760	930	930	930	-	-	3,12
1.5 - Municipal Manager			890	2,760	930	930	930	-	-	3,123
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		_	85,310	118,708	104,481	110,006	110,006	103,689	108,132	112,523
2.1 - Finance2.2 - Corporate Services			85,310	118,708	104,481	110,006	110,006	103,689	108,132	112,523
Vote 3 - Planning and Development 3.1 - Governance and Strategy		-	2,728	7,109	3,433	5,191	5,191	3,427	2,422	2,563
3.2 - LED and Tourism 3.3 - Infrastructure 3.4 - Rural Development and Agriculture			2,728	3,942 3,167	3,433	1,011 4,180	1,011 4,180	3,427	2,422	2,563
Vote 4 - Community and Development		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue by Vote	2	_	88,928	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Expenditure by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Council		24,369	26,246	30,869	38,151	40,592	40,592	36,958	40,051	42,782
1.1 - Speaker				2,195	2,754	3,352	3,352	2,046	2,682	2,849
1.2 - Chief Whip				456	487	430	430	442	506	541
1.3 - Mayco and Council 1.4 - Executive Mayor		24,369	26,246	9,714	10,145 10,631	11,583 10,728	11,583	10,586 8,745	11,269 9,197	11,895 10,381

				8,665			10,728			
1.5 - Municipal Manager				9,840	14,133	14,499	14,499	15,139	16,397	17,116
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		20,858	24,420	29,938	30,059	34,080	34,080	31,632	33,442	36,064
2.1 - Finance		9,930	10,961	11,472	13,229	13,882	13,882	12,796	13,468	14,415
2.2 - Corporate Services		10,929	13,459	18,467	16,830	20,198	20,198	18,836	19,974	21,649
Vote 3 - Planning and Development		32,562	30,995	41,039	19,041	22,734	22,734	15,999	16,258	17,239
3.1 - Governance and Strategy				2,473	1,994	2,030	2,030	3,391	3,610	3,834
3.2 - LED and Tourism				7,937	6,147	5,287	5,287	4,090	4,590	4,861
3.3 - Infrastructure 3.4 - Rural Development and		32,562	30,995	29,201	6,017	15,390	15,390	6,191	5,362	5,686
Agriculture				1,429	4,883	28	28	2,328	2,696	2,859
Vote 4 - Community and Development		8,553	12,326	20,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	20,116	20,803	22,047
4.1 - Environmental Health		8,553	12,326	20,372	21,593	18,721	18,721	20,116	20,803	22,047
4.2 - Disaster Management										
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	86,342	93,986	122,219	108,844	116,127	116,127	104,704	110,554	118,131
0 1 1/D - 5 1/D		(00.040)	/F 050'	0.050				2.442		
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	(86,342)	(5,058)	6,359	0	0	0	2,412	-	78

	-								
check revenue	85,691,425	202	110	-148	1,562,000	1,637,040	2,412,088	-	78,118
	-		-						
check expenditure	24,888,236	-	6,359,030	-156	1,561,992	1,637,032	0	0	-0

References
1. Insert 'Vote'; e.g. Department, if different to standard structure
2. Must reconcile to Financial Performance ('Revenue and Expenditure by Standard Classification' and 'Revenue and Expenditure')
3. Assign share in 'associate' to relevant Vote

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		Current Yea	ır 2015/16		2016/17 Medi Expendi	ium Term Re ture Framev	vork
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Revenue By Source											
Property rates Property rates - penalties & collection charges	2	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - water revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - refuse revenue Service charges - other Rental of facilities and equipment	2	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_
Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - outstanding debtors Dividends received Fines Licences and permits Agency services		2,519	2,473	2,544	2,545	1,945	1,945	1,945	1,264	1,783	1,883
Transfers recognised - operational		83,402	86,207	98,065	102,591	104,349	104,349	104,349	102,401	105,335	112,896
Other revenue	2	42	248	27,968	3,708	9,833	9,833	9,833	3,451	3,436	3,430
Gains on disposal of PPE		05.000	00.000						407.440		
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)		85,963	88,928	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Expenditure By Type	_										
Employee related costs	2	35,344	40,951	46,668	47,627	47,627	47,627	47,627	53,175	56,283	59,433
Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment	3	7,092 –	9,044 48	8,441	9,080	9,625	9,625	9,625	9,252	9,853	10,395
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	1,202	1,332	1,751	523	3,117	3,117	3,117	3,272	3,436	3,430
Finance charges		249	42	70	75	75	75	75	75	80	84
Bulk purchases	2	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other materials	8	925	1,490	1,480	900	700	700	700	1,625	982	1,040
Contracted services		949	2,209	1,848	1,000	750	750	750	400	425	450
Transfers and grants	_	24,888	19,368	-	-	4,621	4,621	4,621	-	-	_
Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE	4, 5	40,581	19,503	68,319	49,639	48,052	47,976	47,976	36,904	39,495	43,298
Total Expenditure		444.004	93,986	420 570	400.044	444 505	444.400	444 400	104,704	440 554	440 404
		111,231		128,578	108,844	114,565	114,490	114,490		110,554	118,131
Surplus/(Deficit)		(25,267)	(5,058)	(0)	(0)	1,562	1,637	1,637	2,412	0	78

	1					(1,562)	(1,637)	(1,637)	(2,412)	-	(78)
Contributions recognised - capital	6	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Contributed assets		(272)									
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions		(25,539)	(5,058)	(0)	-	-	-	-	0	0	(0)
Taxation											
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation Attributable to minorities		(25,539)	(5,058)	(0)	_	_	_	_	0	0	(0)
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		(25,539)	(5,058)	(0)	-	_	_	-	0	0	(0)
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	7										
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(25,539)	(5,058)	(0)	_	_	_	_	0	0	(0)

- 1. Classifications are revenue sources and expenditure type
- 2. Detail to be provided in Table SA1
- 3. Previously described as 'bad or doubtful debts' amounts shown should reflect the change in the provision for debt impairment
- 4. Expenditure type components previously shown under repairs and maintenance should be allocated back to the originating expenditure group/item; e.g. employee costs
- 5. Repairs & maintenance detailed in Table A9 and Table SA34c
- 6. Contributions are funds provided by external organisations to assist with infrastructure development; e.g. developer contributions (detail to be provided in Table SA1)
- 7. Equity method
- 8. All materials not part of 'bulk' e.g road making materials, pipe, cable etc.

check balance	60,803,189	202	6,358,920	-8	8	-8		-2,412,088	0	78,118
Total revenue	85,691	88,928	128,578	108,844	114,565	114,490	114,490	104,704	110,554	118,131

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A5 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding

tunding	1	ı	1								
Vote Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		Current Year	r 2015/16			7 Medium Terr penditure Fra	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre- audit outcome	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Capital expenditure - Vote Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Council		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 3 - Planning and Development Vote 4 - Community and Development		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 5 - [NAME OF VOTE 5]		_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 6 - [NAME OF VOTE 6]		_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 7 - [NAME OF VOTE 7]		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - [NAME OF VOTE 8]		_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15] Capital multi-year expenditure subtotal	7		-	_				_	_	_	
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Council		-	575	3,185	170	-	-	-	100	-	78
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		272	3,527	927	500	162	162	162	200	-	_
Vote 3 - Planning and Development Vote 4 - Community and		-	2,132	96	80	-	-	-	400	-	
Development		-	-	2,150	1,450	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,712	-	-
Vote 5 - [NAME OF VOTE 5]		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Vote 6 - [NAME OF VOTE 6]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 7 - [NAME OF VOTE 7]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 8 - [NAME OF VOTE 8]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

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Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	-	-	_		_	_		_
Capital single-year expenditure sub- total		272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	_		78
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	-		78
Capital Expenditure - Standard												
Governance and administration		272	4,102	4,113	670	162	162	162	300	-		78
Executive and council		-	575	3,185	170	-	-	-	100	-		78
Budget and treasury office		272	3,527	927	500	162	162	162	100	-		-
Corporate services									100	_		-
Community and public safety		_	-	2,150	1,450	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,712	-		_
Community and social services Sport and recreation Public safety Housing Health		-	-	2,150	1,450	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,712	_		-
Economic and environmental services		_	2,132	96	80	_	_	_	400	_		_
Planning and development Road transport Environmental protection		-	2,132	96	80	-	-	-	400	-		-
Trading services		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Electricity Water Waste water management Waste management Other												
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	3	272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	-		78
Funded by:												
National Government Provincial Government District Municipality Other transfers and grants		272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	-		78
Transfers recognised - capital	4	272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	_		78
Public contributions & donations Borrowing Internally generated funds	5 6				_,	-,	-,	,	, –			
Total Capital Funding	7	272	6,233	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	_		78

1. Municipalities may choose to appropriate for capital expenditure for three years or for one year (if one year appropriation projected expenditure required for yr2 and

- 2. Include capital component of PPP unitary payment. Note that capital transfers are only appropriated to municipalities for the budget year
- 3. Capital expenditure by standard classification must reconcile to the appropriations by vote
- 4. Must reconcile to supporting table SA20 and to Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) 5. Must reconcile to Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and

expenditure)

- 6. Include finance leases and PPP capital funding component of unitary payment total borrowing/repayments to reconcile to changes in
- 7. Total Capital Funding must balance with Total Capital Expenditure

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A5 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding

Vote Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		Current Y	ear 2015/16			edium Term Renditure Framev	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Capital expenditure - Municipal											
Vote Multi-year expenditure appropriation	2										
Vote 1 - Council		_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
1.1 - Speaker									-	-	-
1.2 - Chief Whip									-	-	-
1.3 - Mayco and Council									-	-	-
1.4 - Executive Mayor									-	-	-
1.5 - Municipal Manager									-	-	-
									-	-	-
									-	-	-
									-	-	-
									-	-	_
									-	-	-
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
2.1 - Finance									-	-	-
2.2 - Corporate Services									-	-	_
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Vote 3 - Planning and Development		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
3.1 - Governance and Strategy									-	-	-
3.2 - LED and Tourism									-	-	-
3.3 - Infrastructure									-	-	-
3.4 - Rural Development and Agriculture									-	-	-
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Vote 4 - Community and Development	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
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4.1 - Environmental Health								-	-	-
4.2 - Disaster Management								-	-	-
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Vote 5 - [NAME OF VOTE 5]	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	. _
5.1 - [Name of sub-vote]								_	_	. _
3.1 - [rvaine of Sub-vote]										-
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Vote 6 - [NAME OF VOTE 6]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
6.1 - [Name of sub-vote]								_	_	· -
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Vote 7 - [NAME OF VOTE 7]	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-

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7.1 - [Name of sub-vote]								-	-	-
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Vote 8 - [NAME OF VOTE 8]	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
8.1 - [Name of sub-vote]								-	-	_
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Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.1 - [Name of sub-vote]								-	-	_
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Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
10.1 - [Name of sub-vote]								-	_	-
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Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
11.1 - [Name of sub-vote]									_	_	_
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Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 - [Name of sub-vote]									_	_	_
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Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
13.1 - [Name of sub-vote]									_	_	
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WALL CHANGE OF MOTE 441											
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
14.1 - [Name of sub-vote]									-	-	-
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Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
15.1 - [Name of sub-vote]									-	-	-
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Capital multi-year expenditure											
sub-total		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital expenditure - Municipal											
Vote Single-year expenditure appropriation											
appropriation	2										
Vote 1 - Council		_	575	3,185	170	_	-	_	100	_	78
1.1 - Speaker				20	20	_	_	_	_	_	_
				10							
1.2 - Chief Whip				10	30	-	_	_	_	-	_
1.3 - Mayco and Council				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4 - Executive Mayor			308	50	20	-	-	_	_	-	-
1.5 - Municipal Manager			268	3,105	100	_	_	_	100	_	78
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Vote 2 - Finance and Administration	272	3,527	927	500	162	162	162	200	_	_
2.1 - Finance	272	107	170	350	60	60	60	100	-	_
2.2 - Corporate Services		3,420	757	150	102	102	102	100	-	-
Vote 3 - Planning and Development	_	2,132	96	80	_	_	-	400	_	
3.1 - Governance and Strategy			20	15	-	-	_	100	-	_
3.2 - LED and Tourism			31	50	-	-	-	100	-	-
3.3 - Infrastructure		2,132	30	10	-	-	-	100	-	-
3.4 - Rural Development and Agriculture			15	5	-	-	-	100	-	-
Vote 4 - Community and Development	_	1	2,150	1,450	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,712	-	_
4.1 - Environmental Health	-	-	150	50	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2 - Disaster Management	-	-	2,000	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,712	-	-
Vote 5 - [NAME OF VOTE 5]	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A6 Budgeted Financial Position

Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		Current Yea	r 2015/16			Medium Tern enditure Fra		&
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre- audit outcome	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget \ +2 2018	
ASSETS								-	2010/11	2011/10		
Current assets												
Cash		43,314	2,592	2,592	2,592	2,592	2,592	2,592	1,798	643		798
Call investment deposits	1	-	27,199	24,608	24,608	2,127	2,127	2,127	1,215	1,291	1,,	367
Consumer debtors	1	7	7	-	7	-	-	_	_	-		-
Other debtors Current portion of long-term receivables	2	1,962	6,172	1,143	6,172	1,961	1,961	1,961	5,140	3,402	3,	729
Inventory Total current assets		45,283	35,970	28,342	33,378	6,679	6,679	6,679	8,153	5,336		894
Total current assets		45,265	33,970	20,342	33,376	0,079	0,079	0,079	0,133	3,330	3,	094
Non current assets												
Long-term receivables Investments												
Investment property												
Investment in Associate												
Property, plant and equipment Agricultural	3	1,473	6,615	6,615	6,615	12,374	12,374	12,374	16,931	16,910	17,	138
Biological												
Intangible		493	249	400	249	2,939	2,939	2,939	3,291	3.495	3	677
Other non-current assets			2.0			2,000	2,000	2,000	0,20	0,.00	٥,	
Total non current assets		1,966	6,863	7,015	6,863	15,313	15,313	15,313	20,223	20,406	20,	816
TOTAL ASSETS		47,249	42,833	35,357	40,242	21,992	21,992	21,992	28,376	25,742	26,	710
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities	<u>-</u>											
Bank overdraft	1											
Borrowing	4	193	428	27,327	428	1,064	1,064	1,064	2,301	2,444	2,	588
Consumer deposits												
Trade and other payables	4	28,211	26,898	22,548	26,898	22,599	22,599	22,599	31,077	33,004	27,	877
Provisions						2,379	2,379	2,379	2,444	2,596	2,	749
Total current liabilities		28,404	27,327	49,875	27,327	26,043	26,043	26,043	35,822	38,043	33,	214
Non current liabilities												
Borrowing		-	979	979	979	1,554	1,554	1,554	5,031	2,588		-
Provisions		1,942	1,968	1,968	1,968	_	_	_	_	-		_
Total non current liabilities		1,942	2,947	2,947	2,947	1,554	1,554	1,554	5,031	2,588		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES		30,346	30,273	52,822	30,273	27,596	27,596	27,596	40,854	40,631	33,	214
NET ASSETS	5	16,903	12,560	(17,465)	9,968	(5,604)	(5,604)	(5,604)	(12,478)	(14,889)	(6,504)	
	<u> </u>	10,000	12,000	(11,400)	0,000	(0,004)	(0,007)	(0,004)	+.0)	(. 7,000)	(0,007)	

Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		16,903	9,968	16,903	9,968	(5,604)	(5,604)	(5,604)	(12,478)	(14,889)	(6,504)
Reserves	4	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
TOTAL COMMUNITY											
WEALTH/EQUITY	5	16,903	9,968	16,903	9,968	(5,604)	(5,604)	(5,604)	(12,478)	(14,889)	(6,504)

Unbalanced

Unbalanced

References

- 1. Detail to be provided in Table SA3
- 2. Include completed low cost housing to be transferred to beneficiaries within 12 months 3. Include 'Construction-work-in-progress' (disclosed separately in annual financial
- 4. Detail to be provided in Table SA3. Includes reserves to be funded by

5. Net assets must balance with Total Community Wealth/Equity

check balance

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DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A7 Budgeted Cash Flows

Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		Current Yea			lium Term Re liture Framev	ework 	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre- audit outcome	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Property rates, penalties & collection								outcome			
charges					-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Service charges					-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue		42	52	27,968	3,708	9,833	9,833	9,833	3,451	3,436	3,430
Government - operating	1	85,237	83,200	98,065	102,591	104,349	104,349	104,349	102,401	105,335	112,896
Government - capital	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest		2,519	2,473	2,544	2,545	1,945	1,945	1,945	1,264	1,783	1,883
Dividends Payments					-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Suppliers and employees		(60,042)	(49,733)	(122,149)	(106,569)	(114,490)	(114,490)	(114,490)	(104,629)	(110,475)	(118,047)
Finance charges		(283)	(42)	(70)	(75)	(75)	(75)	(75)	(75)	(80)	(84)
Transfers and Grants	1	(24,888)	(46,787)		-	-	-	-	-	-	_
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,584	(10,836)	6,359	2,200	1,562	1,562	1,562	2,412	-	78
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables Decrease (increase) in non-current investments Payments		186	20						- - -	- - -	- - -
Capital assets		(292)	(6,233)	(6,359)	(2,200)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(2,412)	_	(78)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(106)	(6,214)	(6,359)	(2,200)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(2,412)		(78)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts		(100)	(0,214)	(0,339)	(2,200)	(1,302)	(1,362)	(1,302)	(2,412)	_	_ (76) ·
Short term loans		(400)	(000)						-	-	-
Borrowing long term/refinancing Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		(108)	(236)	-					_	-	-
Payments											
Repayment of borrowing NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING		(591)	1,172	_					_	_	-
ACTIVITIES		(699)	936	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2	1,779	(16,115)	0	_	_	-	-	- -	-	-

Cash/cash equivalents at the year											
end:	2	1,779	(16,115)	0	_	_	-	_	-	_	ı
References 1. Local/District municipalities to include tra Municipalities 2. Cash equivalents includes investments v 3. The MTREF is populated directly from SA30.											
Total receipts		87,984	85,745	128,577	108,844	116,127	116,127	116,127	107,116	110,554	118,209
Total payments		(85,506)	(102,795)	(128,577)	(108,844)	(116,127)	(116,127)	(116,127)	(107,116)	(110,554)	(118,209)
		2,478	(17,050)	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings & investments & c.deposits		(108)	(236)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of borrowing		(591)	1,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		1,779	(16,115)	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A8 Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation

Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	С	urrent Year	2015/16			Medium Term Ro enditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcom e	Original Budget	Adjust ed Budge t	Full Year Fore cast	Pre- audit outco me	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
Cash and investments available Cash/cash equivalents at the year end Other current investments > 90	1	1,779	(16,115)	0	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
days		41,536	45,906	27,199	27,199	4,719	4,719	4,719	3,013	1,934	2,165
Non current assets - Investments	1	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Cash and investments available:		43,314	29,791	27,199	27,199	4,719	4,719	4,719	3,013	1,934	2,165
Application of cash and investments											
Unspent conditional transfers		2,901	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Unspent borrowing Statutory requirements	2	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other working capital requirements	3	23,341	25,608	21,405	20,719	20,638	20,63 8	20,638	25,937	29,602	24,148
Other provisions											
Long term investments committed Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	4 5	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Application of cash and investments:		26,242	25,608	21,405	20,719	20,638	20,63 8	20,638	25,937	29,602	24,148
Surplus(shortfall)		17,072	4,183	5,794	6,480	(15,92 0)	(15,9 20)	(15,92 0)	(22,924)	(27,668)	(21,983)

References

1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash

- 2. For example: VAT, taxation
 3. Council approval for policy required include sufficient working capital (e.g. allowing for a % of current debtors > 90 days as
- 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for borrowing
- 5. Council approval required for each reserve created and basis of cash backing of reserves

Other working capital requirements

Debtors	1,969	1,290	1,143	6,179	1,961	1,961	1,961	5,140	3,402	3,729
Creditors due	25,310	26,898	22,548	26,898	22,599	22,59 9	22,599	31,077	33,004	27,877
Total	(23,341)	(25,608)	(21,405)	(20,719)	(20,63 8)	(20,6 38)	(20,63 8)	(25,937)	(29,602)	(24,148)
<u>Debtors collection assumptions</u>										
Balance outstanding - debtors	1,969	6,179	1,143	6,179	1,961 100.0	1,961 100.0	1,961	5,140	3,402	3,729
Estimate of debtors collection rate	100.0%	20.9%	100.0%	100.0%	%	%	100.0 %	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Long term investments committed

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A9 Asset Management

Description	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Cı	urrent Year 20	15/16		Medium Term Re enditure Framev	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcom e	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE										
Total New Assets	1	292	6,233	6,187	2,200	1,562	1,562	2,412	-	78
Infrastructure - Road transport		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Water		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Sanitation		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Other		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Community		-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Heritage assets		-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Investment properties		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Other assets	6	292	6,233	6,187	2,200	1,562	1,562	2,412	-	78
Agricultural Assets		-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_
Biological assets		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Intangibles		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total December 55 Setting Access										
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Infrastructure - Road transport		_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Infrastructure - Water		_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Infrastructure - Sanitation		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Infrastructure - Other			-	_	-	_		_	_	
Infrastructure	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
Community	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Heritage assets	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other assets	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Agricultural Assets		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Biological assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangibles		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Total Capital Expenditure	4									
Infrastructure - Road transport		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Water		-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-

1	l	1	ı	1		I	1	j	1 !	l
Infrastructure - Sanitation	'	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Other		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Infrastructure		-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Community		_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Heritage assets	'	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Investment properties		_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Other assets	'	292	6,233	6,187	2,200	1,562	1,562	2,412	_	78
Agricultural Assets	'	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Biological assets		_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Intangibles				-	_	-	_	-	-	_
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE - Asset class	2	292	6,233	6,187	2,200	1,562	1,562	2,412	-	78
ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV) Infrastructure - Road transport Infrastructure - Electricity Infrastructure - Water Infrastructure - Sanitation Infrastructure - Other	5									
Infrastructure	'	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Community Heritage assets										
Investment properties		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other assets		1,473	6,615	1,679	898	12,552	12,552	2,512		
Agricultural Assets		-	_	-	_	-	-		_	_
Biological assets	'	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intangibles		493	249	400	249	2,939	2,939	3,291	3,495	3,677
TOTAL ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV)	5	1,966	6,863	2,079	1,146	15,491	15,491	5,803	3,495	3,677
,	<u> </u>	1,300	0,003	2,013	1,140	10,491	13,431	3,003	3,433	3,077
EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS										
Depreciation & asset impairment		1,202	1,332	1,751	523	3,117	3,117	3,272	3,436	3,430
Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Class	3	646	1,490	1,480	900	700	700	1,625	982	1,040
Infrastructure - Road transport	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Water	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Sanitation	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Other	'		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Infrastructure		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Community	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heritage assets	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	6, 7	646	1,490	1,480	900	700	700	1,625	982	1,040

TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS	1,849	2,822	3,231	1,423	3,817	3,817	4,897	4,418	4,471
Renewal of Existing Assets as % of total capex	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Renewal of Existing Assets as % of deprecn"	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
R&M as a % of PPE	43.9%	22.5%	22.4%	13.6%	5.7%	5.7%	9.6%	5.8%	6.1%
Renewal and R&M as a % of PPE	33.0%	22.0%	71.0%	79.0%	5.0%	5.0%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%

- 1. Detail of new assets provided in Table SA34a
- 2. Detail of renewal of existing assets provided in Table SA34b
- 3. Detail of Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Class provided in Table SA34c
- 4. Must reconcile to total capital expenditure on Budgeted Capital Expenditure
- 5. Must reconcile to 'Budgeted Financial Position' (written down value)
- 6. Donated/contributed and assets funded by finance leases to be allocated to the respective category
- 7. Including repairs and maintenance to agricultural, biological and intangible assets

			###########	########	177,612.		###########	###############	#######################################
Check balance to A6	_	_	##	####	00	177 612 00	##	##	##

DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Table A10 Basic service delivery measurement

	Ref	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Current Year 2015/16			2016/17 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework				
Description	Rei	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19		
Household service targets	1											
Water:												
Piped water inside dwelling		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_		
Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Using public tap (at least min.service level) Other water supply (at least min.service	2	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_		
level)	4	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_			
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Using public tap (< min.service level)	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Other water supply (< min.service level)	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
No water supply		_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_		
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_		
Total number of households	5	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_		
Sanitation/sewerage:												
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)		-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_		
Flush toilet (with septic tank)		-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_		
Chemical toilet		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_		
Pit toilet (ventilated)		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_		
Other toilet provisions (> min.service level)		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Bucket toilet		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Other toilet provisions (< min.service level)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
No toilet provisions		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total number of households	5	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-		
Energy:												
Electricity (at least min.service level)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Electricity - prepaid (min.service level)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Electricity (< min.service level)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Other energy sources		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total number of households	5	_	_	_		_						

Refuse:											
Removed at least once a week		_	_		_	_	_	_	_		_
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		_
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Removed less frequently than once a week		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Using communal refuse dump		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_		-
Using own refuse dump		-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_		-
Other rubbish disposal		-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-		-
No rubbish disposal		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_		-
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Households receiving Free Basic Service	7										
Water (6 kilolitres per household per month)		_ !	_	-	-	-	-	-	_		_ !
Sanitation (free minimum level service) Electricity/other energy (50kwh per		_ !	_	-	-	-	-	-	_		_
household per month)		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Refuse (removed at least once a week)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	 	
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Formal Settlements (R'000) Water (6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)	8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Sanitation (free sanitation service to indigent households)			_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Electricity/other energy (50kwh per indigent household per month)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Refuse (removed once a week for indigent households)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Informal Formal Settlements (R'000)		_	_		_	_	-				_
Total cost of FBS provided		_		_	_	_	-	_			
Highest level of free service provided per household											
Property rates (R value threshold) Water (kilolitres per household per month) Sanitation (kilolitres per household per month) Sanitation (Rand per household per month) Electricity (kwh per household per month)											
Refuse (average litres per week) Revenue cost of subsidised services											
provided (R'000) Property rates (tariff adjustment) (impermissable values per section 17 of MPRA)	9										
Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in excess of section 17 of MPRA) Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
indigent household per month) Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		-
service to indigent households) Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50		-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-		-
kwh per indigent household per month) Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent households)		-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		_

Municipal Housing - rental rebates Housing - top structure subsidies Other	6									
Total revenue cost of subsidised services										
provided		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-

- 1. Include services provided by another entity;
- e.g. Eskom
- 2. Stand distance <= 200m from dwelling
- 3. Stand distance > 200m from dwelling

- 4. Borehole, spring, rain-water tank etc.
 5. Must agree to total number of households in municipal area (informal settlements receiving services must be included)
 6. Include value of subsidy provided by municipality above provincial subsidy level
 7. Show number of households receiving at least these levels of services completely free (informal settlements must be included)

 9. Must reflect the sect to the municipality of
- 8. Must reflect the cost to the municipality of providing the Free Basic Service



DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana - Supporting Table SA11 Property rates

summary											
Description	Dof	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	Cı	ırrent Year 2015	/16	2016/17 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2016/17	Budget Year +1 2017/18	Budget Year +2 2018/19	
Valuation:	1										
Date of valuation:											
Financial year valuation used											
Municipal by-laws s6 in place? (Y/N)	2										
Municipal/assistant valuer appointed? (Y/N)											
Municipal partnership s38 used? (Y/N)											
No. of assistant valuers (FTE)	3										
No. of data collectors (FTE)	3										
No. of internal valuers (FTE)	3										
No. of external valuers (FTE)	3										
No. of additional valuers (FTE)	4										
Valuation appeal board established? (Y/N) Implementation time of new valuation roll (mths)											
No. of properties	5										
No. of sectional title values	5										
No. of unreasonably difficult properties s7(2)											
No. of supplementary valuations											
No. of valuation roll amendments											
No. of objections by rate payers											
No. of appeals by rate payers											
No. of successful objections	8										
No. of successful objections > 10%	8										
Supplementary valuation											
Public service infrastructure value (Rm)	5										
Municipality owned property value (Rm)											
Valuation reductions: Valuation reductions-public infrastructure											
(Rm) Valuation reductions-nature reserves/park (Rm)											
Valuation reductions-mineral rights (Rm) Valuation reductions-R15,000 threshold (Rm)											
Valuation reductions-public worship (Rm)											
Valuation reductions-other (Rm)										ı	
Total valuation reductions:		-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Total value used for rating (Rm)	5										
Total land value (Rm)	5										
Total value of improvements (Rm)	5										
Total market value (Rm)	5										
Rating:											
Residential rate used to determine rate for other categories? (Y/N)											
Differential rates used? (Y/N)	5										
Limit on annual rate increase (s20)? (Y/N)											
Special rating area used? (Y/N)											
Phasing-in properties s21 (number)											
Rates policy accompanying budget? (Y/N)											
Fixed amount minimum value (R'000)											
Non-residential prescribed ratio s19? (%)											

Rate revenue:										
Rate revenue budget (R '000)	6									
Rate revenue expected to collect (R'000)	6									
Expected cash collection rate (%)										
Special rating areas (R'000)	7									
Rebates, exemptions - indigent (R'000) Rebates, exemptions - pensioners (R'000) Rebates, exemptions - bona fide farm. (R'000) Rebates, exemptions - other (R'000) Phase-in reductions/discounts (R'000)										
Total rebates, exemptns, reductns, discs (R'000)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	_

- References
 1. All numbers to be expressed as whole numbers except FTEs and Rates in the Rand
- 2. To give effect to rates policy 3. Full Time Equivalent (FTE) should be expressed to one decimal place and takes into account full time and part time staff
- 4. Required to implement new system (FTE) 5. Provide relevant information for historical comparisons. Must reconcile to the total of Table SA12
- 6. Current and budget year must reconcile to Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)
- 7. Included in rate revenue budget
- 8. In favour of the rate-payer







